

焊缝识别卡 Joint Identification Card				文件编号/版本号 Doc. No./Rev.	W2-22-40/Rev.0
				页 数 Page	第 1 页 共 4 页 Page 1 of 4
工作令号 Job No.	22-006R	产品名称 Prod. Name	氨汽提塔回流罐 Ammonia Stripper Reflux Drum	图号/修改号 Drawing No./Rev. No.	A2202-R-0 /Rev.0
产品焊缝编号及分布位置示意图 Welds Location Sketch 				焊缝编号 Weld No.	接头数量 Joint Quantity
				A1~6	6
				B1~8	8
				C1~8	8
				D1~24	24
				E1~24	24
编制 Pre .By	日期 Date	审核 Rev .By	日期 Date	批准 App. By	日期 Date

样 表: 7-6

Exhibit

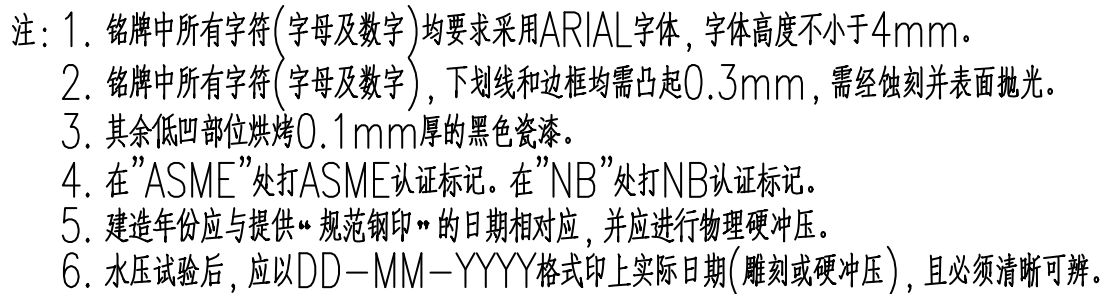
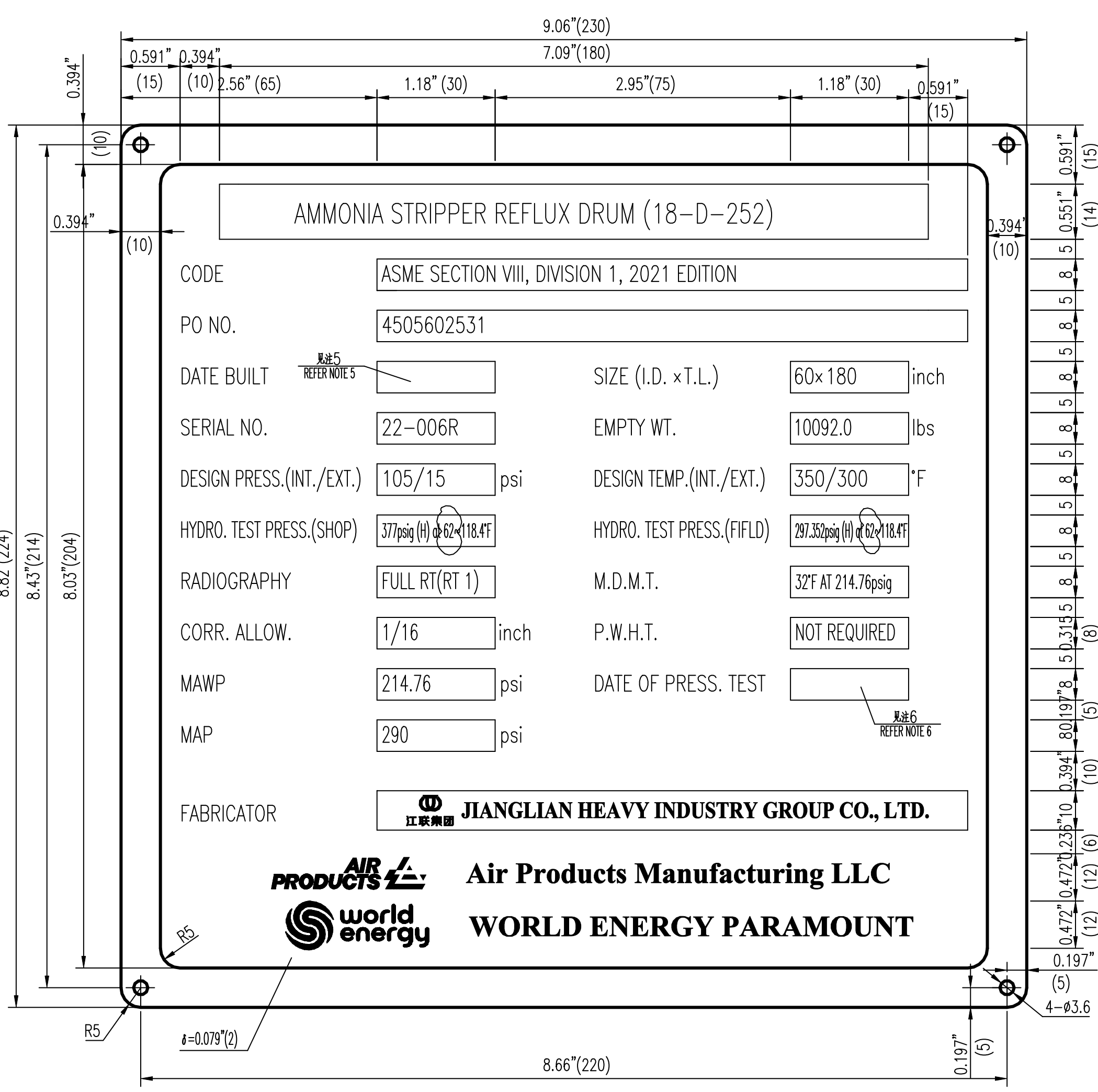
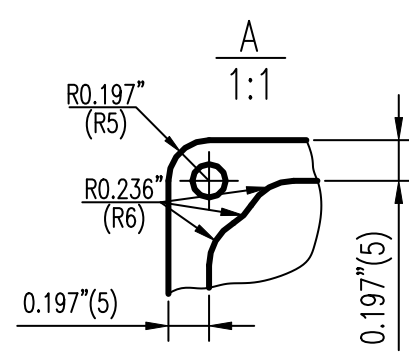
修改: 0

Rev.

焊 缝 识 别 卡 Joint Identification Card							文件编号/版本号 Doc. No./Rev.		W2-22-40/Rev.0		
							页 数 Page		第 2 页 共 4 页 Page 2 of 4		
工作令号 Job No.		22-006R		产品名称 Prod. Name		氨汽提塔回流罐 Ammonia Stripper Reflux Drum		图号/修改号 Drawing No./Rev. No.		A2202-R-0 /Rev.0	
焊缝编号 Joint No.	母材材料标准/牌 号 Mat'L Spec.Type or Grade	焊接工艺编号/更改号 WPS No./Rev. No.		接头类型 Joint type	接头厚度 Joint thickness (mm)	焊后热处理 要求 PWHT requirements	冲击要求 Impact requirements	焊接方法 Welding Process	焊工需具的 资格代号 WELDER'S QUAL.TYPE REQ	备注 Remarks	
A1~6, B1~5	SA-240(UNS S32750)	WPS-22-专 08-012Rev.2		筒体纵环缝及与封头环缝 Circ. and Long. weld of shell and circ. weld of shell to head. 人孔接管纵缝 Long. welds of manway nozzle.	8~10	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	GTAW	GTAW F		
C1、C6	SA-182-F53(U NS S32750 SA-240(UNS S32750)	WPS-22-专 08-011 Rev.2		人孔接管与法兰环缝 Circ. welds of manway nozzle and flange	8	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	SMAW	SMAW F		
B7~8 C7~8、	SA-182-F53(U NS S32750) SA-815(UNS S32760)	WPS-22-专 08-012 Rev.2		δ <10mm 接管与弯头、法兰环缝 Circ. welds of nozzle to elbow and flange δ <10mm	6~7.5	无 No	无 No	GTAW	GTAW H		
B6 C3~5	SA-182-F53(U NS S32750) SA-815(UNS S32760)	WPS-22-专 08-011 Rev.2 WPS-22-专 08-012 Rev.2		δ ≥10mm 接管与法兰环缝 Circ. weld of nozzle to flange δ ≥ 10mm	10~16	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	GTAW SMAW	GTAW H SMAW H	打底 Root Pass: GTAW 6mm 其余 Other:SMAW	
D1~24 E1、E8 E11、E13、 E17、E20 E23	SA-182-F53(U NS S32750 SA-240(UNS S32750)	WPS-22-专 08-012Rev.2 WPS-22-专 08-012 Rev.2		接管与筒体、封头及管帽角焊缝 Fillet welds of nozzle to shell, head and pipe cap.	6~16/ 8~16	无 No	部分有 -40℃ Part Yes	GTAW	GTAW H		
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焊缝编号 Joint No.	母材材料标准/牌号 Mat'L Spec.Type or Grade	焊接工艺编号/更改号 WPS No./Rev. No.	接头类型 Joint type	接头厚度 Joint thickness (mm)	焊后热处理 要求 PWHT requirements	冲击要求 Impact requirements	焊接方法 Welding Process	焊工需具的 资格代号 WELDER'S QUAL.TYPE REQ	备注 Remarks		
E2~7 E9~10 E12、E14-16 E18-19 E21-22、E24	SA-240(U NS S32750)	WPS-22-专 08-012 Rev.2	非受压件与受压件角焊缝 Fillet welds of non-pressure parts to pressure parts	/	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	GTAW	GTAW H			
		WPS-22-专 08-011 Rev.2	点焊 Tack welding	/	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	SMAW	SMAW H			
		WPS-22-专 08-011 Rev.2	临时焊缝 Temporary welds	/	无 No	有-40℃ Yes	SMAW	SMAW H	临时附件材料: SA-240(UNS S32750)The material fo temporary welding shall be SA-240(UNS S32750)		
补充要求: Supplementary requirements:											
1.层间温度不高于100℃。 1. The interpass temperature shall not be higher than 100℃.											
2.氩弧焊时，背面应充氩保护。 2. During argon arc welding, the back shall be filled with argon for protection.											
3.碳钢、低合金钢和有色金属材料上使用的砂轮不得用于不锈钢设备，清洁不锈钢时，只能使用不锈钢刷子和工具 3. Grinding wheels used on carbon steel, low alloy steel and non-ferrous metal materials shall not be used for stainless steel equipment. When cleaning stainless steel, only stainless steel brushes and tools can be used.											
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补充要求: Supplementary requirements:																	
4.厚度小于32mm时，每层焊道厚度须小于9.5mm。 4. For thickness less than 32 mm, each weld pass thickness shall be less than 9.5 mm.																	
5.焊条摆动幅度须小于 3 倍焊芯直径或 13 mm（1/2 in），以较小者为准。 5. Weaving of the electrode shall be limited to a maximum of 3 times core wire diameter or 13 mm (1/2 in), whichever is smaller.																	
6.背面清根不允许使用碳弧气刨。 6. Carbon arc air gouging is not permitted in back gouging.																	
编制 Pre. By			日期 Date			审核 Rev. By			日期 Date			批准 App. By			日期 Date		



NOTES: 1. ALL CHARACTERS IN THE NAMEPLATE SHALL BE ARIAL FONT AND BE NOT LESS THAN 4mm HIGH.
2. ALL CHARACTERS, UNDERLINES AND FRAME IN THE NAMEPLATE SHALL BE RAISED 0.3mm HIGH BY ETCHING AND THEIR SURFACES SHALL BE POLISHED BY BUFFING.
3. THE OTHER LOWER BACKGROUND PARTS SHALL BE PAINTED WITH 0.1mm THICKNESS BLACK ENAMEL.
4. THE "ASM" IS THE PLACE WHERE MARKING ASME CERTIFICATION MARK.
5. THE "NB" IS THE PLACE WHERE MARKING NB CERTIFICATION MARK.
6. YEAR OF BUILT SHALL BE CORRESPOND TO THE DATE OF APPLYING "CODE STAMP" AND SHALL BE HARD PUNCHED PHYSICALLY.
7. ACTUAL DATE SHALL BE PUNCHED (ENGRAVING OR HARD STAMPING) AFTER HYDROTEST IN DD-MM-YYYY FORMAT AND SHALL BE CLEARLY LEGIBLE.

