

KBR	KEMPER COUNTY IGCC UNIT 1 PROJECT	 SOUTHERN COMPANY																														
<u>MECHANICAL STRENGTH CALCULATION</u> ITEM NAME : AGR REGENERATOR REFLUX DRUM (ITEM NO : DR1064 / 2064)																																
KBR ACCEPTANCE FOR ENGINEERING USE THIS DOCUMENT IS: <table style="width: 100%; font-size: x-small;"> <tr> <td>ACCEPTED</td> <td>(Code 1) ☒</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS</td> <td>(Code 2) ☐</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NOT ACCEPTED</td> <td>(Code 3) ☐</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NOT REVIEWED</td> <td>(Code 4) ☐</td> </tr> </table> ACCEPTANCE DOES NOT RELIEVE SUPPLIER FROM FURNISHING MATERIAL IN CONFORMANCE WITH ORDER. REFER TO SDR-1 FOR FULL DEFINITION OF ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS. DISCIPLINE <u>VM</u> BY <u>SR</u> DATE <u>07JUL11</u>  ASME			ACCEPTED	(Code 1) ☒	ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS	(Code 2) ☐	NOT ACCEPTED	(Code 3) ☐	NOT REVIEWED	(Code 4) ☐																						
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Plant: Kemper County SUNGJIN GEOTECH
 Southern Company Generation
 SGT11-SP11-DR1064-2064-CAL Rev: 1
 PO: MPC17984-0001

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ITEM NO. DR 1064 / 2064

[illegible]

DESIGN DATA**ITEM NO. : DR 1064 / 2064**

CODE	ASME Section VIII Division 1 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda			
CODE STAMP	YES			
NATIONAL BOARD	YES			
CORROSION ALLOWANCE	0.063	inch	(	1.6 mm)
JOINT EFFICIENCY (SHELL/HEAD)	0.85 / 1.0			
POST WELD HEAT TREATMENT	NO			
RADIOGRAPHY (SHELL/HEAD)	SPOT / FULL			
PNEUMATIC TEST PRESS	--	[psi G]	(	-- [kg/§ : G])
HYDRO. TEST PRESSURE (AT SHOP & TOP)	65.00	[psi G]	(	4.57 [kg/§ : G])
HYDRO. TEST PRESSURE (AT FIELD & TOP)	65.00	[psi G]	(	4.57 [kg/§ : G])
DESIGN INTERNAL TEMPERATURE	250	° F	(	121.12 ° C)
DESIGN EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE	115	° F	(	46.12 ° C)
MIN. DESIGN METAL TEMPERATURE	10	° F	(	-12.23 ° C)
DESIGN INTERNAL PRESSURE	50.0	[psi G]	(	3.52 [kg/§ : G])
DESIGN EXTERNAL PRESSURE	F.V.	[psi G]	(	F.V. [kg/§ : G])
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	115	° F	(	46.12 ° C)
OPERATING PRESSURE	-	[psi G]	(	- [kg/§ : G])
CONTENTS	***			
LIQUID SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015			
LENGTH BETWEEN TANGENT LINE	144	inch	(	3658.0 mm)
SHELL INSIDE DIAMETER	48	inch	(	1219.0 mm)
TYPE OF HEADS	2:1 ELLIP.			
WIND LOAD	100 mph (ASCE 7-05)			
SEISMIC LOAD	CLASS C (ASCE 7-05)			
INSULATION THICKNESS	NONE	inch	(	NONE mm)
FIRE PROOFING THICKNESS	NONE	inch	(	NONE mm)
VOLUME	1253.0	US gal	(	4.74 M^3)

Settings Summary**COMPRESS Build 7110****Units: U.S. Customary****Datum Line Location: -1.97" from bottom seam****Design**

ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda

Design or Rating:	Get Thickness from Pressure
Minimum thickness:	0.0625" per UG-16(b)
Design for cold shut down only:	No
Design for lethal service (full radiography required):	No
Design nozzles for:	Design P only
Corrosion weight loss:	100% of theoretical loss
UG-23 Stress Increase:	1.20
Skirt/legs stress increase:	1.0
Minimum nozzle projection:	5.9055"
Juncture calculations for $\alpha > 30$ only:	Yes
Preheat P-No 1 Materials $> 1.25"$ and $\leq 1.50"$ thick:	Yes
UG-37(a) shell tr calculation considers longitudinal stress:	No

Pipe under-tolerance is not applied to cylindrical shell thicknesses.
Butt welds are tapered per Figure UCS-66.3(a).

Hydro/Pneumatic Test

Shop Hydrotest Pressure:	1.3 times design P
Test liquid specific gravity:	1.00
Field Hydrotest Pressure:	1.3 times design P
Wind load present @ field:	33% of design
Maximum stress during test:	90% of yield

Required Marking - UG-116

UG-116(e) Radiography:	RT4
UG-116(f) Postweld heat treatment:	None

Code Cases/Interpretations

Use Code Case 2547:	No
Apply interpretation VIII-1-83-66:	Yes
Apply interpretation VIII-1-86-175:	Yes
Apply interpretation VIII-1-83-115:	Yes
Apply interpretation VIII-1-01-37:	Yes
No UCS-66.1 MDMT reduction:	No
No UCS-68(c) MDMT reduction:	No
Disallow UG-20(f) exemptions:	No

UG-22 Loadings

UG-22(a) Internal or External Design Pressure :	Yes
UG-22(b) Weight of the vessel and normal contents under operating or test conditions:	Yes
UG-22(c) Superimposed static reactions from weight of attached equipment (external loads):	Yes
UG-22(d)(2) Vessel supports such as lugs, rings, skirts, saddles and legs:	Yes
UG-22(f) Wind reactions:	Yes
UG-22(f) Seismic reactions:	Yes
UG-22(j) Test pressure and coincident static head acting during the test:	Yes

Note: UG-22(b),(c) and (f) loads only considered when supports are present.

Pressure Summary

Pressure Summary for Chamber bounded by BTM HEAD and TOP HEAD

Identifier	P Design (psi)	T Design (°F)	MAEP (psi)	T _e external (°F)	MDMT (°F)	MDMT Exemption		Impact Tested
TOP HEAD	50	250	82.33	115	-320	Note 1		No
Straight Flange on TOP HEAD	50	250	74.03	115	-320	Note 2		No
SHELL	50	250	74.03	115	-320	Note 3		No
Straight Flange on BTM HEAD	50	250	74.03	115	-320	Note 5		No
BTM HEAD	50	250	82.33	115	-320	Note 4		No
4" (AM)	50	250	15	115	-55	Nozzle	Note 6	No
						Pad	Note 7	No
14" (AO)	50	250	15	115	-55	Nozzle	Note 6	No
						Pad	Note 7	No
24" (BB)	50	250	15	115	-55	Note 6		No
1 1/2" (BH)	50	250	15	115	-55	Note 6		No
18" (BJ)	50	250	15	115	-55	Nozzle	Note 6	No
						Pad	Note 8	No
2" (BS)	50	250	15	115	-55	Note 6		No
4" (CW)	50	250	15	115	-55	Nozzle	Note 6	No
						Pad	Note 9	No
2" (LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B)	50	250	15	115	-55	Note 6		No
2" (LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B)	50	250	15	115	-55	Note 6		No

Chamber design MDMT is 10 °F

Chamber rated MDMT is -55 °F @ 50 psi

Chamber Design MAWP hot & corroded is 50 psi

Chamber MAEP is 15 psi @ 115 °F

Vacuum rings did not govern the external pressure rating.

Notes for Maximum Pressure Rating:

Note #	Details
1.	Option to calculate MAP was not selected. See the Calculation->General tab of the Set Mode dialog.
2.	Option to calculate MAWP was not selected. See the Calculation->General tab of the Set Mode dialog.

Notes for MDMT Rating:

Note #	Exemption	Details
1.	Material Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.17707)	
2.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.14782)	
3.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15623)	
4.	Material Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.18889)	
5.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15639)	
6.	Flange rating governs: Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F	Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a)
7.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15951)	
8.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.14841)	
9.	Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.17218)	

Design notes are available on the [Settings Summary](#) page.

Thickness Summary

Component Identifier	Material	Diameter (in)	Length (in)	Nominal t (in)	Design t (in)	Total Corrosion (in)	Joint E	Load
TOP HEAD	SA-240 304L	47.9921 ID	12.4665	0.4685*	0.1893	0.063	1.00	External
Straight Flange on TOP HEAD	SA-240 304L	47.9921 ID	1.9685	0.5512	0.317	0.063	1.00	External
SHELL	SA-240 304L	47.9921 ID	140.0787	0.5512	0.317	0.063	0.85	External
Straight Flange on BTM HEAD	SA-240 304L	47.9921 ID	1.9685	0.5512	0.317	0.063	1.00	External
BTM HEAD	SA-240 304L	47.9921 ID	12.4665	0.4685*	0.1893	0.063	1.00	External
UPPER SKIRT	SA-240 304L	48.5039 OD	34.4173	0.3937	0.1288	0.063	0.55	Wind
LOWER SKIRT	SA-516 70	48.5039 OD	124.6063	0.3937	0.1184	0.063	0.70	Wind

Nominal t: Vessel wall nominal thickness

Design t: Required vessel thickness due to governing loading + corrosion

Joint E: Longitudinal seam joint efficiency

* Head minimum thickness after forming

Load

internal: Circumferential stress due to internal pressure governs

external: External pressure governs

Wind: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + wind governs

Seismic: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + seismic governs

Nozzle Schedule

Nozzle mark	Service	Size	Materials								
			Nozzle	Impact	Norm	Fine Grain	Pad	Impact	Norm	Fine Grain	Flange
AM	4"	NPS 4 Sch 80S (XS)	SA-312 TP304L Wld & smls pipe	No	No	No	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	WN A182 F304L Class 150
AO	14"	12.90 IDx0.55	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	WN A182 F304L Class 150
BB	24"	24.00 IDx1.13	SA-182 F304L <= 5	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	LWN A182 F304L Class 150
BH	1 1/2"	1.61 IDx0.47	SA-182 F304L <= 5	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	LWN A182 F304L Class 150
BJ	18"	16.90 IDx0.55	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	WN A182 F304L Class 150
BS	2"	2.07 IDx0.50	SA-182 F304L <= 5	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	LWN A182 F304L Class 150
CW	4"	NPS 4 Sch 80S (XS)	SA-312 TP304L Wld & smls pipe	No	No	No	SA-240 304L	No	No	No	WN A182 F304L Class 150
LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B	2"	2.07 IDx0.62	SA-182 F304L <= 5	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	LWN A182 F304L Class 300
LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B	2"	2.07 IDx0.62	SA-182 F304L <= 5	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	LWN A182 F304L Class 300

Hydrostatic Test**Shop test pressure determination for Chamber bounded by BTM HEAD and TOP HEAD based on design P per UG-99(b)**

Shop hydrostatic test gauge pressure is 65 psi at 68 °F (the chamber design P = 50 psi)

The shop test is performed with the vessel in the horizontal position.

Identifier	Local test pressure psi	Test liquid static head psi	UG-99 stress ratio	UG-99 pressure factor	Stress during test psi	Allowable test stress psi	Stress excessive?
TOP HEAD (1)	67.041	2.041	1	1.30	3,090	22,500	No
Straight Flange on TOP HEAD	67.041	2.041	1	1.30	2,952	22,500	No
SHELL	67.041	2.041	1	1.30	2,952	22,500	No
Straight Flange on BTM HEAD	67.041	2.041	1	1.30	2,952	22,500	No
BTM HEAD	67.041	2.041	1	1.30	3,090	22,500	No
1 1/2" (BH)	66.964	1.964	1	1.30	3,088	33,750	No
14" (AO)	66.525	1.525	1	1.30	3,553	33,750	No
18" (BJ)	67.51	2.51	1	1.30	3,473	33,750	No
2" (BS)	67.368	2.368	1	1.30	3,237	33,750	No
2" (LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B)	67.207	2.207	1	1.30	2,991	33,750	No
2" (LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B)	65.907	0.907	1	1.30	2,933	33,750	No
24" (BB)	65.854	0.854	1	1.30	6,330	33,750	No
4" (AM)	66.11	1.11	1	1.30	2,198	33,750	No
4" (CW)	66.244	1.244	1	1.30	2,112	33,750	No

Notes:

- (1) TOP HEAD limits the UG-99 stress ratio.
- (2) P_L stresses at nozzle openings have been estimated using the method described in PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82.
- (3) $1.5*0.9*S_y$ used as the basis for the maximum local primary membrane stress at the nozzle intersection P_L .
- (4) The zero degree angular position is assumed to be up, and the test liquid height is assumed to the top-most flange.

Field test pressure determination for Chamber bounded by BTM HEAD and TOP HEAD based on design P per UG-99(b)

Field hydrostatic test gauge pressure is 65 psi at 68 °F (the chamber design P = 50 psi)

The field test is performed with the vessel in the vertical position.

Identifier	Local test pressure psi	Test liquid static head psi	UG-99 stress ratio	UG-99 pressure factor	Stress during test psi	Allowable test stress psi	Stress excessive?
TOP HEAD (I)	66.154	1.154	1	1.30	3,049	22,500	No
Straight Flange on TOP HEAD	66.154	1.154	1	1.30	2,913	22,500	No
SHELL	71.21	6.21	1	1.30	3,136	22,500	No
Straight Flange on BTM HEAD	71.282	6.282	1	1.30	3,139	22,500	No
BTM HEAD	71.715	6.715	1	1.30	3,306	22,500	No
1 1/2" (BH)	68.784	3.784	1	1.30	3,172	33,750	No
14" (AO)	65.645	0.645	1	1.30	3,506	33,750	No
18" (BJ)	68.626	3.626	1	1.30	3,530	33,750	No
2" (BS)	71.103	6.103	1	1.30	3,416	33,750	No
2" (LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B)	68.07	3.07	1	1.30	3,029	33,750	No
2" (LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B)	71.103	6.103	1	1.30	3,164	33,750	No
24" (BB)	70.632	5.632	1	1.30	6,789	33,750	No
4" (AM)	65.679	0.679	1	1.30	2,183	33,750	No
4" (CW)	72.364	7.364	1	1.30	2,308	33,750	No

Notes:

- (1) TOP HEAD limits the UG-99 stress ratio.
- (2) P_L stresses at nozzle openings have been estimated using the method described in PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82.
- (3) $1.5*0.9*S_y$ used as the basis for the maximum local primary membrane stress at the nozzle intersection P_L .

Corroded Hydrostatic Test

The shop test condition has not been investigated for the Chamber bounded by BTM HEAD and TOP HEAD.

Field test pressure determination for Chamber bounded by BTM HEAD and TOP HEAD based on design P per UG-99(b)

Field hydrostatic test gauge pressure is 65 psi at 68 °F (the chamber design P = 50 psi)

The field test is performed with the vessel in the vertical position.

Identifier	Local test pressure psi	Test liquid static head psi	UG-99 stress ratio	UG-99 pressure factor	Stress during test psi	Allowable test stress psi	Stress excessive?
TOP HEAD (I)	66.154	1.154	1	1.30	3,533	22,500	No
Straight Flange on TOP HEAD	66.154	1.154	1	1.30	3,293	22,500	No
SHELL	71.21	6.21	1	1.30	3,545	22,500	No
Straight Flange on BTM HEAD	71.282	6.282	1	1.30	3,548	22,500	No
BTM HEAD	71.717	6.717	1	1.30	3,830	22,500	No
1 1/2" (BH)	68.786	3.786	1	1.30	3,625	33,750	No
14" (AO)	65.645	0.645	1	1.30	3,831	33,750	No
18" (BJ)	68.629	3.629	1	1.30	4,055	33,750	No
2" (BS)	71.105	6.105	1	1.30	3,922	33,750	No
2" (LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B)	68.072	3.072	1	1.30	3,420	33,750	No
2" (LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B)	71.105	6.105	1	1.30	3,573	33,750	No
24" (BB)	70.634	5.634	1	1.30	7,613	33,750	No
4" (AM)	65.679	0.679	1	1.30	2,326	33,750	No
4" (CW)	72.364	7.364	1	1.30	2,437	33,750	No

Notes:

- (1) TOP HEAD limits the UG-99 stress ratio.
- (2) P_L stresses at nozzle openings have been estimated using the method described in PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82.
- (3) $1.5 \times 0.9 \times S_y$ used as the basis for the maximum local primary membrane stress at the nozzle intersection P_L .

Weight Summary

Component	Weight (lb) Contributed by Vessel Elements						
	Metal New*	Metal Corroded*	Insulation & Supports	Lining	Piping + Liquid	Operating Liquid	Test Liquid
TOP HEAD	394.2	343.3	0	0	0	0	718.1
SHELL	3,282.7	2,911.4	0	0	0	5,327.9	9,330.5
BTM HEAD	415.2	361.4	0	0	0	672	656.9
UPPER SKIRT	593.9	498.2	0	0	0	0	0
LOWER SKIRT	2,098.3	1,760.2	0	0	0	0	0
BASE BLOCK	345	345	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL:	7,129.3	6,219.5	0	0	0	5,999.9	10,705.5

* Shells with attached nozzles have weight reduced by material cut out for opening.

