

# Phenothiazine D Prills

Version 5.0

Revision Date 06/24/2015

Print Date 06/25/2015

#### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

Phenothiazine D Prills

Substance name

: Phenothiazine

CAS-No.

: 92-84-2

EC-No.

: 202-196-5

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company

: Allessa GmbH, 60382 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Telephone

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Prepared by

: Allessa GmbH, Product Safety

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#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Corrosion inhibitors and anti-scaling agents, Lubricants and lubricant additives, Process regulators, used in vulcanization or polymerization processes, Polymerisation inhibitor,

Stabilisers

Restrictions on use

: For professional and industrial installation and use only.

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance	Prills	
Colour	yellow-green	
Odour	slight, original odour	

#### **GHS Classification**

Acute toxicity (Oral) Skin sensitisation (Dermal) Specific target organ toxicity -

: Category 4 : Category 1 : Category 2

repeated exposure (Oral)

: Category 1

Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity

: Category 1

## GHS-Labelling - Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

: H302 Harmful if swallowed.



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H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure if swallowed.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Aggravated Medical

Condition

Symptoms of Overexposure

: None known.

: Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Sensitisation

Allergies

Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:

Changes in the blood count

Nausea

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Asthmatic appearance Breathing difficulties

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Substance

Substance name

: Phenothiazine

CAS-No.

: 92-84-2

EC-No.

: 202-196-5

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice

: Ensure that the First Ald Personnel are aware of the product

involved, and take precautions to protect themselves (e.g.

wear personal protection equipment).

Remove affected person from danger area, lay him down.

Keep warm, calm and covered up.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where

possible).



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If inhaled	: Remove the casualty into fresh air	and keep him calm.
In case of skin contact	: In case of contact with skin, clean v Take off all contaminated clothing in	
In case of eye contact	: In case of contact with the eyes rins water or with an eye-cleaning soluti	
If swallowed	: When swallowed seek medical aid physician the packaging or the labe	immediately and show the l of the packaging.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Skin contact may provoke the follow Sensitisation Allergies Ingestion may provoke the following Changes in the blood count Nausea Inhalation may provoke the following Asthmatic appearance Breathing difficulties Health injuries may be delayed, sensitising effects	g symptoms:
Notes to physician	: Treat skin and mucous membranes corticoids. The first aid procedure should be es	

### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media

: alcohol-resistant foam

Dry powder Water spray jet

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

High pressure inert gas, e.g. carbon dioxide jet.

with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions. Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further Information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.



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Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Do not inhale explosion and/or combustion gases

Use self-contained breathing apparatus

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures  Use personal protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Remove persons to safety.

The danger areas must be delimited and identified using

relevant warning and safety signs.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid release to the environment,

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Use mechanical handling equipment.

Avoid raising dust

Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing

environmental regulations

When picked up, treat material as prescribed under heading

"Disposal".

Containers in which spilt substance has been collected must

be adequately labelled

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## Handling

Advice on safe handling

: Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust

ventilation if necessary).

Avoid the formation and deposition of dust. Provide exhaust ventilation if dust is formed.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

 In principle, with organic products which are -intentionally or unintentionally- in powdered form, the danger of a dust

explosion should be kept in mind.

Keep away from sources of ignition - refrain from smoking. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic charges -

earthing necessary during loading operations. Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

#### Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Do not allow contact with air. Keep away from direct sunlight.



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Advice on common storage

: Do not store or transport together with foodstuffs

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0

**Engineering measures** 

 Dust must be extracted directly at the point of origin.
 Exhaust air must be cleaned using approved equipment before returning it to the work place.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

If the occupational exposure limits cannot be met, in exceptional cases suitable respiratory equipment should be

worn only for a short period of time.
Suitable respiratory equipment:
Respirator with a particle filter (EN 143)
Half mask with a particle filter P2 (EN 143)

Hand protection Remarks

: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions

(mechanical strain, duration of contact). Suitable: Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Nitrile rubber gloves. Butyl rubber gloves. With solid dry substances permeation is not to be expected, therefore the breakthrough-time for this protective glove has not been measured. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Gloves must be rinsed thoroughly after use.

Eye protection

 Depending on the risk, wear sufficient eye protection (safety glasses with side protection or goggles, and if necessary, face

shield.)

Skin and body protection

: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to

the specific work-place, e.g. apron, boots, protective suit (EN

14605, EN ISO 13982-1, EN 13034).

Change working clothes after each workshift.



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Protective measures

: Do not inhale dust

Avoid contact with eyes and skin

Hygiene measures

: Avoid contact of the substance.

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work time.

Remove soiled or soaked clothing immediately and clean

thoroughly before using again.

Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

Keep away from food and drink.

Clean hands and face during work intervals and after work

Follow the skin protection plan.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance

: Prills

Colour

: yellow-green

Odour

: slight, original odour

pН

: ca. 6, Concentration: 10 g/l (20 °C)

(aqueous suspension)

Melting range

183 - 185 ℃

Boiling point

: 235 ℃ (27 hPa)

Flammability (solid, gas)

: The product is not inflammable.