 Air Products Manufacturing LLC			
 JIANGLIAN HEAVY INDUSTRY GROUP CO., LTD.			
铭牌 NAMEPLATE		DWG. NO. A2202-R-MP	
		JOB NO.	22-006R
		SERIAL NO.	
		WEIGHT (kg) 8.9	
组 合 件 ASSEMBLY PARTS		SCALE	
		SHT. NO. 1	TOTAL 1

PROJECT NAME	WORLD ENERGY RENEWABLES PROJECT CALUSA
PROJECT NUMBER OF FLOOR	A8KM
PROJECT NUMBER OF AP	EN-20-7122
CLIENT DOCUMENT NUMBER	
PO NO.	4505602531
TAG NO.	18-D-252
VDR CODE	BE04

Bill of Materials

PO Number : 4505602531

Project Number:EN-20-7122

Project Name:Energy Renewables Project, Paramount,

CaliforniaParamount, California

Tag Number: 18-D-252

By: Cao Se

Rev.0

BOM is Vendors Responsibility. Vendor to ensure that the all the materials, as per the requirements are included in the BOM.

26	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 2-CL300 LWN/RF FLANGE	2	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)	9.0	18.0	
25	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 2-CL300 LWN/RF FLANGE	3	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)	8.0	24.0	
24	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 2-CL300 LWN/RF FLANGE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		9.0	
23	A2202-R-9	吊耳 LIFTING LUG	4	组合件 ASSEMBLY PARTS	10	40	
22	A2202-R-8	补强圈 12" REINFORCING PAD	1	SA-240(UNS S32750)		15	
21		接管 NPS 12,δ=10 L=906 BOOT SHELL	1	SA-240(UNS S32750)		89	
20	ASME B16.9-2018	管帽 NPS 12-16(Min.12.7) PIPE CAP	1	SA-815(UNS S32760)		15.5	
19	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 2-CL300 LWN/RF FLANGE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		7.0	法兰高度Y=209mm FLANGE HEIGHT
18	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 3-CL300 WN/RF FLANGE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		8.2	B=57
17		接管 NPS 3,δ=16 L=196 PIPE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		4.4	
16	A2202-R-7	防涡流挡板 RAISED VORTEX BRAKER	1	组合件 ASSEMBLY PARTS		2.0	
15	A2202-R-6	鞍座 SADDLE	2	组合件 ASSEMBLY PARTS	130	260	
14	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 2-CL300 LWN/RF FLANGE	3	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)	8.0	24.0	法兰高度Y=230mm FLANGE HEIGHT
13	A2202-R-5	溢流堰 OVERFLOW WEIR	1	SA-240(UNS S32750)		150	
12	A2202-R-MP	铭牌 NAMEPLATE	1	组合件 ASSEMBLY PARTS		3.0	
11		接管 NPS 4,δ=16 L=145 PIPE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)	3.3	6.6	
10		外压加强圈 φ1545/φ1748 δ=8 STIFFENING RING	1	SA-240(UNS S32750)		33.4	
9		筒体 I.D. 1524x8 L=4521 CYLINDRICAL SHELL	1	SA-240(UNS S32750)		1380	
8	ASME B16.5-2017	法兰 NPS 4-CL300 WN/RF FLANGE	3	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)	12	36	B=82
7		接管 NPS 4,δ=16 L=196 PIPE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		4.4	
6	ASME B16.9-2018	无缝90°长半径弯头 NPS 4-16 SEAMLESS 90° LONG RADIUS ELBOW	1	SA-815(UNS S32760)		6.0	
5		半管 NPS 4,δ=16 HALF PIPE	1	SA-182-F53(UNS S32750)		7.0	
4	A2202-R-4	内部耐磨板 INTERNAL WEAR PLATE	1	HASTELLOY C-276		40	
3	A2202-R-3	支撑板 STAND-OFF CLIPS	6	SA-240(UNS S32750)	1.0	6.0	
2	A2202-R-2	2:1椭圆形封头 I.D. 1524x10(8.0) 2:1 ELLIPSOIDAL HEAD	2	SA-240(UNS S32750)	206	412	h=25mm
1	A2202-R-1	人孔 MANWAY	2	组合件 ASSEMBLY PARTS	500	1000	
件 号 SERIAL NO.	图号及标准号 DWG. NO. OR STD.	名 称 DESCRIPTION	数量 QTY.	材 料 MATERIAL	单 SINGLE 重量 WEIGHT	总 TOTAL (kg)	备 注 REMARK
1	2022.6.10	供审查 FOR APPROVAL		曹磊 Cao Se	魏志刚 Wei Zhigang		
0	2022.2.23	供审查 FOR APPROVAL		曹磊 Cao Se	魏志刚 Wei Zhigang		
版本号 REV. NO.	日 期 DATE	说 明 DESCRIPTION	设 计 DESIGNED	审 核 REVIEWED	批 准 APPROVED	授权检验师认可 ACCEPTED BY AI	

CRS-18-D-252 Calculations (REV.0)

AP 意见 AP comments	江联回复 Jianglian response
Distance from Saddle to Vessel tangent a1 or a 29.00 in Saddle Width b1 or b 8.00 in Saddle Bearing Angle delta or theta 120.00 degrees Wear Plate Width b2 or b1 13.00 in Wear Plate Bearing Angle delta2 or theta1 130.00 degrees Wear Plate Thickness e2 or tn 0.3150 in Wear Plate Allowable Stress fw or Sr 30650.00 psi Inside Depth of Head Hi or h2 15.06 in 150 deg as per SPEC-ENG-DOC001, and saddle shall be full base support.	因 18-D-252 为卧式设备，本身带有的与筒体焊接的鞍座就是其运输鞍座，鞍座包角为 120 度。 18-D-252 is a horizontal equipment with saddles that welded on the shell. This saddle is regarded as the transportation saddle for 18-D-252. So, we think the saddle bearing angle in the calculations shall be kept as 120 Degree.

TRANSPORT CALCULATION SHEET FOR AMMONIA STRIPPER REFLUX DRUM

1

(JOB NO.: 22-006R)

(DRAWING NO.: A2202-R-YS-0)

(DOCUMENT NO.: **D1-22-02-YS**/Rev.1)

Project Name	WORLD ENERGY RENEWABLES PROJECT, CA. USA
PROJECT NUMBER OF FLUOR	A8KM
PROJECT NUMBER OF AP	EN-20-7122
OPEN TEXT DOCUMENT NUMBER	
PO No.	4505602531
Tag No.	18-D-252
VDR CODE	BIO1

1	2023.10.11	FOR APPROVAL	Cao Se	Dai Xuefeng	
0	2023.8.19	FOR APPROVAL	Cao Se	Dai Xuefeng	
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	REVIEWED	APPROVED



JIANGLIAN HEAVY INDUSTRY GROUP CO., LTD.

PV Elite 25 SP1 Licensee: SL Licensed User

FileName : 18-D-252 - y-----

Saddle Calcs: Road Transport: Step: 18 4:44pm Oct 10,2023

PV Elite 25 SP1 Licensee: SL Licensed User

FileName : 18-D-252 - y-----

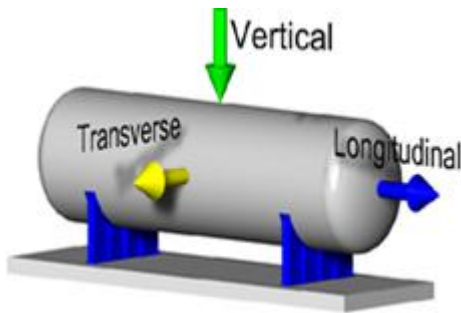
Saddle Calcs: Road Transport: Step: 18 4:44pm Oct 10,2023

ASME VIII Division 2 Horizontal Vessel Analysis, Left Saddle:

Horizontal Vessel Stress Calculations : Road Transport

Input and Calculated Values:

Vessel Mean Radius	Rm	30.16	in
Shell Thickness used in this Case	t	0.315	in
Stiffened Vessel Length per 4.15.6	L	159.81	in
Distance from Saddle to Vessel tangent	a1 or a	28.00	in
Saddle Width	b1 or b	8.00	in
Saddle Bearing Angle	delta or theta	120.00	degrees
Wear Plate Width	b2 or b1	13.00	in
Wear Plate Bearing Angle	delta2 or theta1	130.00	degrees
Wear Plate Thickness	e2 or tr	0.3150	in
Wear Plate Allowable Stress	fw or Sr	30650.00	psi
Inside or Mean Depth of Head	Hi or hm	15.20	in
Shell Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Head Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Circumferential Efficiency in Plane of Saddle		1.00	
Circumferential Efficiency at Mid-Span		1.00	
Distance from Saddle Base to Centerline	B	78.62	in
Coefficient of Friction	mu	0.40	



Saddle Force Q for this Transportation Case 14552.27 lbf

Shipping Longitudinal Acceleration	gx	1.50	g
Shipping Transverse Acceleration	gz	1.50	g
Shipping Vertical Acceleration	gy	2.00	g
Vertical Acceleration Acting with Transverse	gw	2.00	g
Internal Pressure during Transport		0.03	psig
Transportation Wind Load Scalar Factor	wlsf	1.00	
Transportation Wind Velocity	wv	88.0	mile/hr

Horizontal Vessel Analysis Results:	Actual	Allowable
	psi	psi

Long. Stress at Top of Midspan	-149.39	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan	149.39	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Midspan	152.65	30650.00
Long. Stress at Top of Saddles	854.10	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles	-470.87	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles	470.87	30650.00

Tangential Shear in Shell	1033.84	24520.00
Circ. Stress at Horn of Saddle	4368.11	45975.00
Circ. Compressive Stress in Shell	137.11	30650.00

Intermediate Results: Saddle Reaction Q due to Road Transport Load:

Transverse Force due to Wind during Transport [Ft_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Transverse Area} * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf \\
 &= 107.64 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 \\
 &= 2133.9 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Wind during Transport [Fl_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \pi * D^2/4 * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf * \text{Wind Dia. Mult} \\
 &= \pi * 5.3025^2/4 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 * 1.2 \\
 &= 525.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Transverse Force due to Lateral Acceleration [Ft]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= gz * \text{saddle Load} * gw + Ft_w \\
 &= 1.5 * 4038.1 * 2 + 2133.9 \\
 &= 14248.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Axial Acceleration [Fl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= gx * \text{saddle Load} * gw + Fl_w \\
 &= 1.5 * 4038.1 * 2 + 525.34 \\
 &= 12639.7 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Lateral Acceleration [Fwt]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Ft/\text{Num of Saddles} * B / E \\
 &= 14248/2 * 78.62/53 \\
 &= 10514.1 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Transport Load [Fwl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Fl * B / Ls \\
 &= 12640 * 78.62/120 \\
 &= 8239.0 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Vertical Transportation Acceleration [Fsl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} * gy \\
 &= 4038.1 * 2 \\
 &= 8076.248 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Load Combination Results due to Transport Loading [Q]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} + \max(Fwl, Fwt, Fsl) \\
 &= 4038.1 + \max(8239, 10514, 8076.2) \\
 &= 14552.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Loads at the Base of this Saddle:

Vertical Load (including saddle weight)	15295.17	lbf
Transverse Shear Load	10514.15	lbf
Longitudinal Shear Load	12639.71	lbf

Formulas and Substitutions for Horizontal Vessel Analysis:

Note: Wear Plate is Welded to the Shell, k = 0.1

Saddle Dimension [E]:
 = Baseplate Length
 = 53.000 in

The Computed K values from Table 4.15.1:

K1 = 0.1066	K2 = 1.1707	K3 = 0.8799	K4 = 0.4011
K5 = 0.7603	K6 = 0.0529	K7 = 0.0472	K8 = 0.3405
K9 = 0.2711	K10 = 0.0581	K1* = 0.1923	K6p = 0.0449
K7p = 0.0401			

The suffix 'p' denotes the values for a wear plate if it exists.

Note: Dimension a is greater than or equal to Rm/2.