Component	Weight (lb) Contributed by Attachments								
	Body Flanges		Nozzles & Flanges		Packed Beds	Ladders & Platforms	Trays & Supports	Rings & Clips	Vertical Loads
	New	Corroded	New	Corroded					
TOP HEAD	0	0	275.9	260.6	0	2,648.2	0	0	0
SHELL	0	0	1,455.4	1,423.8	154.4	960	0	0	4,409.2
BTM HEAD	0	0	40.3	36.9	0	4,067.4	0	0	0
UPPER SKIRT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOWER SKIRT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL:	0	0	1,771.6	1,721.3	154.4	7,675.7	0	0	4,409.2

Vessel operating weight, Corroded: 26,180 lb

Vessel operating weight, New: 27,106 lb

Vessel empty weight, Corroded: 20,180 lb

Vessel empty weight, New: 21,140 lb

Vessel test weight, New: 31,846 lb

Vessel center of gravity location - from datum - lift condition

Vessel Lift Weight, New: 21,140 lb

Center of Gravity: 34.9864"

Vessel Capacity

Vessel Capacity** (New): 1,253 US gal

Vessel Capacity** (Corroded): 1,260 US gal

**The vessel capacity does not include volume of nozzle, piping or other attachments.

Wind Code

Building Code: ASCE 7-05
 Elevation of base above grade: 0.9843 ft
 Increase effective outer diameter by: 3.4121 ft
 Wind Force Coefficient Cf: 0.8000
 Basic Wind Speed, V: 100.0408 mph
 Importance Factor, I: 1.1500
 Exposure category: C
 Wind Directionality Factor, Kd: 0.9500
 Top Deflection Limit: 6 in. per 100 ft.
 Topographic Factor, Kzt: 1.0000
 Enforce min. loading of 10 psf: Yes

Vessel Characteristics

Vessel height, h: 26.5408 ft
 Vessel Minimum Diameter, b
 Operating, Corroded: 4.0912 ft
 Empty, Corroded: 4.0912 ft
 hydrotest, New, field: 4.0912 ft
 Fundamental Frequency, n_1
 Operating, Corroded: 6.9116 Hz
 Empty, Corroded: 7.6650 Hz
 hydrotest, New, field: 6.3385 Hz
 Vacuum, Corroded: 6.9213 Hz
 Damping coefficient, β
 Operating, Corroded: 0.0246
 Empty, Corroded: 0.0200
 hydrotest, New, field: 0.0200
 Vacuum, Corroded: 0.0249

Table Lookup Values**2.4.1 Basic Load Combinations for Allowable Stress Design**

The following load combinations are considered in accordance with ASCE section 2.4.1:

5. $D + P + P_s + W$
7. $0.6D + P + P_s + W$

Where

D = Dead load
 P = Internal or external pressure load
 P_s = Static head load
 W = Wind load

Wind Deflection Reports:

Operating, Corroded
 Empty, Corroded
 Vacuum, Corroded
 hydrotest, New, field

Wind Pressure Calculations**Wind Deflection Report: Operating, Corroded**

Component	Elevation of bottom above base (in)	Effective OD (ft)	Elastic modulus E (10 ⁶ psi)	Inertia I (ft ⁴)	Platform wind shear at Bottom (lbf)	Total wind shear at Bottom (lbf)	bending moment at Bottom (lbf-ft)	Deflection at top (in)
TOP HEAD	304.0551	7.50	27.3	*	1,180	1,340	1,679	0.0806
SHELL	163.9764	7.50	27.3	1.062	1,180	2,969	28,911	0.0756
BTM HEAD (top)	159.0236	7.50	27.3	*	1,180	3,022	43,261	0.0286

Height Z (')	Kz	qz (psf)	WP: Operating (psf)	WP: Empty (psf)	WP: hydrotest (psf)	WP: Vacuum (psf)
15.0	0.8489	23.76	17.04	17.04	10.00	17.04
20.0	0.9019	25.24	18.10	18.10	10.00	18.10
25.0	0.9453	26.46	18.97	18.97	10.00	18.97
30.0	0.9823	27.49	19.72	19.72	10.00	19.72

Design Wind Force determined from: $F = \text{Pressure} * A_f$, where A_f is the projected area.

Gust Factor Calculations

Operating, Corroded
Empty, Corroded
Vacuum, Corroded
hydrotest, New, field

Gust Factor Calculations: Operating, Corroded

Vessel is considered a rigid structure as $n_1 = 6.9116 \text{ Hz}$ $\leq$ 11 Hz .

$$\begin{aligned}
 z^- &= 0.60 * h \\
 &= 0.60 * 26.5408 \\
 &= 15.9245 \\
 I_{z^-} &= c * (33 / z^-)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2000 * (33 / 15.9245)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2258 \\
 L_{z^-} &= l * (z^- / 33)^{eP} \\
 &= 500.0000 * (15.9245 / 33)^{0.2000} \\
 &= 432.1957 \\
 Q &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((b + h) / L_{z^-})^{0.63})) \\
 &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((4.0912 + 26.5408) / 432.1957)^{0.63})) \\
 &= 0.9454 \\
 G &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * g_Q * I_{z^-} * Q) / (1 + 1.7 * g_v * I_{z^-}) \\
 &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258 * 0.9454) / (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258) \\
 &= 0.8964
 \end{aligned}$$

Gust Factor Calculations: Empty, Corroded

Vessel is considered a rigid structure as $n_1 = 7.6650 \text{ Hz}$ $\leq$ 11 Hz .

$$\begin{aligned}
 z^- &= 0.60 * h \\
 &= 0.60 * 26.5408 \\
 &= 15.9245 \\
 I_{z^-} &= c * (33 / z^-)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2000 * (33 / 15.9245)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2258 \\
 L_{z^-} &= l * (z^- / 33)^{eP} \\
 &= 500.0000 * (15.9245 / 33)^{0.2000} \\
 &= 432.1957 \\
 Q &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((b + h) / L_{z^-})^{0.63})) \\
 &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((4.0912 + 26.5408) / 432.1957)^{0.63})) \\
 &= 0.9454 \\
 G &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * g_Q * I_{z^-} * Q) / (1 + 1.7 * g_v * I_{z^-}) \\
 &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258 * 0.9454) / (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258) \\
 &= 0.8964
 \end{aligned}$$

Gust Factor Calculations: Vacuum, Corroded

Vessel is considered a rigid structure as $n_1 = 6.9213 \text{ Hz}$ i ñ Hz .

$$\begin{aligned}
 z^- &= 0.60 * h \\
 &= 0.60 * 26.5408 \\
 &= 15.9245 \\
 I_{z^-} &= c * (33 / z^-)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2000 * (33 / 15.9245)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2258 \\
 L_{z^-} &= l * (z^- / 33)^{ep} \\
 &= 500.0000 * (15.9245 / 33)^{0.2000} \\
 &= 432.1957 \\
 Q &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((b + h) / L_{z^-})^{0.63})) \\
 &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((4.0912 + 26.5408) / 432.1957)^{0.63})) \\
 &= 0.9454 \\
 G &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * g_Q * I_{z^-} * Q) / (1 + 1.7 * g_v * I_{z^-}) \\
 &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258 * 0.9454) / (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258) \\
 &= 0.8964
 \end{aligned}$$

Gust Factor Calculations: hydrotest, New, field

Vessel is considered a rigid structure as $n_1 = 6.3385 \text{ Hz}$ i ñ Hz .

$$\begin{aligned}
 z^- &= 0.60 * h \\
 &= 0.60 * 26.5408 \\
 &= 15.9245 \\
 I_{z^-} &= c * (33 / z^-)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2000 * (33 / 15.9245)^{1/6} \\
 &= 0.2258 \\
 L_{z^-} &= l * (z^- / 33)^{ep} \\
 &= 500.0000 * (15.9245 / 33)^{0.2000} \\
 &= 432.1957 \\
 Q &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((b + h) / L_{z^-})^{0.63})) \\
 &= \text{Sqr}(1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((4.0912 + 26.5408) / 432.1957)^{0.63})) \\
 &= 0.9454 \\
 G &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * g_Q * I_{z^-} * Q) / (1 + 1.7 * g_v * I_{z^-}) \\
 &= 0.925 * (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258 * 0.9454) / (1 + 1.7 * 3.40 * 0.2258) \\
 &= 0.8964
 \end{aligned}$$

Table Lookup Values

$\alpha = 9.5000$, $Z_g = 900.0000$	[Table 6-2, page 78]
$c = 0.2000$, $l = 500.0000$, $ep = 0.2000$	[Table 6-2, page 78]
$a^- = 0.1538$, $b^- = 0.6500$	[Table 6-2, page 78]
$g_Q = 3.40$	[6.5.8.1 page 26]
$g_v = 3.40$	[6.5.8.1 page 26]

Seismic Code

Method of seismic analysis:	ASCE 7-05 ground supported
Site Class	C
Importance Factor:	I = 1.2500
Spectral Response Acceleration at short period (% g)	S _s = 16.30%
Spectral Response Acceleration at period of 1 sec (% g)	S ₁ = 9.90%
Response Modification Coefficient from Table 15.4-2	R = 3.0000
Acceleration based site co-efficient:	F _a = 1.2000
Velocity based site co-efficient:	F _v = 1.7000
Long-period transition period:	T _L = 12.0000
Redundancy factor:	ρ = 1.0000
User Defined Vertical Accelerations Considered:	Yes
Force Multiplier:	= 0.3333
Minimum Weight Multiplier:	= 0.2000

12.4.2.3 Basic Load Combinations for Allowable Stress Design

The following load combinations are considered in accordance with ASCE section 2.4.1:

5. $D + P + P_s + 0.7E = (1.0 + V_{Accel})D + P + P_s + 0.7\rho Q_E$
8. $0.6D + P + P_s + 0.7E = (0.6 - V_{Accel})D + P + P_s + 0.7\rho Q_E$

Where

- D = Dead load
- P = Internal or external pressure load
- P_s = Static head load
- E = Seismic load = ρQ_E
- V_{Accel} = User defined vertical acceleration

Vessel Characteristics

- Vessel height: 26.5408 ft
- Vessel Weight:
- Operating, Corroded: 26,180 lb

Empty, Corroded: 20,180 lb

Vacuum, Corroded: 26,180 lb

Period of Vibration Calculation

- Fundamental Period, T:
- Operating, Corroded: 0.145 sec (f = 6.9 Hz)

Empty, Corroded: 0.130 sec (f = 7.7 Hz)

Vacuum, Corroded: 0.144 sec (f = 6.9 Hz)

The fundamental period of vibration T (above) is calculated using the Rayleigh method of approximation:

$T = 2 * PI * Sqr(\{Sum(W_i * y_i^2)\} / \{g * Sum(W_i * y_i)\})$, where

W_i is the weight of the i^{th} lumped mass, and
 y_i is its deflection when the system is treated as a cantilever beam.

Seismic Shear Reports:

- Operating, Corroded
- Empty, Corroded
- Vacuum, Corroded

Base Shear Calculations

Seismic Shear Report: Operating, Corroded



Component	Elevation of bottom above base (in)	Elastic modulus E (10 ⁶ psi)	Inertia I (ft ⁴)	Seismic shear at Bottom (lbf)	Bending Moment at Bottom (lbf-ft)
TOP HEAD	304.0551	27.3	*	198	295
SHELL	163.9764	27.3	1.0618	804	7,188
BTM HEAD (top)	159.0236	27.3	*	935	20,448
UPPER SKIRT	124.6063	27.3	0.8303	975	23,150
LOWER SKIRT	0	29.4	0.8303	996	33,380
*Moment of Inertia I varies over the length of the component					

Seismic Shear Report: Empty, Corroded

Component	Elevation of bottom above base (in)	Elastic modulus E (10 ⁶ psi)	Inertia I (ft ⁴)	Seismic shear at Bottom (lbf)	Bending Moment at Bottom (lbf-ft)
TOP HEAD	304.0551	28.3	*	198	295
SHELL	163.9764	28.3	1.0618	597	6,469
BTM HEAD (top)	159.0236	28.3	*	718	19,641
UPPER SKIRT	124.6063	28.3	0.8303	747	21,692
LOWER SKIRT	0	29.4	0.8303	768	29,552
*Moment of Inertia I varies over the length of the component					

Seismic Shear Report: Vacuum, Corroded

Component	Elevation of bottom above base (in)	Elastic modulus E (10 ⁶ psi)	Inertia I (ft ⁴)	Seismic shear at Bottom (lbf)	Bending Moment at Bottom (lbf-ft)
TOP HEAD	304.0551	28.0	*	198	295
SHELL	163.9764	28.0	1.0618	804	7,188
BTM HEAD (top)	159.0236	28.0	*	935	20,448
UPPER SKIRT	124.6063	28.0	0.8303	975	23,150
LOWER SKIRT	0	29.4	0.8303	996	33,380
*Moment of Inertia I varies over the length of the component					

11.4.3: Maximum considered earthquake spectral response acceleration

The maximum considered earthquake spectral response acceleration at short period, S_{MS}

$$S_{MS} = F_a * S_s = 1.2000 * 16.30 / 100 = 0.1956$$

The maximum considered earthquake spectral response acceleration at 1 s period, S_{MI}

$$S_{MI} = F_v * S_1 = 1.7000 * 9.90 / 100 = 0.1683$$

11.4.4: Design spectral response acceleration parameters

Design earthquake spectral response acceleration at short period, S_{DS}

$$S_{DS} = 2 / 3 * S_{MS} = 2 / 3 * 0.1956 = 0.1304$$

Design earthquake spectral response acceleration at 1 s period, S_{DI}

$$S_{DI} = 2 / 3 * S_{MI} = 2 / 3 * 0.1683 = 0.1122$$

User Defined Vertical Acceleration Term, V_{Accel}

Factor is applied to dead load.

Compressive Side: $= 1.0 + V_{Accel}$

Tensile Side: $= 0.6 - V_{Accel}$

V_{Accel} Term is: greater of (Force Mult * Base Shear / Weight) or (Min. Weight Mult.)	
Force multiplier = 0.3333	Minimum Weight Multiplier = 0.2000

Condition	Base Shear (lbf)	Weight (lb)	Force Mult * Shear Weight	V _{Accel}
Operating, Corroded	996	26,180	0.0127	0.2
Operating, New	1,031	27,106	0.0127	0.2
Empty, Corroded	768	20,180.1	0.0127	0.2
Empty, New	804	21,140.2	0.0127	0.2
Vacuum, Corroded	996	26,180	0.0127	0.2

Base Shear Calculations

Operating, Corroded
Empty, Corroded
Vacuum, Corroded

Base Shear Calculations: Operating, Corroded**Paragraph 15.4.4: Period Determination**

Fundamental Period is taken from the Rayleigh method listed previously in this report.
T = 0.1447 sec.

12.8.1: Calculation of Seismic Response Coefficient

C_s is the value computed below, bounded by C_{sMin} and C_{sMax} :

C_{sMin} is 0.03; in addition, if $S_I \geq 0.6g$, C_{sMin} shall not be less than eqn 15.4-2.

C_{sMax} calculated with 12.8-3 because $(T = 0.1447) \leq (T_L = 12.0000)$

$$C_s = S_{DS} / (R / I) = 0.1304 / (3.0000 / 1.2500) = 0.0543$$

$$C_{sMin} = 0.03$$

$$C_{sMax} = S_{DI} / (T * (R / I)) = 0.1122 / (0.1447 * (3.0000 / 1.2500)) = 0.3231$$

$$C_s = 0.0543$$

12.8.1: Calculation of Base Shear

$$\begin{aligned} V &= C_s * W \\ &= 0.0543 * 26179.9922 \\ &= 1,422.45 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

12.4.2.1 Seismic Load Combinations: Horizontal Seismic Load Effect, E_h

$$Q_E = V$$

$$E_h = 0.7 * \rho * Q_E \text{ (Only 70\% of seismic load considered as per Section 2.4.1)}$$

$$= 0.70 * 1.0000 * 1,422.45$$

$$= 995.71 \text{ lb}$$

Base Shear Calculations: Empty, Corroded**Paragraph 15.4.4: Period Determination**

Fundamental Period is taken from the Rayleigh method listed previously in this report.
T = 0.1305 sec.

12.8.1: Calculation of Seismic Response Coefficient

C_s is the value computed below, bounded by C_{sMin} and C_{sMax} :

C_{sMin} is 0.03; in addition, if $S_I \geq 0.6g$, C_{sMin} shall not be less than eqn 15.4-2.

C_{sMax} calculated with 12.8-3 because $(T = 0.1305) \leq (T_L = 12.0000)$

$$C_s = S_{DS} / (R / I) = 0.1304 / (3.0000 / 1.2500) = 0.0543$$

$$C_{sMin} = 0.03$$

$$C_{sMax} = S_{DI} / (T * (R / I)) = 0.1122 / (0.1305 * (3.0000 / 1.2500)) = 0.3583$$

$$C_s = 0.0543$$

12.8.1: Calculation of Base Shear

$$\begin{aligned} V &= C_s * W \\ &= 0.0543 * 20180.1094 \\ &= 1,096.45 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

12.4.2.1 Seismic Load Combinations: Horizontal Seismic Load Effect, E_h

$$Q_E = V$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_h &= 0.7 * \rho * Q_E \text{ (Only 70\% of seismic load considered as per Section 2.4.1)} \\ &= 0.70 * 1.0000 * 1,096.45 \\ &= 767.52 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

Base Shear Calculations: Vacuum, Corroded

Paragraph 15.4.4: Period Determination

Fundamental Period is taken from the Rayleigh method listed previously in this report.

$$T = 0.1445 \text{ sec.}$$

12.8.1: Calculation of Seismic Response Coefficient

C_s is the value computed below, bounded by $C_{s\text{Min}}$ and $C_{s\text{Max}}$:

$C_{s\text{Min}}$ is 0.03; in addition, if $S_1 \geq 0.6g$, $C_{s\text{Min}}$ shall not be less than eqn 15.4-2.