Relative density

: 1.296

Method: OECD Guide-line 109

Density

: not determined

Bulk density

: 730 kg/m3

Solubility(les)

Water solubility

: 0.127 mg/l Difficult to dissolve (20 °C)

Solubility in other solvents

: 200 g/l (20 °C)

Solvent: Acetone

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.78 (30 °C)

Ignition temperature

: 470 ℃

Method: DIN 51794

Thermal decomposition

: > 350 °C (3 K/min)

Method: DSC

Oxidizing properties

: no oxidizing properties



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Impact sensitivity

: Not impact-sensitive

Surface tension

: Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

: Decomposes on exposure to light.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: When handled and stored appropriately no dangerous

reactions are known

Conditions to avoid

: Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Incompatible materials

: Strong acids and strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Acute toxicity

# **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 Rat: 1,370 mg/kg

Method: FDA method

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 Rat, male and female: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

### Skin corrosion/irritation

## **Product:**

Species: Rabbit Exposure time: 4 h Result: No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Product:**

Species: rabbit eye Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Product:**



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Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Method: OECD 406 - EEC 96/54, B.6

## Germ cell mutagenicity

## **Product:**

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammallan bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Test species: Rat (male) Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: It is concluded that the product is not mutagenic based on

evaluation of several mutagenicity tests.

## Carcinogenicity

#### **Product:**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment

: Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

## Reproductive toxicity

### Product:

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat

General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level:

0.5 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: No observed adverse effect level: > 150 mg/kg

body weight Species: Mouse

General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level:

ca. 300 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: No observed adverse effect level: > 150 mg/kg

body weight

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal

development.

#### STOT - single exposure

No data available

### STOT - repeated exposure

## **Product:**

Exposure routes: Ingestion



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Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# Repeated dose toxicity

## **Product:**

dog:

NOAEL: 6 mg/kg

Application Route: oral feed Exposure time: 90 d Target Organs: Blood Symptoms: Blood disorders

# **Aspiration toxicity**

No data available

#### **Further information**

## **Product:**

Remarks: Photochemical sensitization is possible.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

## Product:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (zebra fish): 0.597 mg/l
	Exposure time: 96 h
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
	NOEC (zebra fish): 0.225 mg/l
	Exposure time: 96 h
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other	: EC50 (Daphnia magna); 0.154 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates	Exposure time: 48 h
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
	NOEC (Daphnia magna): 0.062 mg/l
	Exposure time: 48 h
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	: NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 0.66 mg/l
	Exposure time: 72 h
	Test Type: Growth rate
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Acute aquatic	:1
toxicity)	
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic	: 1
toxicity)	
Toxicity to bacteria	: IC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l



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Exposure time: 3 h Test Method: aquatic Method: OECD 209

: IC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Method: aquatic Method: OECD 209

### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability

: Remarks: Not biodegradable according to OECD 301 (not

readily biodegradable)

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

Dissolved organic carbon

(DOC)

: 25 mg/g : 8 mg/g

Bioaccumulative potential

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation

Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Exposure time: 56 d Concentration: 0.02 mg/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 127 - 660 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 145

Method: calculated

Remarks: Bloaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.78 (30 °C)

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bloaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Disposal methods

Waste from residues

: Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on

waste and hazardous waste.

Special waste incineration plant, after consultation with

operators

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes



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are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used.

Contaminated packaging

: Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of as

product waste

For disposal local regulation is binding.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## International Regulation

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.

: UN 3077

Proper shipping name

: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Phenothiazine)

Class

: 9

Packing group

: 111

Labels

: Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

: 956

Packing Instruction

: 956

(passenger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number

: UN 3077

Proper shipping name

: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Phenothiazine)

Class

; 9

Packing group

: 111

Labels

: 9

EmS Code

: F-A, S-F

Marine pollutant

: yes

# Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **National Regulations**

**49 CFR** 

UN/ID/NA number

: UN 3077

Proper shipping name

: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Phenothiazine)

Class

: 9

Packing group

: 111

Labels

: CLASS 9

ERG Code

: 171

Marine pollutant

: no



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# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**OSHA Hazards** 

: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN

REACTION, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

SARA 311/312 Hazards

: Chronic Health Hazard

**US State Regulations** 

Massachusetts Right To Know

ACGIH American conference of governmental industrial

hygienists threshold limit value (TLV) substances

Phenothiazine

92-84-2

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Phenothlazine

92-84-2

**New Jersey Right To Know** 

Phenothiazine

92-84-2

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**AICS** 

DSL

**CH INV** 

**IECSC** 

**EINECS** 

**ENCS** 

KECI

**NZloC** 

PICCS

**TSCA** 

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (USA)

**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION** 



# Phenothiazine D Prills

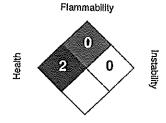
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#### **Further information**

#### NFPA:



Special hazard.

## HMIS III:

PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
FLAMMABILITY	0
HEALTH	2*

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, \* = Chronic

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