Moment per Equation 4.15.1 [M1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -Q \cdot a \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{a}{L} + \frac{(R_m^2 - h_m^2)}{(2a \cdot L)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_m^2)}{3L} \right) \right] \\
 &= -14552 \cdot 28 \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{28}{159.81} + \frac{(30.158^2 - 15.199^2)}{(2 \cdot 28 \cdot 159.81)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 \cdot 15.199)}{(3 \cdot 159.81)} \right) \right] \\
 &= -81796.8 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment per Equation 4.15.2 [M2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q \cdot L / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(R_m^2 - h_i^2)}{(L^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_i)}{3L} \right) - 4a/L \\
 &= 14552 \cdot 159.81 / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(30.158^2 - 15.199^2)}{(159.81^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 \cdot 15.199)}{(3 \cdot 159.81)} \right) - 4 \cdot 28 / 159.81 \\
 &= 135921.9 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell (4.15.4) [sigma1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P \cdot R_m / (2t) - M2 / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
 &= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) - 135922 / (\pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
 &= -149.39 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell (4.15.5) [sigma2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P \cdot R_m / (2t) + M2 / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
 &= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) + 135922 / (\pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
 &= 152.65 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell at Support (4.15.8) [sigma*3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P \cdot R_m / (2t) - M1 / (K1 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
 &= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) - 81797 / (0.1066 \cdot \pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
 &= 854.10 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell at Support (4.15.9) [sigma*4]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P \cdot R_m / (2t) + M1 / (K1 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
 &= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) + 81797 / (0.1923 \cdot \pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
 &= -470.87 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Shear Force in the Saddle (4.15.3) [T]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q(L - 2a) / (L + (4 \cdot h_m / 3)) \\
 &= 14552 (159.81 - 2 \cdot 28) / (159.81 + (4 \cdot 15.199 / 3)) \\
 &= 8389.1 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Shear Stress in the shell no rings, not stiffened (4.15.12) [tau2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= K2 \cdot T / (R_m \cdot t) \\
 &= 1.1707 \cdot 8389.1 / (30.158 \cdot 0.315) \\
 &= 1033.84 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Decay Length (4.15.20) [x1,x2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.78 \cdot \sqrt{R_m \cdot t} \\
 &= 0.78 \cdot \sqrt{30.158 \cdot 0.315} \\
 &= 2.404 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Effective reinforcing plate width (4.15.24) [B1]:

$$= \min(b + 1.56 * \sqrt{ R_m * t }, 2a)$$

$$= \min(8 + 1.56 * \sqrt{ 30.158 * 0.315 }, 2 * 28)$$

$$= 12.81 \text{ in}$$

Wear Plate/Shell Stress ratio (4.15.26) [eta]:

$$= 1.0000 \text{ Materials are the same, transport case}$$

Circumferential Stress at Saddle Base with Wear Plate (4.15.25) [sigma6,r]:

$$= -K5 * Q * k / (B1(t + eta * tr))$$

$$= -0.7603 * 14552 * 0.1 / (12.808 (0.315 + 1 * 0.315))$$

$$= -137.11 \text{ psi}$$

Circ. Comp. Stress at Horn of Saddle, L<8Rm (4.15.29) [sigma7,r*]:

$$= -Q / (4(t + eta * tr) b1) - 12 * K7 * Q * R_m / (L(t + eta * tr)^2)$$

$$= -14552 / (4(0.315 + 1 * 0.315) 12.808) -$$

$$12 * 0.04718 * 14552 * 30.158 / (159.81(0.315 + 1 * 0.315)^2)$$

$$= -4368.11 \text{ psi}$$

Results for Vessel Ribs, Web and Base:

Baseplate Length	Bplen	53.0000	in
Baseplate Thickness	Bpthk	0.3940	in
Baseplate Width	Bpwid	9.0000	in
Number of Ribs (inc. outside ribs)	Nribs	4	
Rib Thickness	Ribtk	0.3940	in
Web Thickness	Webtk	0.3940	in
Web Location	Webloc	Center	
Saddle Yield Stress	Sy	62700.0	psi
Height of Web at Center	Hw,c	42.0	in
Friction Coefficient	mu	0.400	

Moment of Inertia of Saddle - Transverse Direction (90 degrees to long axis)

Inertia of Shell [ShellInertia]:

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{ R * t } + \text{WearPlateWidth}) t^3) / 12$$

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{ 30 * 0.315 } + 13) 0.315^3) / 12$$

$$= 0.046 \text{ in**4}$$

Resolved Inertia for the Shell [I,shell]:

$$= \text{ShellInertia} + A_{\text{Shell}} (C1 - Y)^2$$

$$= 0.04635 + 5.6056 (19.585 - 0.1575)^2$$

$$= 2115.827 \text{ in**4}$$

	B	D	Y	A	AY	I + AD ²
	in	in	in	in ²	in ³	in**4
Shell	17.7956	0.3150	0.1575	5.6056	0.8829	2115.8267
Wearplate	13.0000	0.3150	0.4725	4.0950	1.9349	1495.9364
Web	0.3940	47.1960	24.2280	18.5952	450.5250	3852.4893
BasePlate	9.0000	0.3940	48.0230	3.5460	170.2895	2867.7014
Totals	...	...	...	31.8418	623.6323	10331.9541

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$= AY / A$$

$$= 623.63 / 31.842$$

$$= 19.585 \text{ in}$$

Angle [beta]:

$$= 180 - \text{Saddle Angle} / 2$$

$$= 180 - 120 / 2$$

$$= 120.0$$

Saddle Splitting Coefficient [K1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (1 + \cos(\beta) - 0.5\sin(\beta)^2) / (\pi - \beta + \sin(\beta)\cos(\beta)) \\
&= (1 + \cos(120^\circ) - 0.5\sin(120^\circ)^2) / (\pi - 2.0944 + \sin(120^\circ)\cos(120^\circ)) \\
&= 0.2035
\end{aligned}$$

Saddle Splitting Force [Fh]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= K_1 * Q \\
&= 0.2035 * 14552 \\
&= 2961.7024 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Tension Stress, } S_t &= (F_h / A_s) = 112.8860 \text{ psi} \\
\text{Allowed Stress, } S_a &= 0.6 * \text{Yield Str} = 37620.0000 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Saddle Splitting Dimension [d]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= B - R * \sin(\theta/2) / (\theta/2 \text{ in radians}) \\
&= 78.62 - 30 * \sin(120/2) / 1.0472 \\
&= 53.410 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Bending Moment, } M = F_h * d = 158185.1250 \text{ in-lb}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Bending Stress, } S_b &= (M * C_1 / I) = 299.8567 \text{ psi} \\
\text{Allowed Stress, } S_a &= 2/3 * \text{Yield Str} = 41800.0000 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Minimum Thickness of Baseplate per Moss:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sqrt{ 3(Q + \text{Saddle_Wt}) \text{BasePlateWidth} / (4 * \text{BasePlateLength} * \text{AllStress})) } \\
&= \sqrt{ 3(14552 + 742.9)9 / (4 * 53 * 41800) } \\
&= 0.216 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Calculation of Axial Load, Intermediate Values and Compressive Stress:

Web Length Dimension [Web Length]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2 * \cos(90^\circ - \text{Saddle Angle}/2) (\text{Inside Radius} + \text{Shell Thk} + \text{Wear Plate Thk}) \\
&= 2 * \cos(90^\circ - 120/2) (30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\
&= 53.053 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Distance between Ribs [e]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Web Length} / (N_{\text{ribs}} - 1) \\
&= 53.053 / (4 - 1) \\
&= 17.684 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Baseplate Pressure Area [Ap]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= e * B_{\text{pwid}} / 2 \\
&= 17.684 * 9 / 2 \\
&= 79.579 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

Bearing Pressure [Bp]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= Q / (\text{BasePlateLength} * \text{BasePlateWidth}) \\
&= 14552 / (53 * 9) \\
&= 30.508 \text{ lbf/in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

Axial Load [P]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= A_p * B_p \\
&= 79.579 * 30.508 \\
&= 2427.791 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Area of the Rib and Web [Ar]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Rib Area} + \text{Web Area} \\
&= 2.9968 + 3.4838 \\
&= 6.481 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

Compressive Stress [Sc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= P / A_r \\
&= 2427.8 / 6.4806 \\
&= 374.627 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Check of Outside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Outer Ribs - Longitudinal Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Rib+Web	0.3940	8.0000	...	3.1520	...	16.8107

Rib dimension [D]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Saddle Width} - \text{Web Thickness} \\ &= 8 - 0.394 \\ &= 7.606 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= AY / A \\ &= 0/6.4806 \\ &= 0.000 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\ &= 8/2 \\ &= 4.000 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}} \\ &= \sqrt{16.811/6.4806} \\ &= 1.611 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 1, [Lw]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 * \sin(\text{saddle bearing angle} / 2) * (\text{radius} + \text{shlthk} + \text{wpdthk}) \\ &= 2 * \sin(120/2) * (30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\ &= 53.053 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 2, [Bd]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Baseplate length} - \text{clearance} \\ &= 53 - 2 \\ &= 51.000 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 3, [Dd]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= (Lw - Bd) / 2 \\ &= (53.053 - 51) / 2 \\ &= 1.026 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{Rl^2 + Dd^2} \\ &= \sqrt{62.519^2 + 1.026^2} \\ &= 62.519 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Intermediate Term [Cc]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * \text{Elastic Modulus} / \text{Yield Stress}} \\ &= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * 29000000/62700} \\ &= 95.550 \end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= KL/r \\ &= 1 * 62.519/1.6106 \\ &= 38.818 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Moment [Rm]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= F1 / (2 * Bplen) * e * L / 2 \\ &= 12640 / (2 * 53) * 17.684 * 62.519/2 \\ &= 65917.773 \text{ in-lb} \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < C_c$ (38.818 < 95.55) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:
 $= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * C_c^2)) F_y / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * C_c) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * C_c^3))$
 $= (1 - (38.818)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 /$
 $(5/3 + 3 * (38.818) / (8 * 95.55) - (38.818^3) / (8 * 95.55^3))$
 $= 31771 \text{ psi}$

AISC Unity Check of Outside Ribs (must be <= 1)

$= S_c / S_{ca} + (R_m * C_1 / I) / S_{ba}$
 $= 374.63 / 31771 + (65918 * 4 / 16.811) / 41800$
 $= 0.387$

Check of Inside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Inner Ribs - Axial Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
Rib	0.3940	7.6060	0.0000	2.9968	0.0000	16.8087
Web	17.6842	0.3940	0.0000	6.9676	0.0000	0.0901
Totals	...	...	...	9.9644	...	16.8988

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$= AY / A$
 $= 0 / 9.9644$
 $= 0.000 \text{ in}$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$= \text{Saddle Width} / 2$
 $= 8 / 2$
 $= 4.000 \text{ in}$

Length of Inner Rib [L]:

$= \text{Saddle Height} - \sqrt{ (R_o + W_{pdthk})^2 - (Pitch/2)^2 } - B_{pthk}$
 $= 78.62 - \sqrt{ (30.63 + 0.315)^2 - (17.684/2)^2 } - 0.394$
 $= 48.500 \text{ in}$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$= \sqrt{ \text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area} }$
 $= \sqrt{ 16.899 / 9.9644 }$
 $= 1.302 \text{ in}$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$= KL / r$
 $= 1 * 48.5 / 1.3023$
 $= 37.242$

Unit Force [Force,u]:

$= F_1 / (2 * \text{Baseplate Length})$
 $= 12640 / (2 * 53)$
 $= 119.243 \text{ lbf/in}$

Moment at base of inner Rib [Mbase,c]:

$= \text{Unit Force} * e * L$
 $= 119.24 * 17.684 * 48.5$
 $= 102272.602 \text{ in-lb}$

Bending Stress due to Transverse Force and Weight Load [SigmaB,base,c]:

$= \text{Bending Moment} / \text{Section Modulus}$
 $= 102273 / 4.2247$
 $= 24208.262 \text{ psi}$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < C_c$ (37.242 < 95.55) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * C_c^2)) F_y / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * C_c) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * C_c^3))$

$$= (1 - (37.242)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 /$$

$$(5/3 + 3 * (37.242) / (8 * 95.55) - (37.242^3) / (8 * 95.55^3))$$

$$= 32091 \text{ psi}$$

AISC Unity Check of Inside Ribs (must be <= 1)

$$= S_c / S_{ca} + (M_{base,c} * C_1 / I) / S_{ba}$$

$$= 487.3 / 32091 + (102273 * 4 / 16.899) / 41800$$

$$= 0.594$$

ASME VIII Division 2 Horizontal Vessel Analysis, Right Saddle:

Input and Calculated Values:

Vessel Mean Radius	Rm	30.16	in
Shell Thickness used in this Case	t	0.315	in
Stiffened Vessel Length per 4.15.6	L	159.81	in
Distance from Saddle to Vessel tangent	a1 or a	29.00	in
Saddle Width	b1 or b	8.00	in
Saddle Bearing Angle	delta or theta	120.00	degrees
Wear Plate Width	b2 or b1	13.00	in
Wear Plate Bearing Angle	delta2 or theta1	130.00	degrees
Wear Plate Thickness	e2 or tr	0.3150	in
Wear Plate Allowable Stress	fw or Sr	30650.00	psi
Inside or Mean Depth of Head	Hi or hm	3.49	in
Shell Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Head Allowable Stress used in Calculation		29200.00	psi
Circumferential Efficiency in Plane of Saddle		1.00	
Circumferential Efficiency at Mid-Span		1.00	
Distance from Saddle Base to Centerline	B	78.62	in
Coefficient of Friction	mu	0.40	
Saddle Force Q for this Transportation Case		18658.14	lbf
Shipping Longitudinal Acceleration	gx	1.50	g
Shipping Transverse Acceleration	gz	1.50	g
Shipping Vertical Acceleration	gy	2.00	g
Vertical Acceleration Acting with Transverse	gw	2.00	g
Internal Pressure during Transport		0.03	psig
Transportation Wind Load Scalar Factor	wlsf	1.00	
Transportation Wind Velocity	wv	88.0	mile/hr

Horizontal Vessel Analysis Results:		Actual psi	Allowable psi
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan		-258.53	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan		258.53	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Midspan		261.79	30650.00
Long. Stress at Top of Saddles		625.17	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles		-343.98	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles		343.98	30650.00
Tangential Shear in Shell		1423.38	24520.00
Circ. Stress at Horn of Saddle		5880.40	45975.00
Circ. Compressive Stress in Shell		175.79	30650.00

Intermediate Results: Saddle Reaction Q due to Road Transport Load:

Transverse Force due to Wind during Transport [Ft_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Transverse Area} * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf \\
&= 107.64 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 \\
&= 2133.9 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Wind during Transport [F_{l_w}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \pi * D^2/4 * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf * \text{Wind Dia. Mult} \\
&= \pi * 5.3025^2/4 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 * 1.2 \\
&= 525.3 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Transverse Force due to Lateral Acceleration [F_t]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= g_z * \text{saddle Load} * g_w + F_{t_w} \\
&= 1.5 * 5315.7 * 2 + 2133.9 \\
&= 18081.0 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Axial Acceleration [F_l]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= g_x * \text{saddle Load} * g_w + F_{l_w} \\
&= 1.5 * 5315.7 * 2 + 525.34 \\
&= 16472.5 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Lateral Acceleration [F_{wt}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= F_t / \text{Num of Saddles} * B / E \\
&= 18081/2 * 78.62/53 \\
&= 13342.4 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Transport Load [F_{wl}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= F_l * B / L_s \\
&= 16472 * 78.62/120 \\
&= 10737.3 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Vertical Transportation Acceleration [F_{sl}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Saddle Load} * g_y \\
&= 5315.7 * 2 \\
&= 10631.418 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Load Combination Results due to Transport Loading [Q]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Saddle Load} + \max(F_{wl}, F_{wt}, F_{sl}) \\
&= 5315.7 + \max(10737, 13342, 10631) \\
&= 18658.1 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Summary of Loads at the Base of this Saddle:

Vertical Load (including saddle weight)	19401.04	lbf
Transverse Shear Load	13342.43	lbf
Longitudinal Shear Load	16472.46	lbf

Formulas and Substitutions for Horizontal Vessel Analysis:

Note: Wear Plate is Welded to the Shell, k = 0.1

Saddle Dimension [E]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Baseplate Length} \\
&= 53.000 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

The Computed K values from Table 4.15.1:

K1 = 0.1066	K2 = 1.1707	K3 = 0.8799	K4 = 0.4011
K5 = 0.7603	K6 = 0.0529	K7 = 0.0498	K8 = 0.3405
K9 = 0.2711	K10 = 0.0581	K1* = 0.1923	K6p = 0.0449
K7p = 0.0423			

The suffix 'p' denotes the values for a wear plate if it exists.

Note: Dimension a is greater than or equal to R_m/2.

Moment per Equation 4.15.1 [M1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -Q \cdot a \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{a}{L} + \frac{(R_m^2 - h_m^2)}{(2a \cdot L)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_m^2)}{3L} \right) \right] \\
&= -18658 \cdot 29 \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{29}{159.81} + \frac{(30.158^2 - 3.492^2)}{(2 \cdot 29 \cdot 159.81)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 \cdot 3.492^2)}{(3 \cdot 159.81)} \right) \right] \\
&= -59830.2 \text{ in-lb}
\end{aligned}$$

Moment per Equation 4.15.2 [M2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= Q \cdot L / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(R_m^2 - h_i^2)}{(L^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_i)}{3L} \right) - 4a/L \\
&= 18658 \cdot 159.81 / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(30.158^2 - 3.492^2)}{(159.81^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 \cdot 3.492)}{(3 \cdot 159.81)} \right) - 4 \cdot 29 / 159.81 \\
&= 234146.6 \text{ in-lb}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell (4.15.4) [sigma1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= P \cdot R_m / (2t) - M2 / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
&= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) - 234147 / (\pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
&= -258.53 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell (4.15.5) [sigma2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= P \cdot R_m / (2t) + M2 / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
&= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) + 234147 / (\pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
&= 261.79 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell at Support (4.15.8) [sigma*3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= P \cdot R_m / (2t) - M1 / (K1 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
&= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) - 59830 / (0.1066 \cdot \pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
&= 625.17 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell at Support (4.15.9) [sigma*4]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= P \cdot R_m / (2t) + M1 / (K1 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot t) \\
&= 0.034 \cdot 30.158 / (2 \cdot 0.315) + 59830 / (0.1923 \cdot \pi \cdot 30.158^2 \cdot 0.315) \\
&= -343.98 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Maximum Shear Force in the Saddle (4.15.3) [T]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= Q(L - 2a) / (L + (4 \cdot h_m / 3)) \\
&= 18658 \cdot (159.81 - 2 \cdot 29) / (159.81 + (4 \cdot 3.492 / 3)) \\
&= 11550.0 \text{ lbf}
\end{aligned}$$

Shear Stress in the shell no rings, not stiffened (4.15.12) [tau2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= K2 \cdot T / (\pi \cdot R_m \cdot t) \\
&= 1.1707 \cdot 11550 / (\pi \cdot 30.158 \cdot 0.315) \\
&= 1423.38 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Decay Length (4.15.20) [x1,x2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 0.78 \cdot \sqrt{R_m \cdot t} \\
&= 0.78 \cdot \sqrt{30.158 \cdot 0.315} \\
&= 2.404 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Effective reinforcing plate width (4.15.24) [B1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \min(b + 1.56 \cdot \sqrt{R_m \cdot t}, 2a) \\
&= \min(8 + 1.56 \cdot \sqrt{30.158 \cdot 0.315}, 2 \cdot 29) \\
&= 12.81 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Wear Plate/Shell Stress ratio (4.15.26) [eta]:

$$= 1.0000 \text{ Materials are the same, transport case}$$

Circumferential Stress at Saddle Base with Wear Plate (4.15.25) [sigma6,r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -K5 \cdot Q \cdot k / (B1(t + \eta \cdot t_r)) \\
&= -0.7603 \cdot 18658 \cdot 0.1 / (12.808(0.315 + 1 \cdot 0.315)) \\
&= -175.79 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

Circ. Comp. Stress at Horn of Saddle, L < 8Rm (4.15.29) [sigma7,r*]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -Q / (4(t + \eta \cdot t_r) b1) - 12 \cdot K7 \cdot Q \cdot R_m / (L(t + \eta \cdot t_r)^2) \\
&= -18658 / (4(0.315 + 1 \cdot 0.315) 12.808) -
\end{aligned}$$

$$12 * 0.04981 * 18658 * 30.158 / (159.81(0.315 + 1 * 0.315)^2)$$

$$= -5880.40 \text{ psi}$$

Results for Vessel Ribs, Web and Base:

Baseplate Length	Bplen	53.0000	in
Baseplate Thickness	Bpthk	0.3940	in
Baseplate Width	Bpwid	9.0000	in
Number of Ribs (inc. outside ribs)	Nribs	4	
Rib Thickness	Ribtk	0.3940	in
Web Thickness	Webtk	0.3940	in
Web Location	Webloc	Center	
Saddle Yield Stress	Sy	62700.0	psi
Height of Web at Center	Hw,c	42.0	in
Friction Coefficient	mu	0.400	

Moment of Inertia of Saddle - Transverse Direction (90 degrees to long axis)

Inertia of Shell [ShellInertia]:

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{R * t}) + \text{WearPlateWidth}) t^3 / 12$$

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{30 * 0.315}) + 13) 0.315^3 / 12$$

$$= 0.046 \text{ in}^4$$

Resolved Inertia for the Shell [I,shell]:

$$= \text{ShellInertia} + A_{\text{Shell}} (C1 - Y)^2$$

$$= 0.04635 + 5.6056 (19.585 - 0.1575)^2$$

$$= 2115.827 \text{ in}^4$$

	B in	D in	Y in	A in ²	AY in ³	I + AD ² in ⁴
Shell	17.7956	0.3150	0.1575	5.6056	0.8829	2115.8267
Wearplate	13.0000	0.3150	0.4725	4.0950	1.9349	1495.9364
Web	0.3940	47.1960	24.2280	18.5952	450.5250	3852.4893
BasePlate	9.0000	0.3940	48.0230	3.5460	170.2895	2867.7014
Totals	...	...	...	31.8418	623.6323	10331.9541

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$= AY / A$$

$$= 623.63 / 31.842$$

$$= 19.585 \text{ in}$$

Angle [beta]:

$$= 180 - \text{Saddle Angle} / 2$$

$$= 180 - 120 / 2$$

$$= 120.0$$

Saddle Splitting Coefficient [K1]:

$$= (1 + \cos(\beta) - 0.5 \sin(\beta)^2) / (\pi - \beta + \sin(\beta) \cos(\beta))$$

$$= (1 + \cos(120) - 0.5 \sin(120)^2) / (\pi - 2.0944 + \sin(120) \cos(120))$$

$$= 0.2035$$

Saddle Splitting Force [Fh]:

$$= K1 * Q$$

$$= 0.2035 * 18658$$

$$= 3797.3357 \text{ lbf}$$

$$\text{Tension Stress, } St = (Fh / As) = 144.7364 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowed Stress, } Sa = 0.6 * \text{Yield Str} = 37620.0000 \text{ psi}$$

Saddle Splitting Dimension [d]:

$$= B - R * \sin(\theta/2) / (\theta/2 \text{ in radians})$$

$$= 78.62 - 30 * \sin(120/2) / 1.0472$$

$$= 53.410 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Bending Moment, } M = F_h * d = 202816.4688 \text{ in-lb}$$

$$\text{Bending Stress, } S_b = (M * C_1 / I) = 384.4602 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowed Stress, } S_a = 2/3 * \text{Yield Str} = 41800.0000 \text{ psi}$$

Minimum Thickness of Baseplate per Moss:

$$= \sqrt{3(Q + \text{Saddle_Wt}) \text{BasePlateWidth} / (4 * \text{BasePlateLength} * \text{AllStress})}$$

$$= \sqrt{3(18658 + 742.9)9 / (4 * 53 * 41800)}$$

$$= 0.243 \text{ in}$$

Calculation of Axial Load, Intermediate Values and Compressive Stress:

Web Length Dimension [Web Length]:

$$= 2 * \cos(90 - \text{Saddle Angle}/2)(\text{Inside Radius} + \text{Shell Thk} + \text{Wear Plate Thk})$$

$$= 2 * \cos(90 - 120/2)(30 + 0.315 + 0.315)$$

$$= 53.053 \text{ in}$$

Distance between Ribs [e]:

$$= \text{Web Length} / (\text{Nr ribs} - 1)$$

$$= 53.053 / (4 - 1)$$

$$= 17.684 \text{ in}$$

Baseplate Pressure Area [Ap]:

$$= e * \text{Bpwid} / 2$$

$$= 17.684 * 9/2$$

$$= 79.579 \text{ in}^2$$

Bearing Pressure [Bp]:

$$= Q / (\text{BasePlateLength} * \text{BasePlateWidth})$$

$$= 18658 / (53 * 9)$$

$$= 39.116 \text{ lbf/in}^2$$

Axial Load [P]:

$$= A_p * B_p$$

$$= 79.579 * 39.116$$

$$= 3112.782 \text{ lbf}$$

Area of the Rib and Web [Ar]:

$$= \text{Rib Area} + \text{Web Area}$$

$$= 2.9968 + 3.4838$$

$$= 6.481 \text{ in}^2$$

Compressive Stress [Sc]:

$$= P / A_r$$

$$= 3112.8 / 6.4806$$

$$= 480.326 \text{ psi}$$

Check of Outside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Outer Ribs - Longitudinal Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Rib+Web	0.3940	8.0000	...	3.1520	...	16.8107

Rib dimension [D]:

$$= \text{Saddle Width} - \text{Web Thickness}$$

$$= 8 - 0.394$$

$$= 7.606 \text{ in}$$

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= AY / A \\
&= 0/6.4806 \\
&= 0.000 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\
&= 8/2 \\
&= 4.000 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}} \\
&= \sqrt{16.811/6.4806} \\
&= 1.611 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 1, [Lw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2 * \sin(\text{saddle bearing angle} / 2) * (\text{radius} + \text{shlthk} + \text{wpdthk}) \\
&= 2 * \sin(120/2) * (30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\
&= 53.053 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 2, [Bd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{Baseplate length} - \text{clearance} \\
&= 53 - 2 \\
&= 51.000 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 3, [Dd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (Lw - Bd) / 2 \\
&= (53.053 - 51) / 2 \\
&= 1.026 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sqrt{R1^2 + Dd^2} \\
&= \sqrt{62.519^2 + 1.026^2} \\
&= 62.519 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

Intermediate Term [Cc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * \text{Elastic Modulus} / \text{Yield Stress}} \\
&= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * 29000000 / 62700} \\
&= 95.550
\end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= KL/r \\
&= 1 * 62.519 / 1.6106 \\
&= 38.818
\end{aligned}$$

Bending Moment [Rm]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= F1 / (2 * Bplen) * e * L / 2 \\
&= 16472 / (2 * 53) * 17.684 * 62.519 / 2 \\
&= 85906.102 \text{ in-lb}
\end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < Cc$ ($38.818 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * Cc^2)) Fy / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * Cc) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * Cc^3)) \\
&= (1 - (38.818)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 / \\
&\quad (5/3 + 3 * (38.818) / (8 * 95.55) - (38.818^3) / (8 * 95.55^3)) \\
&= 31771 \text{ psi}
\end{aligned}$$

AISC Unity Check of Outside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
&= Sc/Sca + (Rm * C1 / I) / Sba \\
&= 480.33/31771 + (85906 * 4/16.811) / 41800 \\
&= 0.504
\end{aligned}$$

Check of Inside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Inner Ribs - Axial Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
Rib	0.3940	7.6060	0.0000	2.9968	0.0000	16.8087
Web	17.6842	0.3940	0.0000	6.9676	0.0000	0.0901
Totals	...	...	...	9.9644	...	16.8988

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= AY / A \\
 &= 0/9.9644 \\
 &= 0.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\
 &= 8/2 \\
 &= 4.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Inner Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Height} - \sqrt{(\text{Ro} + \text{Wpdthk})^2 - (\text{Pitch}/2)^2} - \text{Bpthk} \\
 &= 78.62 - \sqrt{(30.63 + 0.315)^2 - (17.684/2)^2} - 0.394 \\
 &= 48.500 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}} \\
 &= \sqrt{16.899/9.9644} \\
 &= 1.302 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= KL/r \\
 &= 1 * 48.5/1.3023 \\
 &= 37.242
 \end{aligned}$$

Unit Force [Force,u]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F1 / (2 * \text{Baseplate Length}) \\
 &= 16472/(2 * 53) \\
 &= 155.401 \text{ lbf/in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment at base of inner Rib [Mbase,c]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Unit Force} * e * L \\
 &= 155.4 * 17.684 * 48.5 \\
 &= 133284.859 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Stress due to Transverse Force and Weight Load [SigmaB,base,c]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bending Moment} / \text{Section Modulus} \\
 &= 133285/4.2247 \\
 &= 31548.963 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < Cc$ ($37.242 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * Cc^2)) Fy / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * Cc) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * Cc^3)) \\
 &= (1 - (37.242)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 / \\
 &\quad (5/3 + 3 * (37.242) / (8 * 95.55) - (37.242^3) / (8 * 95.55^3)) \\
 &= 32091 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

AISC Unity Check of Inside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Sc/Sca + (Mbase,c * C1/I) / Sba \\
 &= 624.78/32091 + (133285 * 4/16.899) / 41800 \\
 &= 0.774
 \end{aligned}$$

Review notes about nozzle loadings and supports in the Warnings report.

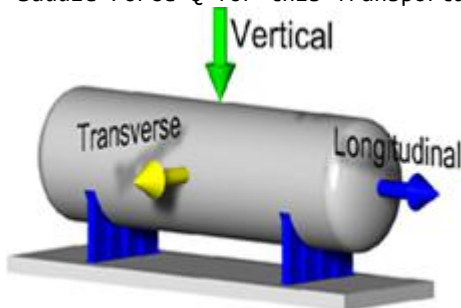
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ASME VIII Division 2 Horizontal Vessel Analysis, Left Saddle:

Horizontal Vessel Stress Calculations : Ocean Transport

Input and Calculated Values:

Vessel Mean Radius	Rm	30.16	in
Shell Thickness used in this Case	t	0.315	in
Stiffened Vessel Length per 4.15.6	L	159.81	in
Distance from Saddle to Vessel tangent	a1 or a	28.00	in
Saddle Width	b1 or b	8.00	in
Saddle Bearing Angle	delta or theta	120.00	degrees
Wear Plate Width	b2 or b1	13.00	in
Wear Plate Bearing Angle	delta2 or theta1	130.00	degrees
Wear Plate Thickness	e2 or tr	0.3150	in
Wear Plate Allowable Stress	fw or Sr	30650.00	psi
Inside or Mean Depth of Head	Hi or hm	15.20	in
Shell Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Head Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Circumferential Efficiency in Plane of Saddle		1.00	
Circumferential Efficiency at Mid-Span		1.00	
Distance from Saddle Base to Centerline	B	78.62	in
Coefficient of Friction	mu	0.40	
Saddle Force Q for this Transportation Case		14552.27	lbf



Shipping Longitudinal Acceleration		gx	1.50	g
Shipping Transverse Acceleration	gz	1.50	g	
Shipping Vertical Acceleration	gy	2.00	g	
Vertical Acceleration Acting with Transverse	gw	2.00	g	
Internal Pressure during Transport		0.03	psig	
Transportation Wind Load Scalar Factor	wlsf	1.00		
Transportation Wind Velocity	wv	88.0	mile/hr	

Horizontal Vessel Analysis Results:		Actual psi	Allowable psi
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan		-149.39	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan		149.39	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Midspan		152.65	30650.00
Long. Stress at Top of Saddles		854.10	30650.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles		-470.87	-72000.00
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles		470.87	30650.00
Tangential Shear in Shell		1033.84	24520.00
Circ. Stress at Horn of Saddle		4368.11	45975.00

Circ. Compressive Stress in Shell 137.11 | 30650.00 |

Intermediate Results: Saddle Reaction Q due to Ocean Transport Load:

Transverse Force due to Wind during Transport [Ft_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Transverse Area} * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf \\
 &= 107.64 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 \\
 &= 2133.9 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Wind during Transport [Fl_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \pi * D^2/4 * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf * \text{Wind Dia. Mult} \\
 &= \pi * 5.3025^2/4 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 * 1.2 \\
 &= 525.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Transverse Force due to Lateral Acceleration [Ft]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= gz * \text{saddle Load} * gw + Ft_w \\
 &= 1.5 * 4038.1 * 2 + 2133.9 \\
 &= 14248.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Axial Acceleration [Fl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= gx * \text{saddle Load} * gw + Fl_w \\
 &= 1.5 * 4038.1 * 2 + 525.34 \\
 &= 12639.7 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Lateral Acceleration [Fwt]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Ft/\text{Num of Saddles} * B / E \\
 &= 14248/2 * 78.62/53 \\
 &= 10514.1 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Transport Load [Fwl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Fl * B / Ls \\
 &= 12640 * 78.62/120 \\
 &= 8239.0 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Vertical Transportation Acceleration [Fsl]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} * gy \\
 &= 4038.1 * 2 \\
 &= 8076.248 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Load Combination Results due to Transport Loading [Q]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} + \max(Fwl, Fwt, Fsl) \\
 &= 4038.1 + \max(8239, 10514, 8076.2) \\
 &= 14552.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Loads at the Base of this Saddle:

Vertical Load (including saddle weight)	15295.17	lbf
Transverse Shear Load	10514.15	lbf
Longitudinal Shear Load	12639.71	lbf

Formulas and Substitutions for Horizontal Vessel Analysis:

Note: Wear Plate is Welded to the Shell, $k = 0.1$

Saddle Dimension [E]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Baseplate Length} \\
 &= 53.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

The Computed K values from Table 4.15.1:

K1 = 0.1066	K2 = 1.1707	K3 = 0.8799	K4 = 0.4011
K5 = 0.7603	K6 = 0.0529	K7 = 0.0472	K8 = 0.3405
K9 = 0.2711	K10 = 0.0581	K1* = 0.1923	K6p = 0.0449
K7p = 0.0401			

The suffix 'p' denotes the values for a wear plate if it exists.

Note: Dimension a is greater than or equal to $R_m/2$.

Moment per Equation 4.15.1 [M1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -Q * a \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{a}{L} + \frac{(R_m^2 - h_m^2)}{(2a * L)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_m^2)}{3L} \right) \right] \\
 &= -14552 * 28 \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{28}{159.81} + \frac{(30.158^2 - 15.199^2)}{(2 * 28 * 159.81)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 * 15.199^2)}{3 * 159.81} \right) \right] \\
 &= -81796.8 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment per Equation 4.15.2 [M2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q * L / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(R_m^2 - h_i^2)}{(L^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4h_i)}{3L} \right) - 4a/L \\
 &= 14552 * 159.81 / 4 \left(1 + 2 \frac{(30.158^2 - 15.199^2)}{(159.81^2)} \right) / \left(1 + \frac{(4 * 15.199)}{3 * 159.81} \right) - 4 * 28 / 159.81 \\
 &= 135921.9 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell (4.15.4) [sigma1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) - M2 / (\pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) - 135922 / (\pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= -149.39 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell (4.15.5) [sigma2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) + M2 / (\pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) + 135922 / (\pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= 152.65 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell at Support (4.15.8) [sigma*3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) - M1 / (K1 * \pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) - 81797 / (0.1066 * \pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= 854.10 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell at Support (4.15.9) [sigma*4]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) + M1 / (K1 * \pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) + 81797 / (0.1923 * \pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= -470.87 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Shear Force in the Saddle (4.15.3) [T]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q(L - 2a) / (L + (4 * h_m / 3)) \\
 &= 14552 (159.81 - 2 * 28) / (159.81 + (4 * 15.199 / 3)) \\
 &= 8389.1 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Shear Stress in the shell no rings, not stiffened (4.15.12) [tau2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= K2 * T / (R_m * t) \\
 &= 1.1707 * 8389.1 / (30.158 * 0.315) \\
 &= 1033.84 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Decay Length (4.15.20) [x1,x2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.78 * \sqrt{R_m * t} \\
 &= 0.78 * \sqrt{30.158 * 0.315} \\
 &= 2.404 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Effective reinforcing plate width (4.15.24) [B1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \min(b + 1.56 * \sqrt{R_m * t}, 2a) \\
 &= \min(8 + 1.56 * \sqrt{30.158 * 0.315}, 2 * 28) \\
 &= 12.81 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Wear Plate/Shell Stress ratio (4.15.26) [eta]:

$$= 1.0000 \text{ Materials are the same, transport case}$$

Circumferential Stress at Saddle Base with Wear Plate (4.15.25) [sigma6,r]:

$$= -K5 * Q * k / (B1(t + \eta * t_r))$$

$$= -0.7603 * 14552 * 0.1 / (12.808 (0.315 + 1 * 0.315))$$

$$= -137.11 \text{ psi}$$

Circ. Comp. Stress at Horn of Saddle, $L < 8R_m$ (4.15.29) [$\sigma_{7,r}$]:

$$= -Q / (4(t + \eta \cdot t_r) b_1) - 12 K_7 Q R_m / (L(t + \eta \cdot t_r)^2)$$

$$= -14552 / (4(0.315 + 1 * 0.315) 12.808) -$$

$$12 * 0.04718 * 14552 * 30.158 / (159.81(0.315 + 1 * 0.315)^2)$$

$$= -4368.11 \text{ psi}$$

Results for Vessel Ribs, Web and Base:

Baseplate Length	Bplen	53.0000	in
Baseplate Thickness	Bpthk	0.3940	in
Baseplate Width	Bpwid	9.0000	in
Number of Ribs (inc. outside ribs)	Nribs	4	
Rib Thickness	Ribtk	0.3940	in
Web Thickness	Webtk	0.3940	in
Web Location	Webloc	Center	
Saddle Yield Stress	Sy	62700.0	psi
Height of Web at Center	Hw,c	42.0	in
Friction Coefficient	mu	0.400	

Moment of Inertia of Saddle - Transverse Direction (90 degrees to long axis)

Inertia of Shell [ShellInertia]:

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{ R * t } + \text{WearPlateWidth}) t^3) / 12$$

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{ 30 * 0.315 } + 13) 0.315^3) / 12$$

$$= 0.046 \text{ in}^4$$

Resolved Inertia for the Shell [I,shell]:

$$= \text{ShellInertia} + A_{\text{Shell}} (C_1 - Y)^2$$

$$= 0.04635 + 5.6056 (19.585 - 0.1575)^2$$

$$= 2115.827 \text{ in}^4$$

	B in	D in	Y in	A in^2	AY in^3	I + AD^2 in^4
Shell	17.7956	0.3150	0.1575	5.6056	0.8829	2115.8267
Wearplate	13.0000	0.3150	0.4725	4.0950	1.9349	1495.9364
Web	0.3940	47.1960	24.2280	18.5952	450.5250	3852.4893
BasePlate	9.0000	0.3940	48.0230	3.5460	170.2895	2867.7014
Totals	...	...	...	31.8418	623.6323	10331.9541

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$= AY / A$$

$$= 623.63 / 31.842$$

$$= 19.585 \text{ in}$$

Angle [beta]:

$$= 180 - \text{Saddle Angle} / 2$$

$$= 180 - 120 / 2$$

$$= 120.0$$

Saddle Splitting Coefficient [K1]:

$$= (1 + \cos(\beta) - 0.5 \sin(\beta)^2) / (\pi - \beta + \sin(\beta) \cos(\beta))$$

$$= (1 + \cos(120) - 0.5 \sin(120)^2) / (\pi - 2.0944 + \sin(120) \cos(120))$$

$$= 0.2035$$

Saddle Splitting Force [Fh]:

$$= K_1 * Q$$

$$= 0.2035 * 14552$$

$$= 2961.7024 \text{ lbf}$$

$$\text{Tension Stress, } \sigma_t = (F_h / A_s) = 112.8860 \text{ psi}$$

Allowed Stress, $S_a = 0.6 * \text{Yield Str} = 37620.0000 \text{ psi}$

Saddle Splitting Dimension [d]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= B - R * \sin(\theta/2) / (\theta/2 \text{ in radians}) \\
 &= 78.62 - 30 * \sin(120/2) / 1.0472 \\
 &= 53.410 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Moment, $M = F_h * d = 158185.1250 \text{ in-lb}$

Bending Stress, $S_b = (M * C_1 / I) = 299.8567 \text{ psi}$

Allowed Stress, $S_a = 2/3 * \text{Yield Str} = 41800.0000 \text{ psi}$

Minimum Thickness of Baseplate per Moss:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{3(Q + \text{Saddle_Wt}) \text{BasePlateWidth} / (4 * \text{BasePlateLength} * \text{AllStress})} \\
 &= \sqrt{3(14552 + 742.9)9 / (4 * 53 * 41800)} \\
 &= 0.216 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calculation of Axial Load, Intermediate Values and Compressive Stress:

Web Length Dimension [Web Length]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 * \cos(90 - \text{Saddle Angle}/2) * (\text{Inside Radius} + \text{Shell Thk} + \text{Wear Plate Thk}) \\
 &= 2 * \cos(90 - 120/2) * (30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\
 &= 53.053 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distance between Ribs [e]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Web Length} / (\text{Nrings} - 1) \\
 &= 53.053 / (4 - 1) \\
 &= 17.684 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Baseplate Pressure Area [Ap]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= e * \text{Bpwid} / 2 \\
 &= 17.684 * 9 / 2 \\
 &= 79.579 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Bearing Pressure [Bp]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q / (\text{BasePlateLength} * \text{BasePlateWidth}) \\
 &= 14552 / (53 * 9) \\
 &= 30.508 \text{ lbf/in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Axial Load [P]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= A_p * B_p \\
 &= 79.579 * 30.508 \\
 &= 2427.791 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area of the Rib and Web [Ar]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Rib Area} + \text{Web Area} \\
 &= 2.9968 + 3.4838 \\
 &= 6.481 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Stress [Sc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P / A_r \\
 &= 2427.8 / 6.4806 \\
 &= 374.627 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Check of Outside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Outer Ribs - Longitudinal Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Rib+Web	0.3940	8.0000	...	3.1520	...	16.8107

Rib dimension [D]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Width} - \text{Web Thickness} \\
 &= 8 - 0.394 \\
 &= 7.606 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= AY / A \\
 &= 0/6.4806 \\
 &= 0.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\
 &= 8/2 \\
 &= 4.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}} \\
 &= \sqrt{16.811/6.4806} \\
 &= 1.611 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 1, [Lw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 * \sin(\text{saddle bearing angle} / 2) * (\text{radius} + \text{shlthk} + \text{wpdthk}) \\
 &= 2 * \sin(120/2) * (30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\
 &= 53.053 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 2, [Bd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Baseplate length} - \text{clearance} \\
 &= 53 - 2 \\
 &= 51.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 3, [Dd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Lw - Bd) / 2 \\
 &= (53.053 - 51) / 2 \\
 &= 1.026 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{R1^2 + Dd^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{62.519^2 + 1.026^2} \\
 &= 62.519 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Intermediate Term [Cc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * \text{Elastic Modulus} / \text{Yield Stress}} \\
 &= \sqrt{2 * \pi^2 * 29000000 / 62700} \\
 &= 95.550
 \end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= KL/r \\
 &= 1 * 62.519 / 1.6106 \\
 &= 38.818
 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Moment [Rm]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F1 / (2 * Bplen) * e * L / 2 \\
 &= 12640 / (2 * 53) * 17.684 * 62.519 / 2 \\
 &= 65917.773 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < Cc$ ($38.818 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * Cc^2)) Fy / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * Cc) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * Cc^3)) \\
 &= (1 - (38.818)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 / \\
 &\quad (5/3 + 3 * (38.818) / (8 * 95.55) - (38.818^3) / (8 * 95.55^3)) \\
 &= 31771 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

AISC Unity Check of Outside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Sc/Sca + (Rm * C1 / I) / Sba \\
 &= 374.63 / 31771 + (65918 * 4 / 16.811) / 41800
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0.387$$

Check of Inside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Inner Ribs - Axial Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
Rib	0.3940	7.6060	0.0000	2.9968	0.0000	16.8087
Web	17.6842	0.3940	0.0000	6.9676	0.0000	0.0901
Totals	...	...	...	9.9644	...	16.8988

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$= AY / A$$

$$= 0/9.9644$$

$$= 0.000 \text{ in}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$= \text{Saddle Width} / 2$$

$$= 8/2$$

$$= 4.000 \text{ in}$$

Length of Inner Rib [L]:

$$= \text{Saddle Height} - \sqrt{(\text{Ro} + \text{Wpdthk})^2 - (\text{Pitch}/2)^2} - \text{Bpthk}$$

$$= 78.62 - \sqrt{(30.63 + 0.315)^2 - (17.684/2)^2} - 0.394$$

$$= 48.500 \text{ in}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}}$$

$$= \sqrt{16.899/9.9644}$$

$$= 1.302 \text{ in}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$= KL/r$$

$$= 1 * 48.5/1.3023$$

$$= 37.242$$

Unit Force [Force,u]:

$$= F1 / (2 * \text{Baseplate Length})$$

$$= 12640 / (2 * 53)$$

$$= 119.243 \text{ lbf/in}$$

Moment at base of inner Rib [Mbase,c]:

$$= \text{Unit Force} * e * L$$

$$= 119.24 * 17.684 * 48.5$$

$$= 102272.602 \text{ in-lb}$$

Bending Stress due to Transverse Force and Weight Load [SigmaB,base,c]:

$$= \text{Bending Moment} / \text{Section Modulus}$$

$$= 102273/4.2247$$

$$= 24208.262 \text{ psi}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < C_c$ ($37.242 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * C_c^2)) F_y / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * C_c) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * C_c^3))$$

$$= (1 - (37.242)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 /$$

$$(5/3 + 3 * (37.242) / (8 * 95.55) - (37.242^3) / (8 * 95.55^3))$$

$$= 32091 \text{ psi}$$

AISC Unity Check of Inside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$= S_c / S_{ca} + (M_{base,c} * C1/I) / S_{ba}$$

$$= 487.3/32091 + (102273 * 4/16.899) / 41800$$

$$= 0.594$$

ASME VIII Division 2 Horizontal Vessel Analysis, Right Saddle:

Input and Calculated Values:

Vessel Mean Radius	Rm	30.16	in
Shell Thickness used in this Case	t	0.315	in
Stiffened Vessel Length per 4.15.6	L	159.81	in
Distance from Saddle to Vessel tangent	a1 or a	29.00	in
Saddle Width	b1 or b	8.00	in
Saddle Bearing Angle	delta or theta	120.00	degrees
Wear Plate Width	b2 or b1	13.00	in
Wear Plate Bearing Angle	delta2 or theta1	130.00	degrees
Wear Plate Thickness	e2 or tr	0.3150	in
Wear Plate Allowable Stress	fw or Sr	30650.00	psi
Inside or Mean Depth of Head	Hi or hm	3.49	in
Shell Allowable Stress used in Calculation		30650.00	psi
Head Allowable Stress used in Calculation		29200.00	psi
Circumferential Efficiency in Plane of Saddle		1.00	
Circumferential Efficiency at Mid-Span		1.00	
Distance from Saddle Base to Centerline	B	78.62	in
Coefficient of Friction	mu	0.40	
Saddle Force Q for this Transportation Case		18658.14	lbf
Shipping Longitudinal Acceleration	gx	1.50	g
Shipping Transverse Acceleration	gz	1.50	g
Shipping Vertical Acceleration	gy	2.00	g
Vertical Acceleration Acting with Transverse	gw	2.00	g
Internal Pressure during Transport		0.03	psig
Transportation Wind Load Scalar Factor	wlsf	1.00	
Transportation Wind Velocity	wv	88.0	mile/hr
Horizontal Vessel Analysis Results:	Actual psi	Allowable psi	

Long. Stress at Top of Midspan	-258.53	-72000.00	
Long. Stress at Top of Midspan	258.53	30650.00	
Long. Stress at Bottom of Midspan	261.79	30650.00	
Long. Stress at Top of Saddles	625.17	30650.00	
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles	-343.98	-72000.00	
Long. Stress at Bottom of Saddles	343.98	30650.00	

Tangential Shear in Shell	1423.38	24520.00	
Circ. Stress at Horn of Saddle	5880.40	45975.00	
Circ. Compressive Stress in Shell	175.79	30650.00	