$C_{s\text{Max}}$ calculated with 12.8-3 because $(T = 0.1445) \leq (T_L = 12.0000)$

$$C_s = S_{DS} / (R / I) = 0.1304 / (3.0000 / 1.2500) = 0.0543$$

$$C_{s\text{Min}} = 0.03$$

$$C_{s\text{Max}} = S_{DI} / (T * (R / I)) = 0.1122 / (0.1445 * (3.0000 / 1.2500)) = 0.3236$$

$$C_s = 0.0543$$

12.8.1: Calculation of Base Shear

$$\begin{aligned} V &= C_s * W \\ &= 0.0543 * 26179.9922 \\ &= 1,422.45 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

12.4.2.1 Seismic Load Combinations: Horizontal Seismic Load Effect, E_h

$$Q_E = V$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_h &= 0.7 * \rho * Q_E \text{ (Only 70\% of seismic load considered as per Section 2.4.1)} \\ &= 0.70 * 1.0000 * 1,422.45 \\ &= 995.71 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

TOP HEAD**ASME Section VIII, Division 1, 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda**

Component: Ellipsoidal Head
 Material Specification: SA-240 304L (II-D p.82, ln. 38)
 Material Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.17707)

Internal design pressure: $P = 50$ psi @ 250 °F
 External design pressure: $P_e = 15$ psi @ 115 °F

Static liquid head:

$P_s = 0$ psi (SG=1.015, $H_s=0$ " Operating head)
 $P_{th} = 2.0407$ psi (SG=1, $H_c=56.5341$ " Horizontal test head)
 $P_{tv} = 1.0829$ psi (SG=1, $H_s=30$ " Vertical test head)

Corrosion allowance: Inner C = 0.063" Outer C = 0"

Design MDMT = 10°F No impact test performed
 Rated MDMT = -320°F Material is not normalized
 Material is not produced to fine grain practice
 PWHT is not performed
 Do not Optimize MDMT / Find MAWP

Radiography: Category A joints - Full UW-11(a) Type 1
 Head to shell seam - Spot UW-11(a)(5)(b) Type 1

Estimated weight*: new = 394.2 lb corr = 343.3 lb
 Capacity*: new = 78.1 US gal corr = 78.8 US gal
 * includes straight flange

Inner diameter = 47.9921"
 Minimum head thickness = 0.4685"
 Head ratio D/2h = 2 (new)
 Head ratio D/2h = 1.9948 (corroded)
 Straight flange length L_{sf} = 1.9685"
 Nominal straight flange thickness t_{sf} = 0.5512"

Results Summary

The governing condition is external pressure.
 Minimum thickness per UG-16 = $0.0625" + 0.063" = 0.1255"$
 Design thickness due to internal pressure (t) = 0.1349"
 Design thickness due to external pressure (t_e) = 0.1893"
 Maximum allowable external pressure (MAEP) = 82.33 psi

K (Corroded)

$$K = \frac{(1/6)[2 + (D / (2*h))^2]}{(1/6)[2 + (48.1181 / (2*12.061))^2]} = 0.996522$$

K (New)

$$K = \frac{(1/6)[2 + (D / (2*h))^2]}{(1/6)[2 + (47.9921 / (2*11.998))^2]} = 1$$

Design thickness for internal pressure, (Corroded at 250 °F) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$t = \frac{P*D*K}{(2*S*E - 0.2*P) + \text{Corrosion}} = \frac{50*48.1181*0.996522}{(2*16,700*1 - 0.2*50) + 0.063} = 0.1348"$$

The head internal pressure design thickness is 0.1349".

Design thickness for external pressure, (Corroded at 115 °F) UG-33(d)

Equivalent outside spherical radius (R_o)

$$R_o = \frac{K_o * D_o}{0.8831*48.9291}$$

$$= 43.2088 \text{ in}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (43.2088 / 0.126208) \\ &= 0.000365 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From Table HA-3:B} = 5,135.418 \text{ psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= B / (R_o / t) \\ &= 5,135.418 / (43.2088 / 0.1262) \\ &= 15 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

$$t = 0.1262" + \text{Corrosion} = 0.1262" + 0.063" = 0.1892"$$

Check the external pressure per UG-33(a)(1) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= 1.67 * P_e * D * K / (2 * S * E - 0.2 * 1.67 * P_e) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 1.67 * 15 * 48.1181 * 0.996522 / (2 * 16,700 * 1 - 0.2 * 1.67 * 15) + 0.063 \\ &= 0.099" \end{aligned}$$

The head external pressure design thickness (t_c) is 0.1892".

Maximum Allowable External Pressure, (Corroded at 115 °F) UG-33(d)

Equivalent outside spherical radius (R_o)

$$\begin{aligned} R_o &= K_o * D_o \\ &= 0.8831 * 48.9291 \\ &= 43.2088 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (43.2088 / 0.405504) \\ &= 0.001173 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From Table HA-3:B} = 8,772.8906 \text{ psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= B / (R_o / t) \\ &= 8,772.891 / (43.2088 / 0.4055) \\ &= 82.3315 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Check the Maximum External Pressure, UG-33(a)(1) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 * S * E * t / ((K * D + 0.2 * t) * 1.67) - P_{s2} \\ &= 2 * 16,700 * 1 * 0.4055 / (((0.996522 * 48.1181 + 0.2 * 0.4055) * 1.67) - 0) \\ &= 168.85 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable external pressure (MAEP) is 82.33 psi.

% Forming strain - UHA-44(a)(2)(b)

$$\begin{aligned} EFE &= (75 * t / R_f) * (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (75 * 0.5512 / 8.4343) * (1 - 8.4343 / Y_{\text{UE}}) \\ &= 4.9013\% \end{aligned}$$

SHELL**ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda**

Component: Cylinder
 Material specification: SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
 Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15623)

Internal design pressure: $P = 50$ psi @ 250 °F
 External design pressure: $P_e = 15$ psi @ 115 °F

Static liquid head:

$P_s = 2.82$ psi (SG = 1.015, $H_s = 77.0315'$, Operating head)
 $P_{th} = 2.04$ psi (SG = 1, $H_s = 56.5341'$, Horizontal test head)
 $P_{tv} = 6.21$ psi (SG = 1, $H_s = 172.0472'$, Vertical test head)

Corrosion allowance Inner C = 0.063" Outer C = 0"

Design MDMT = 10 °F No impact test performed
 Rated MDMT = -320 °F Material is not normalized
 Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice
 PWHIT is not performed

Radiography: Longitudinal joint - Spot UW-11(b) Type 1
 Top circumferential joint - Spot UW-11(a)(5)b Type 1
 Bottom circumferential joint - Spot UW-11(a)(5)b Type 1

Estimated weight New = 3,282.7 lb corr = 2,911.4 lb
 Capacity New = 1,096.96 US gal corr = 1,102.73 US gal

ID = 47.9921"
 Length $L_c = 140.0787'$
 t = 0.5512"

Design thickness, (at 250 °F) UG-27(c)(1)

t = $P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion}$
 = $52.82 \cdot 24.0591 / (16,700 \cdot 0.85 - 0.60 \cdot 52.82) + 0.063$
 = 0.1528"

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$L / D_o = 152.0564 / 49.0945 = 3.0972$
 $D_o / t = 49.0945 / 0.254 = 193.3211$
 From table G: A = 0.000154
 From table HA-3: B = 2,174.8667 psi

$P_a = 4 \cdot B / (3 \cdot (D_o / t))$
 = $4 \cdot 2,174.87 / (3 \cdot (49.0945 / 0.254))$
 = 15 psi

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.254 + 0.063 = 0.317'$

Maximum Allowable External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$L / D_o = 152.0564 / 49.0945 = 3.0972$
 $D_o / t = 49.0945 / 0.4882 = 100.5661$
 From table G: A = 0.000399
 From table HA-3: B = 5,583.8892 psi

$P_a = 4 \cdot B / (3 \cdot (D_o / t))$
 = $4 \cdot 5,583.89 / (3 \cdot (49.0945 / 0.4882))$
 = 74.03 psi

% Forming strain - UHA-44(a)(2)(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 EFE &= (50 * t / R_f) * (1 - R_f / R_o) \\
 &= (50 * 0.5512 / 24.2717) * (1 - 24.2717 / 24.2717) \\
 &= 1.1354\%
 \end{aligned}$$

External Pressure + Weight + Wind Loading Check (Bergman, ASME paper 54-A-104)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_v &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m) + M / (\pi * R_m^2) \\
 &= 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032) + 346,930 / (\pi * 24.3032^2) \\
 &= 268.5665 \text{ lb/in} \\
 \alpha &= P_v / (P_c * D_o) \\
 &= 268.5665 / (15 * 49.0945) \\
 &= 0.3647 \\
 n &= 3 \\
 m &= 1.23 / (L / D_o)^2 \\
 &= 1.23 / (152.0564 / 49.0945)^2 \\
 &= 0.1282 \\
 \text{Ratio } P_c &= (n^2 - 1 + m + m * \alpha) / (n^2 - 1 + m) \\
 &= (3^2 - 1 + 0.1282 + 0.1282 * 0.3647) / (3^2 - 1 + 0.1282) \\
 &= 1.0058 \\
 \text{Ratio } P_c * P_{c,i} &\geq \text{MAEP design cylinder thickness is satisfactory.}
 \end{aligned}$$

External Pressure + Weight + Seismic Loading Check (Bergman, ASME paper 54-A-104)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_v &= (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m) + M / (\pi * R_m^2) \\
 &= 1.20 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032) + 86,256 / (\pi * 24.3032^2) \\
 &= 144.4038 \text{ lb/in} \\
 \alpha &= P_v / (P_c * D_o) \\
 &= 144.4038 / (15 * 49.0945) \\
 &= 0.1961 \\
 n &= 3 \\
 m &= 1.23 / (L / D_o)^2 \\
 &= 1.23 / (152.0564 / 49.0945)^2 \\
 &= 0.1282 \\
 \text{Ratio } P_c &= (n^2 - 1 + m + m * \alpha) / (n^2 - 1 + m) \\
 &= (3^2 - 1 + 0.1282 + 0.1282 * 0.1961) / (3^2 - 1 + 0.1282) \\
 &= 1.0031 \\
 \text{Ratio } P_c * P_{c,i} &\geq \text{MAEP design cylinder thickness is satisfactory.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness = 0.317"

The governing condition is due to external pressure.

The cylinder thickness of 0.5512" is adequate.

Thickness Required Due to Pressure + External Loads

Condition	Pressure P (psi)	Allowable Stress Before UG-23 Stress Increase (psi)		Temperature (°F)	Corrosion C (in)	Load	Req'd Thk Due to Tension (in)	Req'd Thk Due to Compression (in)
		S _t	S _c					
Operating, Hot & Corroded	50	16,700	8,221	250	0.063	Wind	0.0434	0.0195
						Seismic	0.0361	0.0268
Operating, Hot & New	50	16,700	8,402	250	0	Wind	0.0432	0.0192
						Seismic	0.036	0.0264

Hot Shut Down, Corroded	0	16,700	8,221	250	0.063	Wind	0.0081	0.0272
						Seismic	0.0008	0.0146
Hot Shut Down, New	0	16,700	8,402	250	0	Wind	0.008	0.027
						Seismic	0.0008	0.0149
Empty, Corroded	0	16,700	10,519	68	0.063	Wind	0.0081	0.0213
						Seismic	0.0005	0.011
Empty, New	0	16,700	10,760	68	0	Wind	0.008	0.0211
						Seismic	0.0006	0.0112
Vacuum	-15	16,700	10,263	115	0.063	Wind	0.0034	0.0365
						Seismic	0.0135	0.0264
Hot Shut Down, Corroded, Weight & Eccentric Moments Only	0	16,700	8,221	250	0.063	Weight	0.0082	0.0117

Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded- S_{cHC} , (table HA-3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.125 / (R_0 / t) \\
 &= 0.125 / (24.5472 / 0.4882) \\
 &= 0.002486 \\
 B &= 8,221 \text{ psi} \\
 S &= 16,700 / 1.00 = 16,700 \text{ psi} \\
 S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 8,221 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New- S_{cHN} , (table HA-3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.125 / (R_0 / t) \\
 &= 0.125 / (24.5472 / 0.5512) \\
 &= 0.002807 \\
 B &= 8,402 \text{ psi} \\
 S &= 16,700 / 1.00 = 16,700 \text{ psi} \\
 S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 8,402 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New- S_{cCN} , (table HA-3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.125 / (R_0 / t) \\
 &= 0.125 / (24.5472 / 0.5512) \\
 &= 0.002807 \\
 B &= 10,760 \text{ psi} \\
 S &= 16,700 / 1.00 = 16,700 \text{ psi} \\
 S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 10,760 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded- S_{cCC} , (table HA-3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.125 / (R_0 / t) \\
 &= 0.125 / (24.5472 / 0.4882) \\
 &= 0.002486 \\
 B &= 10,519 \text{ psi} \\
 S &= 16,700 / 1.00 = 16,700 \text{ psi} \\
 S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 10,519 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded- S_{cVC} , (table HA-3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.125 / (R_0 / t) \\
 &= 0.125 / (24.5472 / 0.4882) \\
 &= 0.002486 \\
 B &= 10,263 \text{ psi} \\
 S &= 16,700 / 1.00 = 16,700 \text{ psi} \\
 S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 10,263 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Operating, Hot & Corroded, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_p &= P \cdot R / (2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c + 0.40 \cdot |P|) && \text{(Pressure)} \\
 &= 50 \cdot 24.0591 / (2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85 + 0.40 \cdot |50|) \\
 &= 0.0353'' \\
 t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 346,930 / (\pi \cdot 24.3032^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.011'' \\
 t_w &= 0.6 \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 0.60 \cdot 12,460.3 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.3032 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.0029'' \\
 t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
 &= 0.0353 + 0.011 - (0.0029) \\
 &= 0.0434'' \\
 t_{wc} &= W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 12,460.3 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.3032 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.0048'' \\
 t_c &= |t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc}| && \text{(total, net tensile)} \\
 &= |0.011 + (0.0048) - (0.0353)| \\
 &= 0.0195''
 \end{aligned}$$

Operating, Hot & New, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_p &= P \cdot R / (2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c + 0.40 \cdot |P|) && \text{(Pressure)} \\
 &= 50 \cdot 23.9961 / (2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85 + 0.40 \cdot |50|) \\
 &= 0.0352'' \\
 t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 347,264 / (\pi \cdot 24.2717^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.011'' \\
 t_w &= 0.6 \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 0.60 \cdot 12,929.4 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.2717 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.003'' \\
 t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
 &= 0.0352 + 0.011 - (0.003) \\
 &= 0.0432'' \\
 t_{wc} &= W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 12,929.4 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.2717 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.005'' \\
 t_c &= |t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc}| && \text{(total, net tensile)} \\
 &= |0.011 + (0.005) - (0.0352)| \\
 &= 0.0192''
 \end{aligned}$$

Hot Shut Down, Corroded, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_p &= 0'' && \text{(Pressure)} \\
 t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 346,930 / (\pi \cdot 24.3032^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.011'' \\
 t_w &= 0.6 \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 0.60 \cdot 12,460.3 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.3032 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\
 &= 0.0029'' \\
 t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
 &= 0 + 0.011 - (0.0029) \\
 &= 0.0081''
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{mc} &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 346,930 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 8,221.21 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.019" \\
 t_{wc} &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 8,221.21 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.0083" \\
 t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\
 &= 0.019 + (0.0083) - (0) \\
 &= 0.0272"
 \end{aligned}$$

Hot Shut Down, New, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_p &= 0" && \text{(Pressure)} \\
 t_m &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 347,264 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
 &= 0.011" \\
 t_w &= 0.6 * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 0.60 * 12,929.4 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
 &= 0.003" \\
 t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
 &= 0 + 0.011 - (0.003) \\
 &= 0.008" \\
 t_{mc} &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 347,264 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 8,401.54 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.0186" \\
 t_{wc} &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 12,929.4 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 8,401.54 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.0084" \\
 t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\
 &= 0.0186 + (0.0084) - (0) \\
 &= 0.027"
 \end{aligned}$$

Empty, Corroded, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_p &= 0" && \text{(Pressure)} \\
 t_m &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 346,930 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
 &= 0.011" \\
 t_w &= 0.6 * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 0.60 * 12,414 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
 &= 0.0029" \\
 t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
 &= 0 + 0.011 - (0.0029) \\
 &= 0.0081" \\
 t_{mc} &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
 &= 346,930 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 10,518.68 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.0148" \\
 t_{wc} &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
 &= 12,414 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,518.68 * 1.20) \\
 &= 0.0064" \\
 t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\
 &= 0.0148 + (0.0064) - (0) \\
 &= 0.0213"
 \end{aligned}$$

Empty, New, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
t_p &= 0'' && \text{(Pressure)} \\
t_m &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\
&= 347,264 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
&= 0.011'' \\
t_w &= 0.6 * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\
&= 0.60 * 12,883.1 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85) \\
&= 0.003'' \\
t_t &= t_p + t_m + t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\
&= 0 + 0.011 + (0.003) \\
&= 0.008'' \\
t_{mc} &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
&= 347,264 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 10,759.82 * 1.20) \\
&= 0.0145'' \\
t_{wc} &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
&= 12,883.1 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 10,759.82 * 1.20) \\
&= 0.0065'' \\
t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\
&= 0.0145 + (0.0065) - (0) \\
&= 0.0211''
\end{aligned}$$

Vacuum, Wind, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
t_p &= P * R / (2 * S_c * K_s + 0.40 * |P|) && \text{(Pressure)} \\
&= -15 * 24.0591 / (2 * 10,262.63 * 1.20 + 0.40 * |15|) \\
&= -0.0146'' \\
t_m &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
&= 346,930 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 10,262.63 * 1.20) \\
&= 0.0152'' \\
t_w &= 0.6 * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
&= 0.60 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,262.63 * 1.20) \\
&= 0.004'' \\
t_t &= |t_p + t_m - t_w| && \text{(total, net compressive)} \\
&= |-0.0146 + 0.0152 - (0.004)| \\
&= 0.0034'' \\
t_{vc} &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
&= 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,262.63 * 1.20) \\
&= 0.0066'' \\
t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\
&= 0.0152 + (0.0066) - (-0.0146) \\
&= 0.0365''
\end{aligned}$$

Hot Shut Down, Corroded, Weight & Eccentric Moments Only, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned}
t_p &= 0'' && \text{(Pressure)} \\
t_m &= M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) && \text{(bending)} \\
&= 26,523 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 8,221.21 * 1.00) \\
&= 0.0017'' \\
t_w &= W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) && \text{(Weight)} \\
&= 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 8,221.21 * 1.00) \\
&= 0.0099'' \\
t_t &= |t_p + t_m - t_w| && \text{(total, net compressive)} \\
&= |0 + 0.0017 - (0.0099)|
\end{aligned}$$

$$= 0.0082''$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} && \text{(total required, compressive)} \\ &= 0.0017 + (0.0099) - (0) \\ &= 0.0117'' \end{aligned}$$

Operating, Hot & Corroded, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned} t_p &= P \cdot R / (2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c + 0.40 \cdot |P|) && \text{(Pressure)} \\ &= 50 \cdot 24.0591 / (2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85 + 0.40 \cdot |50|) \\ &= 0.0353'' \\ t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\ &= 86,256 / (\pi \cdot 24.3032^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.0027'' \\ t_w &= (0.6 - V_{Accel}) \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\ &= 0.40 \cdot 12,460.3 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.3032 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.0019'' \\ t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\ &= 0.0353 + 0.0027 - (0.0019) \\ &= 0.0361'' \\ t_{wc} &= (1 + V_{Accel}) \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\ &= 1.20 \cdot 12,460.3 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.3032 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.0057'' \\ t_c &= |t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc}| && \text{(total, net tensile)} \\ &= |0.0027 + (0.0057) - (0.0353)| \\ &= 0.0268'' \end{aligned}$$

Operating, Hot & New, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned} t_p &= P \cdot R / (2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c + 0.40 \cdot |P|) && \text{(Pressure)} \\ &= 50 \cdot 23.9961 / (2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85 + 0.40 \cdot |50|) \\ &= 0.0352'' \\ t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\ &= 88,852 / (\pi \cdot 24.2717^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.0028'' \\ t_w &= (0.6 - V_{Accel}) \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\ &= 0.40 \cdot 12,929.4 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.2717 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.002'' \\ t_t &= t_p + t_m - t_w && \text{(total required, tensile)} \\ &= 0.0352 + 0.0028 - (0.002) \\ &= 0.036'' \\ t_{wc} &= (1 + V_{Accel}) \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \\ &= 1.20 \cdot 12,929.4 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 24.2717 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.006'' \\ t_c &= |t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc}| && \text{(total, net tensile)} \\ &= |0.0028 + (0.006) - (0.0352)| \\ &= 0.0264'' \end{aligned}$$

Hot Shut Down, Corroded, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$\begin{aligned} t_p &= 0'' && \text{(Pressure)} \\ t_m &= M / (\pi \cdot R_m^2 \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(bending)} \\ &= 86,256 / (\pi \cdot 24.3032^2 \cdot 16,700 \cdot 1.20 \cdot 0.85) \\ &= 0.0027'' \\ t_w &= (0.6 - V_{Accel}) \cdot W / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_m \cdot S_t \cdot K_s \cdot E_c) && \text{(Weight)} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0.40 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.0019"$$

$$t_t = t_p + t_m - t_w \quad (\text{total required, tensile})$$

$$= 0 + 0.0027 - (0.0019)$$

$$= 0.0008"$$

$$t_{mc} = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 86,256 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 8,221.21 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0047"$$

$$t_{wc} = (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 1.20 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 8,221.21 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0099"$$

$$t_c = t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} \quad (\text{total required, compressive})$$

$$= 0.0047 + (0.0099) - (0)$$

$$= 0.0146"$$

Hot Shut Down, New, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$t_p = 0" \quad (\text{Pressure})$$

$$t_m = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 88,852 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.0028"$$

$$t_w = (0.6 - V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 0.40 * 12,929.4 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.002"$$

$$t_t = t_p + t_m - t_w \quad (\text{total required, tensile})$$

$$= 0 + 0.0028 - (0.002)$$

$$= 0.0008"$$

$$t_{mc} = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 88,852 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 8,401.54 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0048"$$

$$t_{wc} = (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 1.20 * 12,929.4 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 8,401.54 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0101"$$

$$t_c = t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} \quad (\text{total required, compressive})$$

$$= 0.0048 + (0.0101) - (0)$$

$$= 0.0149"$$

Empty, Corroded, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$t_p = 0" \quad (\text{Pressure})$$

$$t_m = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 77,628 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.0025"$$

$$t_w = (0.6 - V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 0.40 * 12,414 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.0019"$$

$$t_t = t_p + t_m - t_w \quad (\text{total required, tensile})$$

$$= 0 + 0.0025 - (0.0019)$$

$$= 0.0005"$$

$$t_{mc} = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 77,628 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 10,518.68 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0033"$$

$$t_{wc} = (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 1.20 * 12,414 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,518.68 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0077"$$

$$t_c = t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} \quad (\text{total required, compressive})$$

$$= 0.0033 + (0.0077) - (0)$$

$$= 0.011"$$

Empty, New, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$t_p = 0" \quad (\text{Pressure})$$

$$t_m = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 80,308 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.0025"$$

$$t_w = (0.6 - V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_t * K_s * E_c) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 0.40 * 12,883.1 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 16,700 * 1.20 * 0.85)$$

$$= 0.002"$$

$$t_t = t_p + t_m - t_w \quad (\text{total required, tensile})$$

$$= 0 + 0.0025 - (0.002)$$

$$= 0.0006"$$

$$t_{mc} = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 80,308 / (\pi * 24.2717^2 * 10,759.82 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0034"$$

$$t_{wc} = (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 1.20 * 12,883.1 / (2 * \pi * 24.2717 * 10,759.82 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0079"$$

$$t_c = t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} \quad (\text{total required, compressive})$$

$$= 0.0034 + (0.0079) - (0)$$

$$= 0.0112"$$

Vacuum, Seismic, Bottom Seam

$$t_p = P * R / (2 * S_c * K_s + 0.40 * |P|) \quad (\text{Pressure})$$

$$= -15 * 24.0591 / (2 * 10,262.63 * 1.20 + 0.40 * |15|)$$

$$= -0.0146"$$

$$t_m = M / (\pi * R_m^2 * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{bending})$$

$$= 86,256 / (\pi * 24.3032^2 * 10,262.63 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0038"$$

$$t_w = (0.6 - V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 0.40 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,262.63 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.0027"$$

$$t_t = |t_p + t_m - t_w| \quad (\text{total, net compressive})$$

$$= |-0.0146 + 0.0038 - (0.0027)|$$

$$= 0.0135"$$

$$t_{wc} = (1 + V_{\text{Accel}}) * W / (2 * \pi * R_m * S_c * K_s) \quad (\text{Weight})$$

$$= 1.20 * 12,460.3 / (2 * \pi * 24.3032 * 10,262.63 * 1.20)$$

$$= 0.008"$$

$$t_c = t_{mc} + t_{wc} - t_{pc} \quad (\text{total required, compressive})$$

$$= 0.0038 + (0.008) - (-0.0146)$$

$$= 0.0264"$$

BTM HEAD**ASME Section VIII, Division 1, 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda**

Component: Ellipsoidal Head
 Material Specification: SA-240 304L (II-D p.82, ln. 38)
 Material Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.18889)

Internal design pressure: $P = 50$ psi @ 250 °F
 External design pressure: $P_e = 15$ psi @ 115 °F

Static liquid head:

$P_s = 3.3363$ psi (SG=1.015, $H_s = 91.061$ " Operating head)
 $P_{th} = 2.0407$ psi (SG=1, $H_s = 56.5341$ " Horizontal test head)
 $P_{tv} = 6.7146$ psi (SG=1, $H_s = 186.0138$ " Vertical test head)

Corrosion allowance: Inner C = 0.063" Outer C = 0"

Design MDMT = 10°F No impact test performed
 Rated MDMT = -320°F Material is not normalized
 Material is not produced to fine grain practice
 PWHT is not performed
 Do not Optimize MDMT / Find MAWP

Radiography: Category A joints - Full UW-11(a) Type 1
 Head to shell seam - Spot UW-11(a)(5)(b) Type 1

Estimated weight*: new = 415.2 lb corr = 361.4 lb
 Capacity*: new = 78.1 US gal corr = 78.8 US gal
 * includes straight flange

Inner diameter = 47.9921"
 Minimum head thickness = 0.4685"
 Head ratio D/2h = 2 (new)
 Head ratio D/2h = 1.9948 (corroded)
 Straight flange length L_{sf} = 1.9685"
 Nominal straight flange thickness t_{sf} = 0.5512"

Results Summary

The governing condition is external pressure.
 Minimum thickness per UG-16 = $0.0625" + 0.063" = 0.1255"$
 Design thickness due to internal pressure (t) = 0.1396"
 Design thickness due to external pressure (t_e) = 0.1893"
 Maximum allowable external pressure (MAEP) = 82.33 psi

K (Corroded)

$$K = \frac{(1/6)[2 + (D / (2*h))^2]}{(1/6)[2 + (48.1181 / (2*12.061))^2]} = 0.996522$$

K (New)

$$K = \frac{(1/6)[2 + (D / (2*h))^2]}{(1/6)[2 + (47.9921 / (2*11.998))^2]} = 1$$

Design thickness for internal pressure, (Corroded at 250 °F) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$t = \frac{P*D*K}{(2*S*E - 0.2*P) + \text{Corrosion}} = \frac{53.34*48.1181*0.996522}{(2*16,700*1 - 0.2*53.34) + 0.063} = 0.1396"$$

The head internal pressure design thickness is 0.1396".

Design thickness for external pressure, (Corroded at 115 °F) UG-33(d)

Equivalent outside spherical radius (R_o)

$$R_o = \frac{K_o * D_o}{0.8831*48.9291}$$

$$= 43.2088 \text{ in}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (43.2088 / 0.126208) \\ &= 0.000365 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From Table HA-3:B} = 5,135.418 \text{ psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= B / (R_o / t) \\ &= 5,135.418 / (43.2088 / 0.1262) \\ &= 15 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

$$t = 0.1262" + \text{Corrosion} = 0.1262" + 0.063" = 0.1892"$$

Check the external pressure per UG-33(a)(1) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= 1.67 * P_e * D * K / (2 * S * E - 0.2 * 1.67 * P_e) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 1.67 * 15 * 48.1181 * 0.996522 / (2 * 16,700 * 1 - 0.2 * 1.67 * 15) + 0.063 \\ &= 0.099" \end{aligned}$$

The head external pressure design thickness (t_c) is 0.1892".

Maximum Allowable External Pressure, (Corroded at 115 °F) UG-33(d)

Equivalent outside spherical radius (R_o)

$$\begin{aligned} R_o &= K_o * D_o \\ &= 0.8831 * 48.9291 \\ &= 43.2088 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (43.2088 / 0.405504) \\ &= 0.001173 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From Table HA-3:B} = 8,772.8906 \text{ psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= B / (R_o / t) \\ &= 8,772.891 / (43.2088 / 0.4055) \\ &= 82.3315 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Check the Maximum External Pressure, UG-33(a)(1) Appendix 1-4(c)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 * S * E * t / ((K * D + 0.2 * t) * 1.67) - P_{s2} \\ &= 2 * 16,700 * 1 * 0.4055 / (((0.996522 * 48.1181 + 0.2 * 0.4055) * 1.67) - 0) \\ &= 168.85 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable external pressure (MAEP) is 82.33 psi.

% Forming strain - UHA-44(a)(2)(b)

$$\begin{aligned} EFE &= (75 * t / R_f) * (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (75 * 0.5512 / 8.4343) * (1 - 8.4343 / Y_{\text{UE}}) \\ &= 4.9013\% \end{aligned}$$

UPPER SKIRT

Material: SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
 Design temperature, operating: 250 °F
 Design temperature, vacuum: 115 °F
 Inner diameter at top, new: 47.7165 in
 Inner diameter at bottom, new: 47.7165 in
 Overall length: 34.4173 in
 Corrosion allowance inside: 0 in
 Corrosion allowance outside: 0.063 in
 Weld joint efficiency top: 0.55
 Weld joint efficiency bottom: 0.7
 Nominal thickness, new: 0.3937 in
 Skirt is attached to: BTM HEAD
 Skirt attachment offset: 4.9528 in down from the top seam

Skirt design thickness, largest of the following + corrosion = 0.1288 in

The governing condition is due to wind, compressive stress at the base, operating & corroded.

The skirt thickness of 0.3937 in is adequate.

Loading	Vessel Condition (Stress)	Governing Skirt Location	Temperature (°F)	Allowable Stress (psi)	Calculated Stress/E	Required thickness (in)
Wind	operating, corroded (+)	bottom	250	16,700	1,090.88	0.0216
Wind	operating, corroded (-)	bottom	250	7,668	1,526.4	0.0658
Wind	operating, new (+)	bottom	250	16,700	905.75	0.0214
Wind	operating, new (-)	bottom	250	7,928.21	1,289.73	0.064
Wind	empty, corroded (+)	top	68	16,700	1,196.06	0.0237
Wind	empty, corroded (-)	bottom	68	9,755.54	1,406.21	0.0477
Wind	empty, new (+)	top	68	16,700	992.89	0.0234
Wind	empty, new (-)	bottom	68	10,127.39	1,189.47	0.0462
Wind	test, new (+)	bottom	68	16,700	325.35	0.0077
Wind	test, new (-)	bottom	68	10,127.39	1,011.06	0.0393
Wind	vacuum, corroded (+)	bottom	115	16,700	1,090.88	0.0216
Wind	vacuum, corroded (-)	bottom	115	9,523.45	1,526.4	0.053
Seismic	operating, corroded (+)	top	250	16,700	404.31	0.008
Seismic	operating, corroded (-)	bottom	250	7,668	1,035.38	0.0447
Seismic	operating, new (+)	top	250	16,700	339.3	0.008
Seismic	operating, new (-)	bottom	250	7,928.21	885.05	0.044
Seismic	empty, corroded (+)	top	68	16,700	462.49	0.0092
Seismic	empty, corroded (-)	bottom	68	9,755.54	861.97	0.0292
Seismic	empty, new (+)	top	68	16,700	387.94	0.0091
Seismic	empty, new (-)	bottom	68	10,127.39	740.47	0.0288
Seismic	vacuum, corroded (+)	top	115	16,700	404.31	0.008
Seismic	vacuum, corroded (-)	bottom	115	9,523.45	1,035.38	0.036

Loading due to wind, operating & corroded

Windward side (tensile)

Required thickness, tensile stress at base:

$$t = -0.6 \cdot W / (\pi \cdot D \cdot S_t \cdot E) + 48 \cdot M / (\pi \cdot D^2 \cdot S_t \cdot E)$$

$$= -0.6*23,798.26 / (\pi*48.0472*16,700*0.7) + 48*52,449.4 / (\pi*48.0472^2*16,700*0.7)$$

$$= 0.0216 \text{ in}$$

Required thickness, tensile stress at the top:

$$t = -0.6*W_t / (\pi*D_t*S_t*E) + 48*M_t / (\pi*D_t^2*S_t*E)$$

$$= -0.6*23,300.05 / (\pi*48.0472*16,700*0.55) + 48*43,260.9 / (\pi*48.0472^2*16,700*0.55)$$

$$= 0.0211 \text{ in}$$

Leeward side (compressive)

Required thickness, compressive stress at base:

$$t = W / (\pi*D*S_c*E_c) + 48*M / (\pi*D^2*S_c*E_c)$$

$$= 23,798.26 / (\pi*48.0472*7,668*1) + 48*52,449.4 / (\pi*48.0472^2*7,668*1)$$

$$= 0.0658 \text{ in}$$

Required thickness, compressive stress at the top:

$$t = W_t / (\pi*D_t*S_c*E_c) + 48*M_t / (\pi*D_t^2*S_c*E_c)$$

$$= 23,300.05 / (\pi*48.0472*7,668*1) + 48*43,260.9 / (\pi*48.0472^2*7,668*1)$$

$$= 0.0575 \text{ in}$$

LOWER SKIRT

Material: SA-516 70 (II-D p. 18, ln. 24)
 Design temperature, operating: 68 °F
 Design temperature, vacuum: 68 °F
 Inner diameter at top, new: 47.7165 in
 Inner diameter at bottom, new: 47.7165 in
 Overall length: 124.6063 in
 Corrosion allowance inside: 0 in
 Corrosion allowance outside: 0.063 in
 Weld joint efficiency top: 0.7
 Weld joint efficiency bottom: 0.7
 Nominal thickness, new: 0.3937 in
 Skirt is attached to: UPPER SKIRT
 Skirt attachment offset: 0 in up from the bottom seam

Skirt design thickness, largest of the following + corrosion = 0.1184 in

The governing condition is due to wind, compressive stress at the base, operating & corroded.

The skirt thickness of 0.3937 in is adequate.