Intermediate Results: Saddle Reaction Q due to Ocean Transport Load:

Transverse Force due to Wind during Transport [Ft_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Transverse Area} * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf \\
 &= 107.64 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 \\
 &= 2133.9 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Wind during Transport [Fl_w]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \pi * D^2/4 * 0.00256 * wv^2 * wlsf * \text{Wind Dia. Mult} \\
 &= \pi * 5.3025^2/4 * 0.00256 * 88^2 * 1 * 1.2 \\
 &= 525.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Transverse Force due to Lateral Acceleration [Ft]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= g_z * \text{saddle Load} * g_w + F_{t_w} \\
 &= 1.5 * 5315.7 * 2 + 2133.9 \\
 &= 18081.0 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Force due to Axial Acceleration [F_l]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= g_x * \text{saddle Load} * g_w + F_{l_w} \\
 &= 1.5 * 5315.7 * 2 + 525.34 \\
 &= 16472.5 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Lateral Acceleration [F_{wt}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F_t / \text{Num of Saddles} * B / E \\
 &= 18081/2 * 78.62/53 \\
 &= 13342.4 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Transport Load [F_{wl}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F_l * B / L_s \\
 &= 16472 * 78.62/120 \\
 &= 10737.3 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Saddle Reaction Force due to Vertical Transportation Acceleration [F_{sl}]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} * g_y \\
 &= 5315.7 * 2 \\
 &= 10631.418 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Load Combination Results due to Transport Loading [Q]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Load} + \max(F_{wl}, F_{wt}, F_{sl}) \\
 &= 5315.7 + \max(10737, 13342, 10631) \\
 &= 18658.1 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Loads at the Base of this Saddle:

Vertical Load (including saddle weight)	19401.04	lbf
Transverse Shear Load	13342.43	lbf
Longitudinal Shear Load	16472.46	lbf

Formulas and Substitutions for Horizontal Vessel Analysis:

Note: Wear Plate is Welded to the Shell, $k = 0.1$

Saddle Dimension [E]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Baseplate Length} \\
 &= 53.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

The Computed K values from Table 4.15.1:

K1 = 0.1066	K2 = 1.1707	K3 = 0.8799	K4 = 0.4011
K5 = 0.7603	K6 = 0.0529	K7 = 0.0498	K8 = 0.3405
K9 = 0.2711	K10 = 0.0581	K1* = 0.1923	K6p = 0.0449
K7p = 0.0423			

The suffix 'p' denotes the values for a wear plate if it exists.

Note: Dimension a is greater than or equal to $R_m/2$.

Moment per Equation 4.15.1 [M1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -Q * a [1 - (1 - a/L + (R_m^2 - h_m^2)/(2a * L))/(1 + (4h_m^2)/3L)] \\
 &= -18658 * 29 [1 - (1 - 29/159.81 + (30.158^2 - 3.492^2)/(2 * 29 * 159.81))/(1 + (4 * 3.492)/(3 * 159.81))] \\
 &= -59830.2 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment per Equation 4.15.2 [M2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q * L / 4 (1 + 2(R_m^2 - h_i^2)/(L^2))/(1 + (4h_i)/(3L)) - 4a/L \\
 &= 18658 * 159.81 / 4 (1 + 2(30.158^2 - 3.492^2)/(159.81^2))/(1 + (4 * 3.492)/(3 * 159.81)) - 4 * 29/159.81 \\
 &= 234146.6 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell (4.15.4) [σ_1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) - M_2 / (\pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) - 234147 / (\pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= -258.53 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell (4.15.5) [σ_2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) + M_2 / (\pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) + 234147 / (\pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= 261.79 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Top of Shell at Support (4.15.8) [σ_3]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) - M_1 / (K_1 * \pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) - 59830 / (0.1066 * \pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= 625.17 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitudinal Stress at Bottom of Shell at Support (4.15.9) [σ_4]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P * R_m / (2t) + M_1 / (K_1 * \pi * R_m^2 * t) \\
 &= 0.034 * 30.158 / (2 * 0.315) + 59830 / (0.1923 * \pi * 30.158^2 * 0.315) \\
 &= -343.98 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum Shear Force in the Saddle (4.15.3) [T]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Q(L - 2a) / (L + (4 * h_m / 3)) \\
 &= 18658 (159.81 - 2 * 29) / (159.81 + (4 * 3.492 / 3)) \\
 &= 11550.0 \text{ lbf}
 \end{aligned}$$

Shear Stress in the shell no rings, not stiffened (4.15.12) [τ]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= K_2 * T / (\pi * R_m * t) \\
 &= 1.1707 * 11550 / (\pi * 30.158 * 0.315) \\
 &= 1423.38 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Decay Length (4.15.20) [x_1, x_2]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0.78 * \sqrt{R_m * t} \\
 &= 0.78 * \sqrt{30.158 * 0.315} \\
 &= 2.404 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Effective reinforcing plate width (4.15.24) [B1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \min(b + 1.56 * \sqrt{R_m * t}, 2a) \\
 &= \min(8 + 1.56 * \sqrt{30.158 * 0.315}, 2 * 29) \\
 &= 12.81 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Wear Plate/Shell Stress ratio (4.15.26) [η]:

$$= 1.0000 \text{ Materials are the same, transport case}$$

Circumferential Stress at Saddle Base with Wear Plate (4.15.25) [σ_6, r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -K_5 * Q * k / (B_1(t + \eta * t_r)) \\
 &= -0.7603 * 18658 * 0.1 / (12.808 (0.315 + 1 * 0.315)) \\
 &= -175.79 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Circ. Comp. Stress at Horn of Saddle, $L < 8R_m$ (4.15.29) [σ_7, r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -Q / (4(t + \eta * t_r) b_1) - 12 * K_7 * Q * R_m / (L(t + \eta * t_r)^2) \\
 &= -18658 / (4(0.315 + 1 * 0.315) 12.808) - \\
 &\quad 12 * 0.04981 * 18658 * 30.158 / (159.81(0.315 + 1 * 0.315)^2) \\
 &= -5880.40 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results for Vessel Ribs, Web and Base:

Baseplate Length	Bplen	53.0000	in
Baseplate Thickness	Bpthk	0.3940	in
Baseplate Width	Bpwid	9.0000	in
Number of Ribs (inc. outside ribs)	Nribs	4	
Rib Thickness	Ribtk	0.3940	in

Web Thickness	Webtk	0.3940	in
Web Location	Webloc	Center	
Saddle Yield Stress	Sy	62700.0	psi
Height of Web at Center	Hw,c	42.0	in
Friction Coefficient	mu	0.400	

Moment of Inertia of Saddle - Transverse Direction (90 degrees to long axis)

Inertia of Shell [ShellInertia]:

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{R * t}) + \text{WearPlateWidth}) t^3 / 12$$

$$= ((1.56 * \sqrt{30 * 0.315}) + 13) 0.315^3 / 12$$

$$= 0.046 \text{ in}^4$$

Resolved Inertia for the Shell [I,shell]:

$$= \text{ShellInertia} + A_{\text{Shell}} (C1 - Y)^2$$

$$= 0.04635 + 5.6056 (19.585 - 0.1575)^2$$

$$= 2115.827 \text{ in}^4$$

	B in	D in	Y in	A in ²	AY in ³	I + AD ² in ⁴
Shell	17.7956	0.3150	0.1575	5.6056	0.8829	2115.8267
Wearplate	13.0000	0.3150	0.4725	4.0950	1.9349	1495.9364
Web	0.3940	47.1960	24.2280	18.5952	450.5250	3852.4893
BasePlate	9.0000	0.3940	48.0230	3.5460	170.2895	2867.7014
Totals	...	...	...	31.8418	623.6323	10331.9541

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$= AY / A$$

$$= 623.63 / 31.842$$

$$= 19.585 \text{ in}$$

Angle [beta]:

$$= 180 - \text{Saddle Angle} / 2$$

$$= 180 - 120 / 2$$

$$= 120.0$$

Saddle Splitting Coefficient [K1]:

$$= (1 + \cos(\beta) - 0.5 \sin(\beta)^2) / (\pi - \beta + \sin(\beta) \cos(\beta))$$

$$= (1 + \cos(120) - 0.5 \sin(120)^2) / (\pi - 2.0944 + \sin(120) \cos(120))$$

$$= 0.2035$$

Saddle Splitting Force [Fh]:

$$= K1 * Q$$

$$= 0.2035 * 18658$$

$$= 3797.3357 \text{ lbf}$$

Tension Stress, St = (Fh/As)	=	144.7364	psi
Allowed Stress, Sa = 0.6 * Yield Str	=	37620.0000	psi

Saddle Splitting Dimension [d]:

$$= B - R * \sin(\theta/2) / (\theta/2 \text{ in radians})$$

$$= 78.62 - 30 * \sin(120/2) / 1.0472$$

$$= 53.410 \text{ in}$$

Bending Moment, M = Fh * d = 202816.4688 in-lb

Bending Stress, Sb = (M * C1 / I)	=	384.4602	psi
Allowed Stress, Sa = 2/3 * Yield Str	=	41800.0000	psi

Minimum Thickness of Baseplate per Moss:

$$= \sqrt{3(Q + \text{Saddle_Wt}) \text{BasePlateWidth} / (4 * \text{BasePlateLength} * \text{AllStress})}$$

$$= \sqrt{3(18658 + 742.9)9 / (4 * 53 * 41800)}$$

$$= 0.243 \text{ in}$$

Calculation of Axial Load, Intermediate Values and Compressive Stress:

Web Length Dimension [Web Length]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 * \cos(90 - \text{Saddle Angle}/2)(\text{Inside Radius} + \text{Shell Thk} + \text{Wear Plate Thk}) \\ &= 2 * \cos(90 - 120/2)(30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\ &= 53.053 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Distance between Ribs [e]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Web Length} / (\text{Nr ribs} - 1) \\ &= 53.053 / (4 - 1) \\ &= 17.684 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Baseplate Pressure Area [Ap]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= e * \text{Bpwid} / 2 \\ &= 17.684 * 9/2 \\ &= 79.579 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Bearing Pressure [Bp]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= Q / (\text{BasePlateLength} * \text{BasePlateWidth}) \\ &= 18658 / (53 * 9) \\ &= 39.116 \text{ lbf/in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Axial Load [P]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Ap} * \text{Bp} \\ &= 79.579 * 39.116 \\ &= 3112.782 \text{ lbf} \end{aligned}$$

Area of the Rib and Web [Ar]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Rib Area} + \text{Web Area} \\ &= 2.9968 + 3.4838 \\ &= 6.481 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Stress [Sc]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= P/\text{Ar} \\ &= 3112.8/6.4806 \\ &= 480.326 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Check of Outside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Outer Ribs - Longitudinal Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
Rib+Web	0.3940	8.0000	...	3.1520	...	16.8107

Rib dimension [D]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Saddle Width} - \text{Web Thickness} \\ &= 8 - 0.394 \\ &= 7.606 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{AY} / \text{A} \\ &= 0/6.4806 \\ &= 0.000 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\ &= 8/2 \\ &= 4.000 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{sqrt}(\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}) \\
 &= \text{sqrt}(16.811/6.4806) \\
 &= 1.611 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 1, [Lw]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 * \sin(\text{saddle bearing angle} / 2)(\text{radius} + \text{shlthk} + \text{wpdthk}) \\
 &= 2 * \sin(120/2)(30 + 0.315 + 0.315) \\
 &= 53.053 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 2, [Bd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Baseplate length} - \text{clearance} \\
 &= 53 - 2 \\
 &= 51.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib, step 3, [Dd]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Lw - Bd) / 2 \\
 &= (53.053 - 51) / 2 \\
 &= 1.026 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Outer Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{sqrt}(R1^2 + Dd^2) \\
 &= \text{sqrt}(62.519^2 + 1.026^2) \\
 &= 62.519 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Intermediate Term [Cc]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{sqrt}(2 * \pi^2 * \text{Elastic Modulus} / \text{Yield Stress}) \\
 &= \text{sqrt}(2 * \pi^2 * 29000000/62700) \\
 &= 95.550
 \end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= KL/r \\
 &= 1 * 62.519/1.6106 \\
 &= 38.818
 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Moment [Rm]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F1 / (2 * Bplen) * e * L / 2 \\
 &= 16472 / (2 * 53) * 17.684 * 62.519 / 2 \\
 &= 85906.102 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < Cc$ ($38.818 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * Cc^2)) Fy / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * Cc) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * Cc^3)) \\
 &= (1 - (38.818)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 / \\
 &\quad (5/3 + 3 * (38.818) / (8 * 95.55) - (38.818^3) / (8 * 95.55^3)) \\
 &= 31771 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