Loading	Vessel Condition (Stress)	Governing Skirt Location	Temperature (°F)	Allowable Stress (psi)	Calculated Stress/E	Required thickness (in)
Wind	operating, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	2,261.23	0.0374
Wind	operating, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	2,402.06	0.0554
Wind	operating, new (+)	bottom	68	20,000	1,881.72	0.037
Wind	operating, new (-)	bottom	68	15,041.35	2,029.33	0.0531
Wind	empty, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	2,364.25	0.0391
Wind	empty, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	2,281.87	0.0526
Wind	empty, new (+)	bottom	68	20,000	1,967.65	0.0387
Wind	empty, new (-)	bottom	68	15,041.35	1,929.07	0.0505
Wind	test, new (+)	bottom	68	20,000	787.05	0.0155
Wind	test, new (-)	bottom	68	15,041.35	1,390.67	0.0364
Wind	vacuum, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	2,261.23	0.0374
Wind	vacuum, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	2,402.06	0.0554
Seismic	operating, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	661.75	0.0109
Seismic	operating, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	1,282.43	0.0296
Seismic	operating, new (+)	bottom	68	20,000	560.76	0.011
Seismic	operating, new (-)	bottom	68	15,041.35	1,104.66	0.0289
Seismic	empty, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	621	0.0103
Seismic	empty, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	1,061.6	0.0245
Seismic	empty, new (+)	bottom	68	20,000	526.94	0.0104
Seismic	empty, new (-)	bottom	68	15,041.35	920.58	0.0241
Seismic	vacuum, corroded (+)	bottom	68	20,000	661.75	0.0109
Seismic	vacuum, corroded (-)	bottom	68	14,339.67	1,282.43	0.0296

Loading due to wind, operating & corroded**Windward side (tensile)**

Required thickness, tensile stress at base:

$$t = -0.6 \cdot W / (\pi \cdot D \cdot S_t \cdot E) + 48 \cdot M / (\pi \cdot D^2 \cdot S_t \cdot E)$$

$$= -0.6 \times 25,558.49 / (\pi \times 48.0472 \times 20,000 \times 0.7) + 48 \times 94,442.3 / (\pi \times 48.0472^2 \times 20,000 \times 0.7)$$

$$= 0.0374 \text{ in}$$

Required thickness, tensile stress at the top:

$$t = -0.6 \times W_t / (\pi \times D_t \times S_t \times E) + 48 \times M_t / (\pi \times D_t^2 \times S_t \times E)$$

$$= -0.6 \times 23,798.26 / (\pi \times 48.0472 \times 20,000 \times 0.7) + 48 \times 52,449.4 / (\pi \times 48.0472^2 \times 20,000 \times 0.7)$$

$$= 0.018 \text{ in}$$

Leeward side (compressive)

Required thickness, compressive stress at base:

$$t = W / (\pi \times D \times S_c \times E_c) + 48 \times M / (\pi \times D^2 \times S_c \times E_c)$$

$$= 25,558.49 / (\pi \times 48.0472 \times 14,340 \times 1) + 48 \times 94,442.3 / (\pi \times 48.0472^2 \times 14,340 \times 1)$$

$$= 0.0554 \text{ in}$$

Required thickness, compressive stress at the top:

$$t = W_t / (\pi \times D_t \times S_c \times E_c) + 48 \times M_t / (\pi \times D_t^2 \times S_c \times E_c)$$

$$= 23,798.26 / (\pi \times 48.0472 \times 14,340 \times 1) + 48 \times 52,449.4 / (\pi \times 48.0472^2 \times 14,340 \times 1)$$

$$= 0.0352 \text{ in}$$

BASE BLOCK

Base configuration:	external bolt chairs
Foundation compressive strength:	1,664 psi
Concrete ultimate 28-day strength:	3,001 psi
Anchor bolt material:	ASTM F1554 GR. 55
Anchor bolt allowable stress, S_b :	24,750 psi
Bolt circle, BC:	51.9685 in
Anchor bolt corrosion allowance (applied to root radius):	0 in
Anchor bolt clearance:	0.4961 in
Base plate material:	SA 516-70
Base plate allowable stress, S_p :	19,999 psi
Base plate inner diameter, D_i :	45.0394 in
Base plate outer diameter, D_o :	55.5118 in
Base plate thickness, t_b :	1.0236 in
Gusset separation, w:	5.9843 in
Gusset height, h:	5.9449 in
Gusset thickness, t_g :	0.5118 in
Compression plate width:	3.5039 in
Compression plate length:	7.9921 in
Compression plate thickness, t_c :	1.0236 in
Initial bolt preload:	0 % (0 psi)
Number of bolts, N:	8
Bolt size and type:	1 inch series 8 threaded
Bolt root area (corroded), A_b :	0.551 in ²
Diameter of anchor bolt holes, d_b :	1.4961 in

Load	Vessel condition	Base M (lb-ft)	W (lb)	Required bolt area (in ²)	t_r Base (in)	Foundation bearing stress (psi)	$t_{r,comp}$ plate (in)	t_r gusset (in)
Wind	operating, corroded	94,442.3	26,180	0.3612	0.673	277.24	0.6208	0.1393
Wind	operating, new	94,487.4	27,106	0.3586	0.6749	278.81	0.6166	0.1388
Wind	empty, corroded	94,442.3	20,180.1	0.3794	0.6609	267.37	0.6481	0.1422
Wind	empty, new	94,487.4	21,140.1	0.3767	0.6631	269.15	0.644	0.1417
Wind	test, new	51,639.9	31,851.7	0.1444	0.5256	169.08	0.3391	0.118
Wind	vacuum, corroded	94,442.3	26,180	0.3612	0.673	277.24	0.6208	0.1393
Seismic	operating, corroded	33,379.9	26,180	0.1028	0.5097	159	0.3159	0.1169
Seismic	operating, new	34,029.3	27,106	0.104	0.5159	162.9	0.3168	0.1169
Seismic	empty, corroded	29,552.3	20,180.1	0.0971	0.4689	134.58	0.3135	0.1168
Seismic	empty, new	30,225.7	21,140.1	0.0983	0.4761	138.73	0.3144	0.1168
Seismic	vacuum, corroded	33,379.9	26,180	0.1028	0.5097	159	0.3159	0.1169

Anchor bolt load (governing)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= -0.6 * W / N + 48 * M / (N * BC) \\
 &= -0.6 * 20,180.1 / 8 + 48 * 94,442.3 / (8 * 51.9685) \\
 &= 9,390.29 \text{ lb}_f
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Required area per bolt} = P / S_b = 0.3794 \text{ in}^2$$

The area provided (0.551 in²) by the specified anchor bolt is adequate.

Support calculations (Jawad & Farr chapter 12, governing)

Base plate width, t_c :	5.2362 in
Average base plate diameter, d:	50.2756 in
Base plate elastic modulus, E_s :	29,000,000 psi
Base plate yield stress, S_y :	30,000 psi

$$E_c = 57,000.00 * \text{Sqr}(3,001) = 3,122,539 \text{ psi}$$

$$n = E_g/E_c = 29,000,000 / 3,122,539 = 9.2873$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_s &= (N \cdot A_b) / (\pi \cdot d) \\ &= (8 \cdot 0.551) / (\pi \cdot 50.2756) \\ &= 0.0279 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

From table 12.4 for k = 0.199136:

$$\begin{aligned} K_1 &= 2.6629, \quad K_2 = 1.215 \\ L_1 &= 15.1311, \quad L_2 = 31.0268, \quad L_3 = 7.9558 \end{aligned}$$

Total tensile force on bolting

$$\begin{aligned} T &= (12 \cdot M - 0.6 \cdot W \cdot (L_1 + L_3)) / (L_2 + L_3) \\ &= (12 \cdot 94,487.4 - 0.6 \cdot 27,105.96 \cdot (15.1311 + 7.9558)) / (31.0268 + 7.9558) \\ &= 19,454.17 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

Tensile stress in bolts use the larger of f_s or bolt preload = 0 psi

$$\begin{aligned} f_s &= T / (t_s \cdot (d / 2) \cdot K_1) \\ &= 19,454.17 / (0.0279 \cdot (50.2756 / 2) \cdot 2.6629) \\ &= 10,414 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Total compressive load on foundation

$$\begin{aligned} C_c &= T + W + \text{Bolt Preload} \\ &= 19,454.17 + 27,105.96 + 0 \\ &= 46,560.13 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

Foundation bearing stress

$$\begin{aligned} f_c &= C_c / (((t_c - t_s) + n \cdot t_s) \cdot (d / 2) \cdot K_2) \\ &= 46,560.13 / (((5.2362 - 0.0279) + 9.2873 \cdot 0.0279) \cdot (50.2756 / 2) \cdot 1.215) \\ &= 279 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

As $f_c \leq 1,664$ psi the base plate width is satisfactory.

$$\begin{aligned} k &= 1 / (1 + f_s / (n \cdot f_c)) \\ &= 1 / (1 + 10,414 / (9.2873 \cdot 279)) \\ &= 0.199136 \end{aligned}$$

Base plate required thickness (governing)

From Brownell & Young, Table 10.3., $l / b = 0.2615$

$$M_x = 0.0061 \cdot 279 \cdot 13.4001^2 = 306.4 \text{ lb}_f$$

$$M_y = -0.4435 \cdot 279 \cdot 3.5039^2 = -1,518.2 \text{ lb}_f$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= (6 \cdot M_{\max} / S_p)^{0.5} \\ &= (6 \cdot 1,518.21 / 19,999)^{0.5} \\ &= 0.6749 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

The base plate thickness is satisfactory.

Check the compression plate for bolt load (Jawad & Farr equation 12.13)

$$\begin{aligned} t_{cr} &= (3.91 \cdot F / (S_y \cdot (2 \cdot b / w + w / (2 \cdot l) - d_b \cdot (2 / w + 1 / (2 \cdot l))))^{0.5} \\ &= (3.91 \cdot 6,338.46 / (30,000 \cdot (2 \cdot 3.5039 / 5.9843 + 5.9843 / (2 \cdot 1.732) - 1.4961 \cdot (2 / 5.9843 + 1 / (2 \cdot 1.732))))^{0.5} \\ &= 0.6481 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

The compression plate thickness is satisfactory.

Check gusset plate thickness (Bednar chapter 4.3)

Radius of gyration of gusset

$$\begin{aligned} r &= 0.289 \cdot t_g \\ &= 0.289 \cdot 0.5118 \\ &= 0.1479 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Cross sectional area of one gusset

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_g &= t_g(b - 0.25) \\
 &= 0.5118(3.5039 - 0.25) \\
 &= 1.6654 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Gusset allowable stress

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_a &= 17000 - 0.485(h / r)^2 \\
 &= 17000 - 0.485(5.9449 / 0.1479)^2 \\
 &= 16,217 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Gusset axial stress due to bolt load

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_g &= F / (2 * A_g) \\
 &= 6,338.46 / (2 * 1.6654) \\
 &= 1,903 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

The gusset plate thickness is satisfactory.

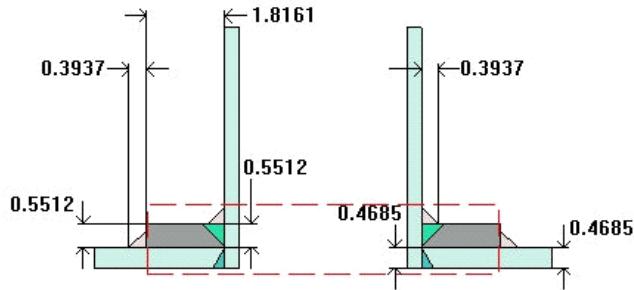
Check skirt thickness for bolt load reaction (Brownell & Young eq. 10.59)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t &= 1.76(F_1 / (M_b * h_c * S_s))^{2/3} (OD_s / 2)^{1/3} \\
 &= 1.76(6,338.46 * 1.7323 / (18,5748 * 7.9921 * 30,000))^{2/3} (48.5039 / 2)^{1/3} \\
 &= 0.093 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

The skirt thickness is satisfactory.

4" (AM)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.4685 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$t_{w(\text{upper})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{42} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$D_p = 8.2678 \text{ in}$$

$$t_c = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	TOP HEAD
Liquid static head included:	0 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-312 TP304L Wld & smls pipe (II-D p. 86, ln. 1)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Nozzle description:	NPS 4 Sch 80S (XS)
Pad material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Pad diameter:	8.2678 in
Flange description:	4 inch Class 150 WN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 2 \frac{1}{2}$ (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F	
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	0 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallie Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	None UW-11(c) Type 1
Nozzle orientation:	290°
Calculated as hillside:	Yes
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.4685 in
End of nozzle to datum line:	174.0157 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	3.826 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.337 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Opening chord length:	4.0761 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	15.3172 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	18.3172 in
Distance to head center, R:	10.7874 in
Pad is split:	No

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 50 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.2636	4.0261	1.3892	0.5436	--	1.9383	0.155	0.2795	0.2949

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (lb _f) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W ₁₋₁	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W ₂₋₂	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W ₃₋₃	Path 3-3 strength
-15,677.64	44,036.87	63,102.7	15,377.74	106,342.36	47,747.99	77,261.84

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.1918	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.1918	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 50 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle rated MDMT per UHA-51(d)(1)(a) = -320 °F.

Pad Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15951).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(4.0761, 2.0381 + (0.337 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 4.0761 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.337 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 50 * 1.976 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 50) \\
 &= 0.0059 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * K_1 * D / (2 * S * E - 0.2 * P) \\
 &= 50 * 0.8976 * 48.1181 / (2 * 16,700 * 1 - 0.2 * 50) \\
 &= 0.0647 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700, S_p = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 4.0761 * 0.0647 * 1 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.0647 * 1 * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.2636 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \text{larger of the following} = 1.3892 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= d * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 4.0761 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) - 2 * 0.274 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 1.3892 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t + t_n) * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 2 * (0.4055 + 0.274) * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) - 2 * 0.274 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.4632 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_2 &= \text{smaller of the following} = 0.5436 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 5 * (t_n - t_m) * f_{r2} * t \\ &= 5 * (0.274 - 0.0059) * 1 * 0.4055 \\ &= 0.5436 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t_n - t_m) * (2.5 * t_n + t_c) * f_{r2} \\ &= 2 * (0.274 - 0.0059) * (2.5 * 0.274 + 0.5512) * 1 \\ &= 0.6629 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= L * e_g^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\ &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= L * e_g^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= 0^2 * 1 \\ &= 0 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_c * f_{r4} \\ &= (8.1522 - 4.6355) * 0.5512 * 1 \\ &= 1.9383 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 1.3892 + 0.5436 + 0.155 + 0 + 1.9383 \\ &= 4.0261 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_c = 0.274 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 0.1918 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_c \text{ or } t = 0.4055 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 0.2028 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.2795 \text{ in}$ ($E = 1$) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): $t_{r2} = 0.1348$ in
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.2704$ in
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1348$ in
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1348$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.2795$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.875 * 0.337 = 0.2949$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Allowable stresses in joints UG-45(c) and UW-15(e)

Groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi
 Nozzle wall in shear: $0.7 * 16,700 = 11,690$ psi
 Inner fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi
 Outer fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi
 Upper groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Strength of welded joints:

- (1) Inner fillet weld in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 22,772.53 \text{ lb}_f$
- (2) Outer fillet weld in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 8.2678 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 41,839.63 \text{ lb}_f$
- (3) Nozzle wall in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 4.226 * 0.274 * 11,690 = 21,263.08 \text{ lb}_f$
- (4) Groove weld in tension
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.4055 * 12,358 = 35,422.21 \text{ lb}_f$
- (6) Upper groove weld in tension
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.5512 * 12,358 = 48,147.63 \text{ lb}_f$

Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\
 &= (0.2636 - 1.3892 + 2 * 0.274 * 1 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647)) * 16,700 \\
 &= -15,677.64 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5436 + 1.9383 + 0.155 + 0) * 16,700 \\
 &= 44,036.87 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5436 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\
 &= 15,377.74 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5436 + 0 + 1.9383 + 0.155 + 0 + 0 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\
 &= 47,747.99 \text{ lb}_f
 \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or $W_{1-1} = -15677.64 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = $41,839.63 + 21,263.08 = 63,102.7 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or $W_{2-2} = -15677.64 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) = $22,772.53 + 35,422.21 + 48,147.63 = 106,342.36 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or $W_{3-3} = -15677.64 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) = $41,839.63 + 35,422.21 = 77,261.84$ lbf
Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -967.83 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_1 = 38,624.29 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_2 = 1,933.46 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_2 = 38,624.29 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_1 = 1,933.46 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 27,254 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 50 \text{ psi}$
 Head yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746 \text{ in}$

$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 0.966$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

Local pressure stress $= I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 2,680 \text{ psi}$

Maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = 35,573 \text{ psi}$

Allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.
 The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = 7,630 \text{ psi}$

Allowable local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.0692	407	407	407	407	407	407	407	407
SR-2	0.037	1,307	-1,307	1,307	-1,307	1,307	-1,307	1,307	-1,307
SR-3*	0.0814	0	0	0	0	-4,543	-4,543	4,543	4,543
SR-3	0.0794	0	0	0	0	-26,591	26,591	26,591	-26,591
SR-3*	0.0814	-4,543	-4,543	4,543	4,543	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0794	-26,591	26,591	26,591	-26,591	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680
Total O _x stress		-26,740	23,828	35,528	-20,268	-26,740	23,828	35,528	-20,268
Membrane O _x stress*		-1,456	-1,456	7,630	7,630	-1,456	-1,456	7,630	7,630
SR-2*	0.0215	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127
SR-2	0.0111	392	-392	392	-392	392	-392	392	-392
SR-3*	0.0245	0	0	0	0	-1,367	-1,367	1,367	1,367
SR-3	0.0239	0	0	0	0	-8,004	8,004	8,004	-8,004
SR-3*	0.0245	-1,367	-1,367	1,367	1,367	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0239	-8,004	8,004	8,004	-8,004	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680
Total O _y stress		-6,172	9,052	12,570	-4,222	-6,172	9,052	12,570	-4,222
Membrane O _y stress*		1,440	1,440	4,174	4,174	1,440	1,440	4,174	4,174
Shear from M _I		647	647	647	647	647	647	647	647
Shear from V _I		0	0	0	0	-373	-373	373	373
Shear from V ₂		373	373	-373	-373	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		1,020	1,020	274	274	274	274	1,020	1,020
Combined stress (P _L +P _b +Q)		-26,790	23,898	35,531	-20,273	-26,744	23,833	35,573	-20,333

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746$ in

$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 0.348$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 0.33279$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

Local pressure stress = $I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 892$ psi

Maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) = 18,439 psi

Allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) = $\pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100$ psi

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material. The maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) = 2,141 psi

Allowable local primary membrane stress (P_L) = $\pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050$ psi

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.1737	184	184	184	184	184	184	184	184
SR-2	0.1208	766	-766	766	-766	766	-766	766	-766
SR-3*	0.1631	0	0	0	0	-1,065	-1,065	1,065	1,065
SR-3	0.3936	0	0	0	0	-15,418	15,418	15,418	-15,418
SR-3*	0.1631	-1,065	-1,065	1,065	1,065	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.3936	-15,418	15,418	15,418	-15,418	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892
Total O _x stress		-14,641	14,663	18,325	-14,043	-14,641	14,663	18,325	-14,043
Membrane O _x stress*		11	11	2,141	2,141	11	11	2,141	2,141
SR-2*	0.0522	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
SR-2	0.0372	236	-236	236	-236	236	-236	236	-236
SR-3*	0.05	0	0	0	0	-326	-326	326	326
SR-3	0.1189	0	0	0	0	-4,658	4,658	4,658	-4,658
SR-3*	0.05	-326	-326	326	326	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.1189	-4,658	4,658	4,658	-4,658	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892
Total O _y stress		-3,801	5,043	6,167	-3,621	-3,801	5,043	6,167	-3,621
Membrane O _y stress*		621	621	1,273	1,273	621	621	1,273	1,273
Shear from M _t		896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896
Shear from V ₁		0	0	0	0	-286	-286	286	286
Shear from V ₂		286	286	-286	-286	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		1,182	1,182	610	610	610	610	1,182	1,182
Combined stress (P _t +P _s +Q)		-14,768	14,806	18,356	-14,079	-14,675	14,702	18,439	-14,175

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 50 \cdot 1.976 / (2 \cdot 0.2319) - 967.83 / (\pi \cdot (2.25^2 - 1.976^2)) + 54,623 \cdot 2.25 / 8.1551 \\ &= 15,550 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (i is = 16,700 psi)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_C^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (1,933.46^2 + 1,933.46^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 1.976 \cdot 0.274) \\ &= 1,608 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 27,254 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 1.976^2 \cdot 0.274) \\ &= 4,054 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 1,608 + 4,054 \\ &= 5,662 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (5,662 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.2572	3.7331	1.1384	0.5015	--	1.9382	0.155	0.2766	0.2949

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.1918	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.1918	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(4.076, 2.038 + (0.337 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 4.076 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.337 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0267$ inFrom UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.1262$ in

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700$, $S_p = 16,700$ psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(4.076*0.1262*1 + 2*0.274*0.1262*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 0.2572 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

 $A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 1.1384 \text{ in}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 4.076*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.274*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 1.1384 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4055 - 0.274)*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.274*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.3796 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

A_2 = smaller of the following = **0.5015** in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(0.274 - 0.0267)*1*0.4055 \\
&= 0.5015 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t_n - t_m)*(2.5*t_n + t_e)*f_{r2} \\
&= 2*(0.274 - 0.0267)*(2.5*0.274 + 0.5512)*1 \\
&= 0.6116 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{41} &= L_e g^2 f_{r3} \\
&= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\
&= \mathbf{0.155} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{42} &= L_e g^2 f_{r4} \\
&= 0^2 * 1 \\
&= \mathbf{0} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2*t_n)*t_e*f_{r4} \\
&= (8.152 - 4.6355)*0.5512*1 \\
&= \mathbf{1.9382} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\
&= 1.1384 + 0.5015 + 0.155 + 0 + 1.9382 \\
&= \mathbf{3.7331} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 0.274 \text{ in} \\
t_{e(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7*t_{\min} = \mathbf{0.1918} \text{ in} \\
t_{e(\text{actual})} &= 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_e \text{ or } t = 0.4055 \text{ in} \\
t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5*t_{\min} = \mathbf{0.2028} \text{ in} \\
t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-45(a): } t_{r1} = 0.2766 \text{ in (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)}$$

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): } t_{r2} = 0.0845 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-16(b): } t_{r3} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): } t_{r4} = 0.2704 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{The greater of } t_{r2} \text{ or } t_{r3}: t_{r5} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{The lesser of } t_{r4} \text{ or } t_{r5}: t_{r6} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Required per UG-45 is the larger of } t_{r1} \text{ or } t_{r6} = \mathbf{0.2766} \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Available nozzle wall thickness new, } t_n = 0.875*0.337 = 0.2949 \text{ in}$$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$\begin{aligned} L / D_o &= 19.4512 / 4.5 = 4.3225 \\ D_o / t &= 4.5 / 0.0267 = 168.8481 \\ \text{From table G: } A &= 0.000134 \\ \text{From table HA-3: } B &= 1,899.5408 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

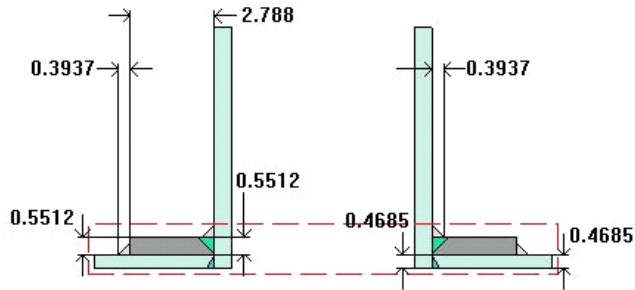
$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= 4*B / (3*(D_o / t)) \\ &= 4*1,899.54 / (3*(4.5 / 0.0267)) \\ &= 15 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0267 + 0.063 = 0.0896"$$

14" (AO)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.4685 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$t_{w(\text{upper})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{42} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$D_p = 19.6849 \text{ in}$$

$$t_c = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	TOP HEAD
Liquid static head included:	0 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Pad material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Pad diameter:	19.6849 in
Flange description:	14 inch Class 150 WN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 2 \frac{1}{2}$ (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F	
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	0 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Spot UW-11(b) Type 1
Nozzle orientation:	125°
Calculated as hillside:	Yes
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.4685 in
End of nozzle to datum line:	174.0157 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	12.8976 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Opening chord length:	13.128 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	12.5519 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	17.5519 in
Distance to head center, R:	5.6693 in
Pad is split:	No

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 50 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.8491	8.808	4.4743	0.9503	--	3.0734	0.31	0.3106	0.5512

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (lb _f) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W ₁₋₁	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W ₂₋₂	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W ₃₋₃	Path 3-3 strength
-54,983.21	72,372.41	220,742.16	25,070.46	330,842.94	78,984.36	209,819

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.3417	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 50 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15951).

Pad Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15951).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(13.128, 6.564 + (0.5512 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 13.128 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 50 * 6.5118 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 50) \\
 &= 0.0195 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * K_1 * D / (2 * S * E - 0.2 * P) \\
 &= 50 * 0.8976 * 48.1181 / (2 * 16,700 * 1 - 0.2 * 50) \\
 &= 0.0647 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700, S_p = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 13.128 * 0.0647 * 1 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.0647 * 1 * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.8491 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 4.4743 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= d * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 13.128 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) - 2 * 0.4882 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 4.4743 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t + t_n) * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 2 * (0.4055 + 0.4882) * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) - 2 * 0.4882 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.6092 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = 0.9503 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5 * (t_n - t_m) * f_{r2} * t \\ &= 5 * (0.4882 - 0.0195) * 1 * 0.4055 \\ &= 0.9503 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t_n - t_m) * (2.5 * t_n + t_e) * f_{r2} \\ &= 2 * (0.4882 - 0.0195) * (2.5 * 0.4882 + 0.5512) * 1 \\ &= 1.6607 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= L * e_g^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\ &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= L * e_g^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\ &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\ &= (19.6849 - 14.1089) * 0.5512 * 1 \\ &= 3.0734 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 4.4743 + 0.9503 + 0.155 + 0.155 + 3.0734 \\ &= 8.808 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 0.4882 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 0.25 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_e \text{ or } t = 0.4055 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 0.2028 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Wall thickness per UG-45(a): } t_{r1} &= 0.3106 \text{ in (E=1) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)} \\ \text{Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): } t_{r2} &= 0.1348 \text{ in} \\ \text{Wall thickness per UG-16(b): } t_{r3} &= 0.1255 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.3911$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1348$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1348$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.3106$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.5512$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Allowable stresses in joints UG-45(c) and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Nozzle wall in shear: $0.7 * 16,700 = 11,690$ psi

Inner fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi

Outer fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi

Upper groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 14 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 70,847.87 \text{ lb}_f$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 19.6849 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 99,616.57 \text{ lb}_f$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 13.5118 * 0.4882 * 11,690 = 121,125.59 \text{ lb}_f$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 14 * 0.4055 * 12,358 = 110,202.44 \text{ lb}_f$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 14 * 0.5512 * 12,358 = 149,792.63 \text{ lb}_f$$

Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (0.8491 - 4.4743 + 2 * 0.4882 * 1 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0647)) * 16,700 \\ &= -54,983.21 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (0.9503 + 3.0734 + 0.155 + 0.155) * 16,700 \\ &= 72,372.41 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (0.9503 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\ &= 25,070.46 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (0.9503 + 0 + 3.0734 + 0.155 + 0.155 + 0 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\ &= 78,984.36 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or $W_{1-1} = -54983.21 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = $99,616.57 + 121,125.6 = 220,742.16 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or $W_{2-2} = -54983.21 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) = $70,847.87 + 110,202.4 + 149,792.6 = 330,842.94 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or $W_{3-3} = -54983.21 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) = $99,616.57 + 110,202.4 = 209,819 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -3,668.5 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_1 = 373,049.91 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_2 = 7,350.22 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_2 = 373,049.91 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_1 = 7,350.22 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 263,773.56 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 50 \text{ psi}$
 Head yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746 \text{ in}$

$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 2.326 > 2.2$ so let $U = 2.2$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

Local pressure stress $= I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 2,680 \text{ psi}$

Maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = 47,727 \text{ psi}$

Allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = + - 3 * S = + - 50,100 \text{ psi}$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = 12,336 \text{ psi}$

Allowable local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = + - 1.5 * S = + - 25,050 \text{ psi}$

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.022	491	491	491	491	491	491	491	491
SR-2	0.01	1,339	-1,339	1,339	-1,339	1,339	-1,339	1,339	-1,339
SR-3*	0.017	0	0	0	0	-9,165	-9,165	9,165	9,165
SR-3	0.0105	0	0	0	0	-33,963	33,963	33,963	-33,963
SR-3*	0.017	-9,165	-9,165	9,165	9,165	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0105	-33,963	33,963	33,963	-33,963	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680
Total O _x stress		-38,618	26,630	47,638	-22,966	-38,618	26,630	47,638	-22,966
Membrane O _x stress*		-5,994	-5,994	12,336	12,336	-5,994	-5,994	12,336	12,336
SR-2*	0.0066	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	147
SR-2	0.003	402	-402	402	-402	402	-402	402	-402
SR-3*	0.005	0	0	0	0	-2,695	-2,695	2,695	2,695
SR-3	0.0032	0	0	0	0	-10,351	10,351	10,351	-10,351
SR-3*	0.005	-2,695	-2,695	2,695	2,695	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0032	-10,351	10,351	10,351	-10,351	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680	2,680
Total O _y stress		-9,817	10,081	16,275	-5,231	-9,817	10,081	16,275	-5,231
Membrane O _y stress*		132	132	5,522	5,522	132	132	5,522	5,522
Shear from M _t		1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081
Shear from V ₁		0	0	0	0	-589	-589	589	589
Shear from V ₂		589	589	-589	-589	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		1,670	1,670	492	492	492	492	1,670	1,670
Combined stress (P _L +P _b +Q)		-38,715	26,797	47,646	-22,980	-38,626	26,645	47,727	-23,122

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746$ in

$$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 1.083$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 0.54842$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

$$\text{Local pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 1,470 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 31,237 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material. The maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 6,108 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.0606	243	243	243	243	243	243	243	243
SR-2	0.0318	765	-765	765	-765	765	-765	765	-765
SR-3*	0.0697	0	0	0	0	-4,395	-4,395	4,395	4,395
SR-3	0.0642	0	0	0	0	-24,289	24,289	24,289	-24,289
SR-3*	0.0697	-4,395	-4,395	4,395	4,395	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0642	-24,289	24,289	24,289	-24,289	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470
Total O _x stress		-26,206	20,842	31,162	-18,946	-26,206	20,842	31,162	-18,946
Membrane O _x stress*		-2,682	-2,682	6,108	6,108	-2,682	-2,682	6,108	6,108
SR-2*	0.0187	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
SR-2	0.0096	231	-231	231	-231	231	-231	231	-231
SR-3*	0.021	0	0	0	0	-1,324	-1,324	1,324	1,324
SR-3	0.0194	0	0	0	0	-7,340	7,340	7,340	-7,340
SR-3*	0.021	-1,324	-1,324	1,324	1,324	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0194	-7,340	7,340	7,340	-7,340	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470
Total O _y stress		-6,888	7,330	10,440	-4,702	-6,888	7,330	10,440	-4,702
Membrane O _y stress*		221	221	2,869	2,869	221	221	2,869	2,869
Shear from M _t		896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896
Shear from V ₁		0	0	0	0	-349	-349	349	349
Shear from V ₂		349	349	-349	-349	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		1,245	1,245	547	547	547	547	1,245	1,245
Combined stress (P _t +P _s +Q)		-26,286	20,956	31,176	-18,967	-26,221	20,864	31,237	-19,054

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 50 \cdot 6.5118 / (2 \cdot 0.4882) - 3,668.5 / (\pi \cdot (7^2 - 6.5118^2)) + 527,572.3 \cdot 7 / 473.5381 \\ &= 8,309 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (i is = 16,700 psi)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= (7,350.22^2 + 7,350.22^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 6.5118^2 \cdot 0.4882) \\ &= 1,041 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 263,773.6 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 6.5118^2 \cdot 0.4882) \\ &= 2,028 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 1,041 + 2,028 \\ &= 3,069 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (3,069 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

% Forming strain - UHA-44(a)(2)(a)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 0.5512 / 6.7244) \cdot (1 - 6.7244 / Y_{\infty}) \\ &= 4.0984\% \end{aligned}$$

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.8284	7.9348	3.6665	0.8849	--	3.0734	0.31	0.301	0.5512

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.3417	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(13.1279, 6.564 + (0.5512 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 13.1279 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0517$ inFrom UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.1262$ in

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700$, $S_p = 16,700$ psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(13.1279*0.1262*1 + 2*0.4882*0.1262*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 0.8284 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

 $A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 3.6665 \text{ in}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 13.1279*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.4882*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 3.6665 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4055 + 0.4882)*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.4882*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.4992 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

Λ_2 = smaller of the following = **0.8849** in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_{rn})*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(0.4882 - 0.0517)*1*0.4055 \\
&= 0.8849 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t_n - t_{rn})*(2.5*t_n + t_c)*f_{r2} \\
&= 2*(0.4882 - 0.0517)*(2.5*0.4882 + 0.5512)*1 \\
&= 1.5465 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2*f_{r3} \\
&= 0.3937^2*1 \\
&= \mathbf{0.155} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2*f_{r4} \\
&= 0.3937^2*1 \\
&= \mathbf{0.155} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_5 &= (D_p - d - 2*t_n)*t_c*f_{r4} \\
&= (19.6849 - 14.1089)*0.5512*1 \\
&= \mathbf{3.0734} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= \Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2 + \Lambda_{41} + \Lambda_{42} + \Lambda_5 \\
&= 3.6665 + 0.8849 + 0.155 + 0.155 + 3.0734 \\
&= \mathbf{7.9348} \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

Inner fillet: $t_{\min}$ = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or t_c = 0.4882 in
 $t_{c(\min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7*t_{\min}$ = **0.25** in
 $t_{c(\text{actual})}$ = $0.7*\text{Leg}$ = $0.7*0.3937$ = 0.2756 in

Outer fillet: $t_{\min}$ = lesser of 0.75 or t_c or t = 0.4055 in
 $t_{w(\min)}$ = $0.5*t_{\min}$ = **0.2028** in
 $t_{w(\text{actual})}$ = $0.7*\text{Leg}$ = $0.7*0.3937$ = 0.2756 in

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): t_{r1} = 0.301 in (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)
 Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): t_{r2} = 0.0845 in
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): t_{r3} = 0.1255 in
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): t_{r4} = 0.3911 in
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : t_{r5} = 0.1255 in
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : t_{r6} = 0.1255 in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or t_{r6} = **0.301** in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, t_n = 0.5512 in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$L / D_o = 19.3353 / 14 = 1.3811$$

$$D_o / t = 14 / 0.0517 = 270.5865$$

$$\text{From table G: } A = 0.000216$$

$$\text{From table HA-3: } B = 3,044.1375 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_a = 4*B / (3*(D_o / t))$$

$$= 4*3,044.14 / (3*(14 / 0.0517))$$

$$= 15 \text{ psi}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15 \text{ psi}$