AISC Unity Check of Outside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= Sc/Sca + (Rm * C1 / I) / Sba \\
 &= 480.33/31771 + (85906 * 4/16.811) / 41800 \\
 &= 0.504
 \end{aligned}$$

Check of Inside Ribs:

Inertia of Saddle, Inner Ribs - Axial Direction

	B	D	Y	A	AY	Io
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Rib	0.3940	7.6060	0.0000	2.9968	0.0000	16.8087
Web	17.6842	0.3940	0.0000	6.9676	0.0000	0.0901
Totals	...	...	...	9.9644	...	16.8988

Distance to Centroid from Datum [ytot]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= AY / A \\
 &= 0/9.9644 \\
 &= 0.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distance to Centroid [C1]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Width} / 2 \\
 &= 8/2 \\
 &= 4.000 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Inner Rib [L]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Saddle Height} - \sqrt{(\text{Ro} + \text{Wpdthk})^2 - (\text{Pitch}/2)^2} - \text{Bpthk} \\
 &= 78.62 - \sqrt{(30.63 + 0.315)^2 - (17.684/2)^2} - 0.394 \\
 &= 48.500 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Radius of Gyration [r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\text{Total Inertia} / \text{Total Area}} \\
 &= \sqrt{16.899/9.9644} \\
 &= 1.302 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Slenderness ratio [KL/r]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= KL/r \\
 &= 1 * 48.5/1.3023 \\
 &= 37.242
 \end{aligned}$$

Unit Force [Force,u]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= F1 / (2 * \text{Baseplate Length}) \\
 &= 16472 / (2 * 53) \\
 &= 155.401 \text{ lbf/in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Moment at base of inner Rib [Mbase,c]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Unit Force} * e * L \\
 &= 155.4 * 17.684 * 48.5 \\
 &= 133284.859 \text{ in-lb}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bending Stress due to Transverse Force and Weight Load [SigmaB,base,c]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Bending Moment} / \text{Section Modulus} \\
 &= 133285/4.2247 \\
 &= 31548.963 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive Allowable, $KL/r < C_c$ ($37.242 < 95.55$) per AISC E2-1 [Sca]:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (1 - (KL/r)^2 / (2 * C_c^2)) F_y / (5/3 + 3 * (KL/r) / (8 * C_c) - (KL/r)^3 / (8 * C_c^3)) \\
 &= (1 - (37.242)^2 / (2 * 95.55^2)) 62700 / \\
 &\quad (5/3 + 3 * (37.242) / (8 * 95.55) - (37.242^3) / (8 * 95.55^3)) \\
 &= 32091 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

AISC Unity Check of Inside Ribs (must be ≤ 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= S_c / S_{ca} + (M_{base,c} * C1/I) / S_{ba} \\
 &= 624.78/32091 + (133285 * 4/16.899) / 41800 \\
 &= 0.774
 \end{aligned}$$

Review notes about nozzle loadings and supports in the Warnings report.

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设备运输绑扎计算

Equipment Transportation and Binding Calculation

设备位号: 18-D-252

Equipment Tag Number: 18-D-252

运输总重: $m=m_f+m_s=4231+400=4631$ kg

运输载荷: 纵向加速度 $g_x=1.5g$, 横向加速度 $g_z=1.5g$, 垂直加速度 $g_y=2.0g$

在鞍座上有 8 根横向绑扎绳, 共有 8 根横向绑扎绳。考虑对称性, 计算按 4 根绑扎绳。

吊耳上有 8 根纵向滑动绑扎绳, 共 8 根纵向滑动绑扎绳, 考虑对称性, 计算按 4 根纵向绑扎绳。

1. 横向滑动计算:

$$F_z = m g g_z + F_{z-l} = 4631 * 9.81 * 1.5 + 9492.1 = 77637.3 \text{ N}$$

$$F_z \leq \mu m g + F_{z-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow 77637.3 \leq 0.3 * 4631 * 9.81 + F_{z-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow F_{z-l} \geq 16002 \text{ N}$$

考虑绑扎绳的斜拉角, 每根绑扎绳的力应为:

$$F_{z-l} \geq 16002 / \sin 70^\circ / \cos 20^\circ = 18122 \text{ N}$$

2. 横向倾斜计算:

a, 设备中心到鞍座底板的距离 1997 mm;

b, 鞍座底板长度的一半 $1346/2=673$ mm;

c, 绑扎绳的力臂 1084 mm。

$$F_z * a \leq m g b + F_{z-l} * 4 * c$$

$$\rightarrow 77637.3 * 1997 \leq 4631 * 9.81 * 673 + F_{z-l} * 4 * 1084$$

$$\rightarrow F_{z-l} \geq 28706 \text{ N}$$

考虑绑扎绳的倾斜角, 每根绑扎绳的力应为:

$$F_{z-l} \geq 28706 / \sin 70^\circ / \cos 20^\circ = 32509 \text{ N} = 7308 \text{ lbf}$$

3. 纵向滑动计算

$$F_x = m g g_x = 4631 * 9.81 * 1.5 = 68145.2 \text{ N}$$

$$F_x \leq \mu m g + F_{x-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow 68145.2 \leq 0.3 * 4631 * 9.81 + F_{x-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow F_{x-l} \geq 13629 \text{ N}$$

考虑绑扎绳的倾斜角, 每根绑扎绳的力应为:

$$F_{x-l} \geq 13629 / \sin 45^\circ / \sin 45^\circ = 27258 \text{ N} = 6128 \text{ lbf}$$

Total Weight of Transportation: $m=m_t+m_s=4231+400=4631$ kg

Transport Load: Longitudinal Acceleration $g_x=1.5g$, Lateral Acceleration $g_z=1.5g$, Vertical Acceleration $g_y=2.0g$

There are 8 lateral binding ropes on the saddle, totaling 8 lateral binding ropes. Considering symmetry, the calculation is based on 4 binding ropes.

There are 8 longitudinal sliding binding ropes on the lifting ears, totaling 8 longitudinal sliding binding ropes. Considering symmetry, the calculation is based on 4 longitudinal binding ropes.

4. Lateral Sliding Calculation:

$$F_z = mgg_z + F_{z-w} = 4631 * 9.81 * 1.5 + 9492.1 = 77637.3 \text{ N}$$

$$F_z \leq \mu mg + F_{z-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow 77637.3 \leq 0.3 * 4631 * 9.81 + F_{z-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow F_{z-l} \geq 16002 \text{ N}$$

Considering the diagonal angle of the binding rope, the force of each binding rope should be:

$$F_{z-l} \geq 16002 / \sin 70^\circ / \cos 20^\circ = 18122 \text{ N}$$

5. Lateral tilt Calculation:

a, The distance from the center of the equipment to the base plate of the saddle is 1997 mm;

b, Half of the length of the saddle base plate is $1346/2=673$ mm;

c, The force arm of the binding rope is 1084 mm.

$$F_z * a \leq mgb + F_{z-l} * 4 * c$$

$$\rightarrow 77637.3 * 1997 \leq 4631 * 9.81 * 673 + F_{z-l} * 4 * 1084$$

$$\rightarrow F_{z-l} \geq 28706 \text{ N}$$

Considering the inclination angle of the binding rope, the force of each binding rope should be:

$$F_{z-l} \geq 28706 / \sin 70^\circ / \cos 20^\circ = 32509 \text{ N} = 7308 \text{ lbf}$$

6. Longitudinal sliding Calculation:

$$F_x = mgg_x = 4631 * 9.81 * 1.5 = 68145.2 \text{ N}$$

$$F_x \leq \mu mg + F_{x-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow 68145.2 \leq 0.3 * 4631 * 9.81 + F_{x-l} * 4$$

$$\rightarrow F_{x-l} \geq 13629 \text{ N}$$

Considering the inclination angle of the binding rope, the force of each binding rope should be:

$$F_{x-l} \geq 13629 / \sin 45^\circ / \sin 45^\circ = 27258 \text{ N} = 6128 \text{ lbf}$$

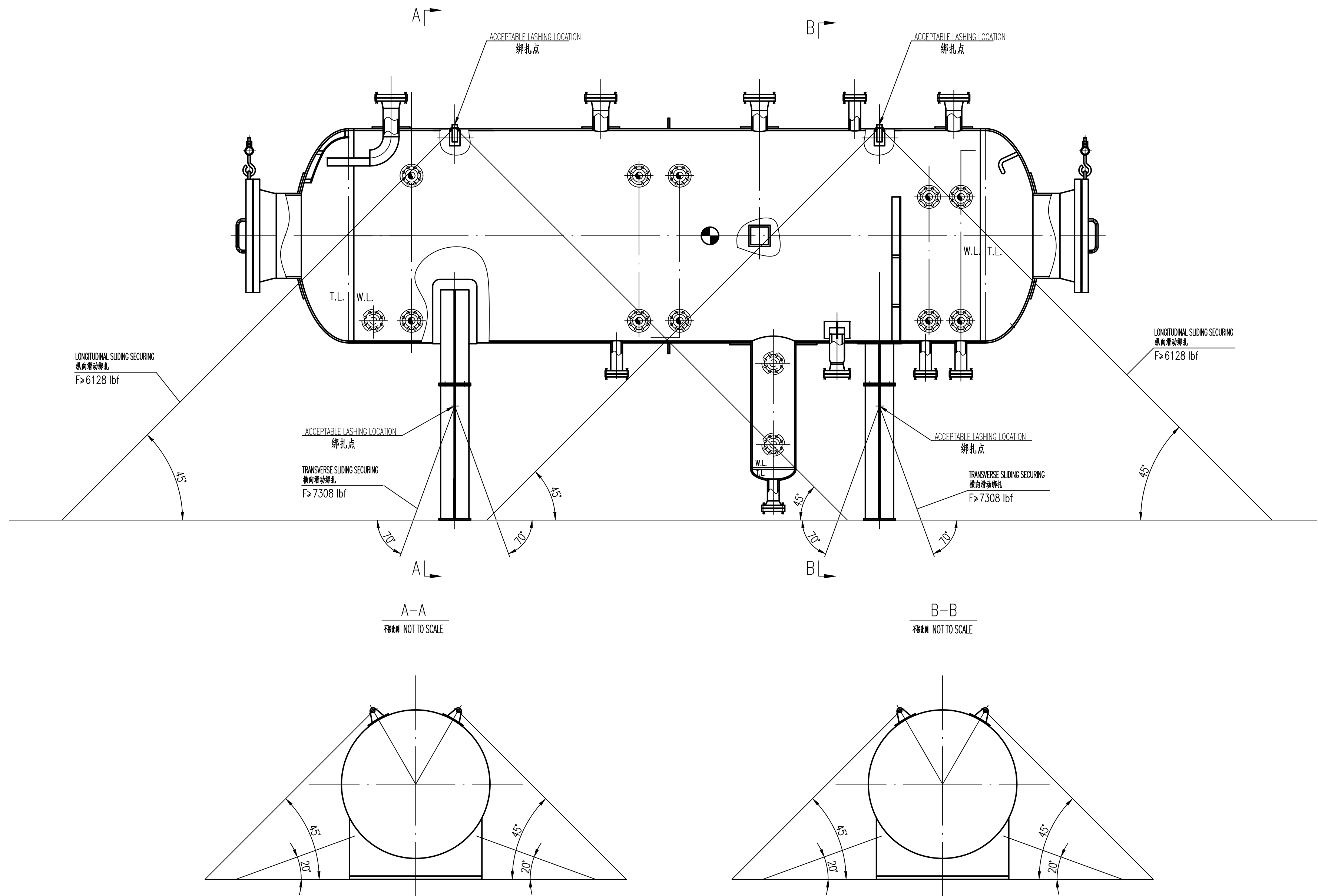


图1 设备运输绑扎示意图

Figure 1 Schematic Diagram of Equipment Transportation and Binding