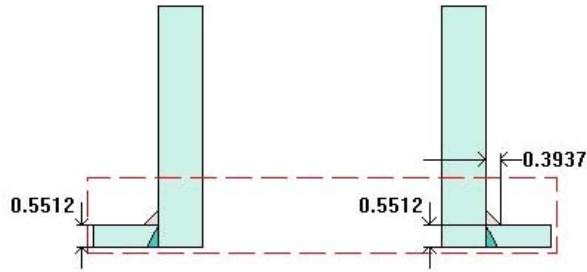
$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0517 + 0.063 = 0.1147''$$

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Leg}_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	2.235 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-182 F304L <= 5 (II-D p. 82, ln. 34)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Flange description:	24 inch Class 150 LWN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 2 1/2 (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F)	
(Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	1.7953 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Nozzle orientation:	45°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	30 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	34.0157 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	24 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	1.125 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	7.5885 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	9.4685 in

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 52.24 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
1.2126	7.6345	4.9795	2.5	--	--	0.155	0.1008	1.125

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
The nozzle is exempt from weld strength calculations per UW-15(b)(1)

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 52.24 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15443).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(24.126, 12.063 + (1.125 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 24.126 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(1.125 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P \cdot R_n / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 52.235 \cdot 12.063 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 52.235) \\
 &= 0.0378 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 52.235 \cdot 24.0591 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 52.235) \\
 &= 0.0754 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 24.126 \cdot 0.0754 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1.062 \cdot 0.0754 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 1) \\
 &= 1.8189 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 9.959 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 24.126*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754) - 2*1.062*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 9.959 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4882 + 1.062)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754) - 2*1.062*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 1.2798 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

A₂ = smaller of the following = 2.5 in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(1.062 - 0.0378)*1*0.4882 \\
&= 2.5 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t_n \\
&= 5*(1.062 - 0.0378)*1*1.062 \\
&= 5.4386 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{41} &= Leg^2*f_{r2} \\
&= 0.3937^2*1 \\
&= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Area &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} \\
&= 9.959 + 2.5 + 0.155 \\
&= 12.614 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or t = 0.4882 in

t_{c(min)} = lesser of 0.25 or 0.7*t_{min} = 0.25 in

t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check (Access Opening)

Wall thickness req'd per UG-45(a): t_{r1} = 0.1008 in (E = 1)

Available nozzle wall thickness new, t_n = 1.125 in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Check the opening per Appendix 1-7

Area required within 75 percent of the limits of reinforcement

$$= 2/3 * A = (2/3) * 1.8189 = 1.2126 \text{ in}^2$$

Area that is within 75 percent of the limits of reinforcement is:

A₁ = larger of 1.2798 or

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (2*limits - d)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= (2*18.0945 - 24.126)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754) - 2*1.062*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0754)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 4.9795 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Area &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\
&= 4.9795 + 2.5 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 0 + 0 \\
&= 7.6345 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

The area placement requirements of Appendix 1-7 are satisfied.

The opening is not within the size range defined by 1-7(b)(1)(a) and (b) so it is exempt from the requirements of 1-7(b)(2),(3) and (4).

R_n / R ratio does not exceed 0.7 so a U-2(g) analysis is not required per 1-7(b)(1)(c).

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
2.0423	5.416	2.8255	2.4355	--	--	0.155	0.1272	1.125

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(24.126, 12.063 + (1.125 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 24.126 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(1.125 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0642 \text{ in}$ From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254 \text{ in}$

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700 \text{ psi}$

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(24.126*0.254*1 + 2*1.062*0.254*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 3.0634 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 5.6511 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 24.126*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*1.062*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 5.6511 \text{ in}^2 \\
 &= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 2*(0.4882 + 1.062)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*1.062*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 0.7262 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = 2.4355 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 5(t_n - t_m) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t \\
 &= 5(1.062 - 0.0642) \cdot 1 \cdot 0.4882 \\
 &= 2.4355 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \\
 &= 5(t_n - t_m) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t_n \\
 &= 5(1.062 - 0.0642) \cdot 1 \cdot 1.062 \\
 &= 5.2984 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 \cdot f_{r2} \\
 &= 0.3937^2 \cdot 1 \\
 &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} \\
 &= 5.6511 + 2.4355 + 0.155 \\
 &= 8.2416 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: $t_{\min}$ = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or $t = 0.4882$ in
 $t_{c(\min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7 \cdot t_{\min} = 0.25$ in
 $t_{c(\text{actual})} = 0.7 \cdot \text{Leg} = 0.7 \cdot 0.3937 = 0.2756$ in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check (Access Opening)

Wall thickness req'd per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.1272$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 1.125$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Check the opening per Appendix 1-7

Area required within 75 percent of the limits of reinforcement
 $= 2 / 3 \cdot A = (2 / 3) \cdot 3.0634 = 2.0423 \text{ in}^2$

Area that is within 75 percent of the limits of reinforcement is:

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_1 &= \text{larger of } 0.7262 \text{ or} \\
 &= (2 \cdot \text{limits} - d) \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= (2 \cdot 18.0945 - 24.126) \cdot (1 \cdot 0.4882 - 1 \cdot 0.254) - 2 \cdot 1.062 \cdot (1 \cdot 0.4882 - 1 \cdot 0.254) \cdot (1 - 1) \\
 &= 2.8255 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \\
 \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\
 &= 2.8255 + 2.4355 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 0 + 0 \\
 &= 5.416 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

The area placement requirements of Appendix 1-7 are satisfied.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L / D_o &= 13.272 / 26.25 = 0.5056 \\
 D_o / t &= 26.25 / 0.0642 = 408.8524 \\
 \text{From table G: } A &= 0.000327 \\
 \text{From table HA-3: } B &= 4,599.5483 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

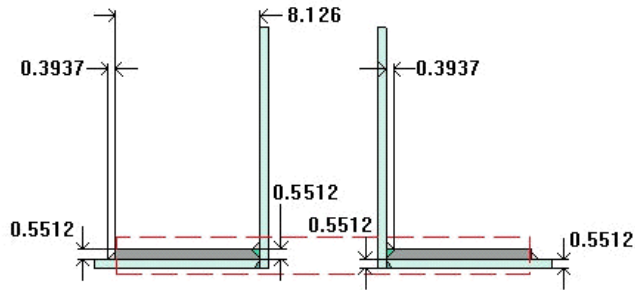
$$\begin{aligned}
 P_a &= 4 \cdot B / (3 \cdot (D_o / t)) \\
 &= 4 \cdot 4,599.55 / (3 \cdot (26.25 / 0.0642)) \\
 &= 15 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0642 + 0.063 = 0.1272''$$

18" (BJ)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$t_{w(\text{upper})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{42} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$D_p = 34.252 \text{ in}$$

$$t_c = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	0.1993 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Pad material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Pad diameter:	34.252 in
Flange description:	18 inch Class 150 WN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 2 1/2 (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F)	
(Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	0 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Spot UW-11(b) Type 1
Nozzle orientation:	180°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	82.0079 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	37.0079 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	16.8976 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	6.9606 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	12.4606 in
Pad is split:	No

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 50.2 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
1.2334	17.2062	7.0772	1.1291	--	8.8449	0.155	0.1805	0.5512

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (lb _f) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W ₁₋₁	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W ₂₋₂	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W ₃₋₃	Path 3-3 strength
-90,813.4	169,154.94	330,317.47	29,404.51	454,258	177,114.98	343,911.59

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2441	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.3417	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 50.2 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.14841).

Pad Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.14841).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(17.0236, 8.5118 + (0.5512 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 17.0236 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 50.1993 * 8.5118 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 50.1993) \\
 &= 0.0256 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 50.1993 * 24.0591 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 50.1993) \\
 &= 0.0725 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700, S_p = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 17.0236 * 0.0725 * 1 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.0725 * 1 * (1 - 1) \\ &= 1.2334 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \text{larger of the following} = 7.0772 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= d * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 17.0236 * (1 * 0.4882 - 1 * 0.0725) - 2 * 0.4882 * (1 * 0.4882 - 1 * 0.0725) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 7.0772 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t + t_n) * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 2 * (0.4882 + 0.4882) * (1 * 0.4882 - 1 * 0.0725) - 2 * 0.4882 * (1 * 0.4882 - 1 * 0.0725) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.8118 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_2 &= \text{smaller of the following} = 1.1291 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 5 * (t_n - t_m) * f_{r2} * t \\ &= 5 * (0.4882 - 0.0256) * 1 * 0.4882 \\ &= 1.1291 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t_n - t_m) * (2.5 * t_n + t_c) * f_{r2} \\ &= 2 * (0.4882 - 0.0256) * (2.5 * 0.4882 + 0.5512) * 1 \\ &= 1.6391 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= L e g^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\ &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= L e g^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= 0^2 * 1 \\ &= 0 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_c * f_{r4} \\ &= (34.0472 - 17.0236 - 2 * 0.4882) * 0.5512 * 1 \\ &= 8.8449 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 7.0772 + 1.1291 + 0.155 + 0 + 8.8449 \\ &= 17.2062 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_c = 0.4882 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 0.25 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_c \text{ or } t = 0.4882 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 0.2441 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Wall thickness per UG-45(a): } t_{r1} &= 0.1805 \text{ in (E=1) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)} \\ \text{Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): } t_{r2} &= 0.1355 \text{ in} \\ \text{Wall thickness per UG-16(b): } t_{r3} &= 0.1255 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.3911$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1355$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1355$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1805$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.5512$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Allowable stresses in joints UG-45(c) and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Nozzle wall in shear: $0.7 * 16,700 = 11,690$ psi

Inner fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi

Outer fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi

Upper groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_l = (\pi / 2) * 18 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 91,090.11 \text{ lb}_f$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 34.252 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 173,334.19 \text{ lb}_f$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 17.5118 * 0.4882 * 11,690 = 156,983.28 \text{ lb}_f$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 18 * 0.4882 * 12,358 = 170,577.41 \text{ lb}_f$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 18 * 0.5512 * 12,358 = 192,590.5 \text{ lb}_f$$

Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (1.2334 - 7.0772 + 2 * 0.4882 * 1 * (1 * 0.4882 - 1 * 0.0725)) * 16,700 \\ &= -90,813.4 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (1.1291 + 8.8449 + 0.155 + 0) * 16,700 \\ &= 169,154.9 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (1.1291 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.4882 * 1) * 16,700 \\ &= 29,404.51 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (1.1291 + 0 + 8.8449 + 0.155 + 0 + 0 + 2 * 0.4882 * 0.4882 * 1) * 16,700 \\ &= 177,115 \text{ lb}_f \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or $W_{1-1} = -90813.4 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = $173,334.2 + 156,983.3 = 330,317.47 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or $W_{2-2} = -90813.4 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) = $91,090.11 + 170,577.4 + 192,590.5 = 454,258 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or $W_{3-3} = -90813.4 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) = $173,334.2 + 170,577.4 = 343,911.59 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -4,742.15 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_c = 269,154.91 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_c = 5,809.19 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_L = 269,154.91 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_L = 5,809.19 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 380,514.41 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 50.199 \text{ psi}$
 Mean shell radius: $R_m = 24.3032 \text{ in}$
 Local shell thickness: $t = 0.4882 \text{ in}$
 Shell yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.3032 / 0.4882 = 49.7831$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / t = 2,474 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 1,237 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 38,476 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 9,221 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l
3C*	1.0291	0.6166	0	0	0	0	411	411	411	411
4C*	2.9914	0.6166	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,196	0	0	0	0
1C	0.062	0.6166	0	0	0	0	7,402	-7,402	7,402	-7,402
2C-1	0.0049	0.6166	585	-585	585	-585	0	0	0	0
3A*	0.978	0.6166	0	0	0	0	-1,481	-1,481	1,481	1,481
1A	0.059	0.6166	0	0	0	0	-26,680	26,680	26,680	-26,680
3B*	1.5968	0.6166	-2,417	-2,417	2,417	2,417	0	0	0	0
1B-1	0.0068	0.6166	-3,075	3,075	3,075	-3,075	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474
Total circumferential stress			-1,237	3,743	9,747	2,427	-17,874	20,682	38,448	-29,716
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			1,253	1,253	6,087	6,087	1,404	1,404	4,366	4,366
3C*	1.0291	0.6166	411	411	411	411	0	0	0	0
4C*	2.9914	0.6166	0	0	0	0	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,196
1C-1	0.0107	0.6166	1,277	-1,277	1,277	-1,277	0	0	0	0
2C	0.03	0.6166	0	0	0	0	3,582	-3,582	3,582	-3,582
4A*	4.4837	0.6166	0	0	0	0	-6,788	-6,788	6,788	6,788
2A	0.0236	0.6166	0	0	0	0	-10,672	10,672	10,672	-10,672
4B*	0.9971	0.6166	-1,510	-1,510	1,510	1,510	0	0	0	0
2B-1	0.0138	0.6166	-6,240	6,240	6,240	-6,240	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237
Total longitudinal stress			-4,825	5,101	10,675	-4,359	-11,445	2,735	23,475	-5,033
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			138	138	3,158	3,158	-4,355	-4,355	9,221	9,221
Shear from M_t			423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423
Circ shear from V_c			221	221	-221	-221	0	0	0	0
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-221	-221	221	221
Total Shear stress			644	644	202	202	202	202	644	644
Combined stress (P_t+P_b+Q)			-4,937	5,358	10,717	6,798	-17,880	20,684	38,476	-29,733

Note: * denotes primary stress.

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.3032 / 1.0394 = 23.3828$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1.19888$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / t = 2,966 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 1,483 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_t + P_b + Q) = 20,126 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_t + P_b + Q) = +3 * S = +50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_t + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress ($P_t + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_t) = 6,298 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_t) = +1.5 * S = +25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_t) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l
3C*	1.6536	0.324	0	0	0	0	310	310	310	310
4C*	2.8159	0.324	529	529	529	529	0	0	0	0
1C	0.0608	0.324	0	0	0	0	1,601	-1,601	1,601	-1,601
2C-1	0.0231	0.324	608	-608	608	-608	0	0	0	0
3A*	1.0014	0.324	0	0	0	0	-1,355	-1,355	1,355	1,355
1A	0.0752	0.324	0	0	0	0	-14,275	14,275	14,275	-14,275
3B*	2.0719	0.324	-2,803	-2,803	2,803	2,803	0	0	0	0
1B-1	0.02	0.324	-3,797	3,797	3,797	-3,797	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			2,966	2,966	2,966	2,966	2,474	2,474	2,474	2,474
Total circumferential stress			-2,497	3,881	10,703	1,893	-11,245	14,103	20,015	-11,737
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			692	692	6,298	6,298	1,429	1,429	4,139	4,139
3C*	1.6536	0.324	310	310	310	310	0	0	0	0
4C*	2.8159	0.324	0	0	0	0	529	529	529	529
1C-1	0.051	0.324	1,343	-1,343	1,343	-1,343	0	0	0	0
2C	0.0306	0.324	0	0	0	0	806	-806	806	-806
4A*	2.1427	0.324	0	0	0	0	-2,899	-2,899	2,899	2,899
2A	0.0359	0.324	0	0	0	0	-6,815	6,815	6,815	-6,815
4B*	0.9687	0.324	-1,311	-1,311	1,311	1,311	0	0	0	0
2B-1	0.0365	0.324	-6,929	6,929	6,929	-6,929	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			1,237	1,237	1,237	1,237	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483
Total longitudinal stress			-5,350	5,822	11,130	-5,414	-6,896	5,122	12,532	-2,710
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			236	236	2,858	2,858	-887	-887	4,911	4,911
Shear from M_l			719	719	719	719	719	719	719	719
Circ shear from V_c			198	198	-198	-198	0	0	0	0
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-198	-198	198	198
Total Shear stress			917	917	521	521	521	521	917	917
Combined stress (P_u+P_v+Q)			-5,619	6,187	11,480	7,381	-11,307	14,133	20,126	-11,829

Note: * denotes primary stress.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 50.2 \cdot 8.5118 / (2 \cdot 0.4882) - 4,742.15 / (\pi \cdot (9^2 - 8.5118^2)) + 380,642.5 \cdot 9 / 1,030.334 \\ &= 3,939 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable ($i \leq 16,700$ psi)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (5,809.19^2 + 5,809.19^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 8.5118 \cdot 0.4882) \\ &= 629 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_l / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 380,514.4 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 8.5118^2 \cdot 0.4882) \\ &= 1,712 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 629 + 1,712 \\ &= 2,342 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (2,342 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_h = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

% Forming strain - UHA-44(a)(2)(a)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 0.5512 / 8.7244) \cdot (1 - 8.7244 / 10.0) \\ &= 3.1588\% \end{aligned}$$

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
2.1616	14.0515	3.9875	1.0641	--	8.8449	0.155	0.1678	0.5512

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2441	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.3417	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(17.0236, 8.5118 + (0.5512 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 17.0236 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0523 \text{ in}$ From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254 \text{ in}$

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700$, $S_p = 16,700 \text{ psi}$

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(17.0236*0.254*1 + 2*0.4882*0.254*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 2.1616 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

 $A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 3.9875 \text{ in}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 17.0236*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*0.4882*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 3.9875 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4882 + 0.4882)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*0.4882*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.4574 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

A_2 = smaller of the following = 1.0641 in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(0.4882 - 0.0523)*1*0.4882 \\
&= 1.0641 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t_n - t_m)*(2.5*t_n + t_e)*f_{r2} \\
&= 2*(0.4882 - 0.0523)*(2.5*0.4882 + 0.5512)*1 \\
&= 1.5446 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{41} &= Leg^2*f_{r3} \\
&= 0.3937^2*1 \\
&= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{42} &= Leg^2*f_{r4} \\
&= 0^2*1 \\
&= 0 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2*t_n)*t_e*f_{r4} \\
&= (34.0472 - 17.0236 - 2*0.4882)*0.5512*1 \\
&= 8.8449 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\
&= 3.9875 + 1.0641 + 0.155 + 0 + 8.8449 \\
&= 14.0515 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

Inner fillet: $t_{\min} = \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 0.4882 \text{ in}$
 $t_{e(\min)} = \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7*t_{\min} = 0.25 \text{ in}$
 $t_{e(\text{actual})} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}$

Outer fillet: $t_{\min} = \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_e \text{ or } t = 0.4882 \text{ in}$
 $t_{w(\min)} = 0.5*t_{\min} = 0.2441 \text{ in}$
 $t_{w(\text{actual})} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.1678 \text{ in}$ (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)
 Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): $t_{r2} = 0.0846 \text{ in}$
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.3911 \text{ in}$
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1678 \text{ in}$

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.5512 \text{ in}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$L / D_o = 14.17 / 18 = 0.7872$$

$D_o / t = 18 / 0.0523 = 344.4051$
 From table G: $A = 0.000275$
 From table HA-3: $B = 3,874.5396 \text{ psi}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_a &= 4*B / (3*(D_o / t)) \\
 &= 4*3,874.54 / (3*(18 / 0.0523)) \\
 &= 15 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15 \text{ psi}$

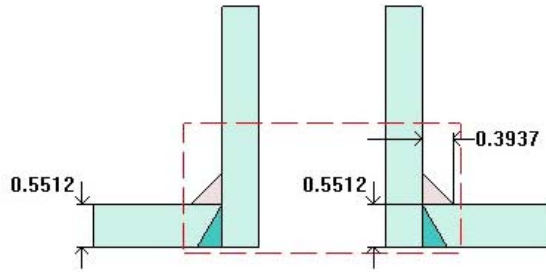
$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0523 + 0.063 = 0.1153''$$

1 1/2" (BH)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Leg}_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	0.3592 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-182 F304L <= 5 (II-D p. 82, ln. 34)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Flange description:	1.5 inch Class 150 LWN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 2 1/2 (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F)	
(Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	0.3297 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Nozzle orientation:	230°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	70 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	33.0709 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	1.6102 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.4744 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	7.8336 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	8.5236 in

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 50.36 psi @ 250 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.1529	0.4744

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
The nozzle is exempt from weld strength calculations per UW-15(b)(2)

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 50.36 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.21851).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(1.7362, 0.8681 + (0.4744 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 1.7677 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.4744 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.0285 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P \cdot R_n / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 50.3592 \cdot 0.8681 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 50.3592) \\
 &= 0.0026 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 50.3592 \cdot 24.0591 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 50.3592) \\
 &= 0.0727 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or t = 0.4114 in

t_{c(min)} = lesser of 0.25 or 0.7*t_{min} = 0.25 in

t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): t_{r1} = 0.1529 in (E = 1) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): t_{r2} = 0.1357 in

Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.2406$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1357$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1357$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1529$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.4744$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -326.28 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_c = 2,517.09 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_c = 399.04 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_L = 2,517.09 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_L = 399.04 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 3,558.64 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 50.359 \text{ psi}$
 Mean shell radius: $R_m = 24.3032 \text{ in}$
 Local shell thickness: $t = 0.4882 \text{ in}$
 Shell yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.3032 / 0.4882 = 49.7831$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1.06934$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / t = 2,654 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 1,327 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 10,580 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 3,444 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107											
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l	
3C*	9.2792	0.0461	0	0	0	0	255	255	255	255	
4C*	9.5184	0.0461	262	262	262	262	0	0	0	0	
1C	0.1911	0.0461	0	0	0	0	1,570	-1,570	1,570	-1,570	
2C-1	0.1501	0.0461	1,233	-1,233	1,233	-1,233	0	0	0	0	
3A*	0.6772	0.0461	0	0	0	0	-128	-128	128	128	
1A	0.105	0.0461	0	0	0	0	-5,943	5,943	5,943	-5,943	
3B*	2.7886	0.0461	-528	-528	528	528	0	0	0	0	
1B-1	0.059	0.0461	-3,340	3,340	3,340	-3,340	0	0	0	0	
Pressure stress*			2,654	2,654	2,654	2,654	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482	
Total circumferential stress			281	4,495	8,017	-1,129	-1,764	6,982	10,378	-4,648	
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			2,388	2,388	3,444	3,444	2,609	2,609	2,865	2,865	
3C*	9.2792	0.0461	255	255	255	255	0	0	0	0	
4C*	9.5184	0.0461	0	0	0	0	262	262	262	262	
1C-1	0.1902	0.0461	1,562	-1,562	1,562	-1,562	0	0	0	0	
2C	0.1481	0.0461	0	0	0	0	1,217	-1,217	1,217	-1,217	
4A*	0.9282	0.0461	0	0	0	0	-176	-176	176	176	
2A	0.0615	0.0461	0	0	0	0	-3,481	3,481	3,481	-3,481	
4B*	0.7208	0.0461	-137	-137	137	137	0	0	0	0	
2B-1	0.1012	0.0461	-5,728	5,728	5,728	-5,728	0	0	0	0	
Pressure stress*			1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,327	1,327	1,327	1,327	
Total longitudinal stress			-2,807	5,525	8,923	-5,657	-851	3,677	6,463	-2,933	
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			1,359	1,359	1,633	1,633	1,413	1,413	1,765	1,765	
Shear from M_l			709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	
Circ shear from V_c			203	203	-203	-203	0	0	0	0	
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-203	-203	203	203	
Total Shear stress			912	912	506	506	506	506	912	912	
Combined stress (P_u+P_v+Q)			3,586	6,057	9,149	-5,713	-1,989	7,058	10,580	-5,042	

Note: * denotes primary stress.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 50.36 \cdot 0.8681 / (2 \cdot 0.4114) - 326.28 / (\pi \cdot (1.2795^2 - 0.8681^2)) + 3,559.7 \cdot 1.2795 / 1.6591 \\ &= 2,916 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable ($i \cdot S = 16,700 \text{ psi}$)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (399.04^2 + 399.04^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 0.8681 \cdot 0.4114) \\ &= 503 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_l / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 3,558.6 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 0.8681^2 \cdot 0.4114) \\ &= 1,827 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 503 + 1,827 \\ &= 2,330 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (2,330 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.1517	0.4744

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(1.7362, 0.8681 + (0.4744 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 1.7677 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.4744 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.0285 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0136$ in

From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254$ in

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or $t = 0.4114$ in

$t_{c(min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7*t_{min} = 0.25$ in

$t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756$ in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.1517$ in (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): $t_{r2} = 0.0846$ in

Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.2406$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1255$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1255$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1517$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.4744$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$L / D_o = 8.557 / 2.5591 = 3.3438$$

$$D_o / t = 2.5591 / 0.0136 = 187.9461$$

$$\text{From table G: } A = 0.000150$$

$$\text{From table HA-3: } B = 2,114.3132 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_a = 4 * B / (3 * (D_o / t))$$

$$= 4 * 2,114.31 / (3 * (2.5591 / 0.0136))$$

$$= 15 \text{ psi}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

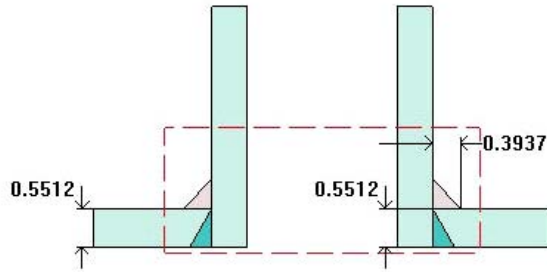
$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0136 + 0.063 = 0.0766''$$

2" (BS)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Leg}_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	2.7131 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-182 F304L ≤ 5 (II-D p. 82, ln. 34)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Flange description:	2 inch Class 150 LWN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 2 \frac{1}{2}$ (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F)	
(Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	2.6752 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Nozzle orientation:	180°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	5.9843 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	33.0709 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	2.0669 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.502 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	7.7736 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	8.5236 in

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 52.71 psi @ 250 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.163	0.502

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
The nozzle is exempt from weld strength calculations per UW-15(b)(2)

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 52.71 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.22787).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.502 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.502 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.0974 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 52.7131 * 1.0965 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 52.7131) \\
 &= 0.0035 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 52.7131 * 24.0591 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 52.7131) \\
 &= 0.0761 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or t = 0.439 in

t_{c(min)} = lesser of 0.25 or 0.7*t_{min} = 0.25 in

t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): t_{r1} = 0.163 in (E = 1) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): t_{r2} = 0.1391 in

Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1391$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1391$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.163$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.502$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -449.74 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_c = 4,426.6 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_c = 551.16 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_L = 4,426.6 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_L = 551.16 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 6,162.53 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 52.713 \text{ psi}$
 Mean shell radius: $R_m = 24.3032 \text{ in}$
 Local shell thickness: $t = 0.4882 \text{ in}$
 Shell yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.3032 / 0.4882 = 49.7831$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1.11912$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / t = 2,907 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 1,454 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 13,966 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = +3 * S = +50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 4,220 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_L) = +1.5 * S = +25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l
3C*	8.9649	0.0553	0	0	0	0	340	340	340	340
4C*	9.3547	0.0553	355	355	355	355	0	0	0	0
1C	0.1713	0.0553	0	0	0	0	1,940	-1,940	1,940	-1,940
2C-1	0.1323	0.0553	1,498	-1,498	1,498	-1,498	0	0	0	0
3A*	0.8638	0.0553	0	0	0	0	-240	-240	240	240
1A	0.104	0.0553	0	0	0	0	-8,627	8,627	8,627	-8,627
3B*	3.4494	0.0553	-958	-958	958	958	0	0	0	0
1B-1	0.0564	0.0553	-4,678	4,678	4,678	-4,678	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			2,907	2,907	2,907	2,907	2,598	2,598	2,598	2,598
Total circumferential stress			-876	5,484	10,396	-1,956	-3,989	9,385	13,745	-7,389
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			2,304	2,304	4,220	4,220	2,698	2,698	3,178	3,178
3C*	8.9649	0.0553	340	340	340	340	0	0	0	0
4C*	9.3547	0.0553	0	0	0	0	355	355	355	355
1C-1	0.1716	0.0553	1,943	-1,943	1,943	-1,943	0	0	0	0
2C	0.1313	0.0553	0	0	0	0	1,487	-1,487	1,487	-1,487
4A*	1.1808	0.0553	0	0	0	0	-328	-328	328	328
2A	0.0602	0.0553	0	0	0	0	-4,994	4,994	4,994	-4,994
4B*	0.895	0.0553	-249	-249	249	249	0	0	0	0
2B-1	0.0958	0.0553	-7,947	7,947	7,947	-7,947	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			1,299	1,299	1,299	1,299	1,454	1,454	1,454	1,454
Total longitudinal stress			-4,614	7,394	11,778	-8,002	-2,026	4,988	8,618	-4,344
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			1,390	1,390	1,888	1,888	1,481	1,481	2,137	2,137
Shear from M_l			852	852	852	852	852	852	852	852
Circ shear from V_c			234	234	-234	-234	0	0	0	0
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-234	-234	234	234
Total Shear stress			1,086	1,086	618	618	618	618	1,086	1,086
Combined stress (P_u+P_v+Q)			-4,907	7,885	12,014	-8,065	-4,167	9,470	13,966	-7,737

Note: * denotes primary stress.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 52.71 \cdot 1.0965 / (2 \cdot 0.439) - 449.74 / (\pi \cdot (1.5354^2 - 1.0965^2)) + 6,260.2 \cdot 1.5354 / 3.2301 \\ &= 3,165 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable ($i \cdot S = 16,700 \text{ psi}$)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (551.16^2 + 551.16^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 1.0965 \cdot 0.439) \\ &= 515 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_l / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 6,162.5 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 1.0965^2 \cdot 0.439) \\ &= 1,858 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 515 + 1,858 \\ &= 2,374 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (2,374 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.1614	0.502

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.502 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.502 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.0974 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0153$ in

From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254$ in

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or $t = 0.439$ in

$t_{c(min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7*t_{min} = 0.25$ in

$t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756$ in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.1614$ in (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): $t_{r2} = 0.0846$ in

Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1255$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1255$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1614$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.502$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$L / D_o = 8.5717 / 3.0709 = 2.7913$$

$$D_o / t = 3.0709 / 0.0153 = 200.5648$$

$$\text{From table G: } A = 0.000160$$

$$\text{From table HA-3: } B = 2,256.3857 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_a = 4 * B / (3 * (D_o / t))$$

$$= 4 * 2,256.39 / (3 * (3.0709 / 0.0153))$$

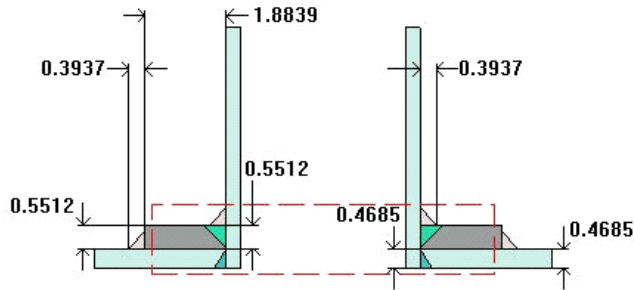
$$= 15 \text{ psi}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0153 + 0.063 = 0.0783''$$

4" (CW)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.4685 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$t_{w(\text{upper})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$Leg_{42} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$

$$D_p = 8.2677 \text{ in}$$

$$t_c = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	BTM HEAD
Liquid static head included:	3.9764 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-312 TP304L Wld & smls pipe (II-D p. 86, ln. 1)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Nozzle description:	NPS 4 Sch 80S (XS)
Pad material specification:	SA-240 304L (II-D p. 82, ln. 38)
Pad diameter:	8.2677 in
Flange description:	4 inch Class 150 WN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 2 \frac{1}{2}$ (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F	
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	3.9936 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	185 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	230 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	350 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallie Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	None UW-11(c) Type 1
Nozzle orientation:	0°
Calculated as hillside:	No
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.4685 in
End of nozzle to datum line:	-30 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	3.826 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.337 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	14.5863 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	17.5863 in
Distance to head center, R:	0 in
Pad is split:	No

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 53.98 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.2759	3.9004	1.3266	0.5426	--	1.8762	0.155	0.2797	0.2949

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (lb) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W ₁₋₁	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W ₂₋₂	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W ₃₋₃	Path 3-3 strength
-14,474.1	42,982.51	63,102.37	15,361.04	106,342.36	46,693.63	77,261.5

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.1918	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.1918	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 53.98 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle rated MDMT per UHA-51(d)(1)(a) = -320 °F.

Pad Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.17218).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(3.952, 1.976 + (0.337 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 3.952 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.337 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 53.9764 * 1.976 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 53.9764) \\
 &= 0.0064 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * K_1 * D / (2 * S * E - 0.2 * P) \\
 &= 53.9764 * 0.8976 * 48.1181 / (2 * 16,700 * 1 - 0.2 * 53.9764) \\
 &= 0.0698 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700, S_p = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 3.952 * 0.0698 * 1 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.0698 * 1 * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.2759 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \text{larger of the following} = 1.3266 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= d * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 3.952 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0698) - 2 * 0.274 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0698) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 1.3266 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t + t_n) * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) - 2 * t_n * (E_1 * t - F * t_r) * (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= 2 * (0.4055 + 0.274) * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0698) - 2 * 0.274 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0698) * (1 - 1) \\ &= 0.4562 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_2 &= \text{smaller of the following} = 0.5426 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 5 * (t_n - t_m) * f_{r2} * t \\ &= 5 * (0.274 - 0.0064) * 1 * 0.4055 \\ &= 0.5426 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 * (t_n - t_m) * (2.5 * t_n + t_c) * f_{r2} \\ &= 2 * (0.274 - 0.0064) * (2.5 * 0.274 + 0.5512) * 1 \\ &= 0.6616 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\ &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= 0^2 * 1 \\ &= 0 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_c * f_{r4} \\ &= (7.904 - 3.952 - 2 * 0.274) * 0.5512 * 1 \\ &= 1.8762 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 1.3266 + 0.5426 + 0.155 + 0 + 1.8762 \\ &= 3.9004 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area $\geq$ A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_c = 0.274 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 0.1918 \text{ in} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_c \text{ or } t = 0.4055 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 0.2028 \text{ in} \\ t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-45(a): } t_{r1} = 0.2797 \text{ in (E = 1) (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)}$$

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): $t_{r2} = 0.1405$ in
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.2704$ in
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1405$ in
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1405$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.2797$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.875 * 0.337 = 0.2949$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Allowable stresses in joints UG-45(c) and UW-15(e)

Groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi
 Nozzle wall in shear: $0.7 * 16,700 = 11,690$ psi
 Inner fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi
 Outer fillet weld in shear: $0.49 * 16,700 = 8,183$ psi
 Upper groove weld in tension: $0.74 * 16,700 = 12,358$ psi

Strength of welded joints:

- (1) Inner fillet weld in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 22,772.53 \text{ lb}_f$
- (2) Outer fillet weld in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 8.2677 * 0.3937 * 8,183 = 41,839.29 \text{ lb}_f$
- (3) Nozzle wall in shear
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 4.226 * 0.274 * 11,690 = 21,263.08 \text{ lb}_f$
- (4) Groove weld in tension
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.4055 * 12,358 = 35,422.21 \text{ lb}_f$
- (6) Upper groove weld in tension
 $(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 4.5 * 0.5512 * 12,358 = 48,147.63 \text{ lb}_f$

Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\
 &= (0.2759 - 1.3266 + 2 * 0.274 * 1 * (1 * 0.4055 - 1 * 0.0698)) * 16,700 \\
 &= -14,474.1 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5426 + 1.8762 + 0.155 + 0) * 16,700 \\
 &= 42,982.51 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5426 + 0 + 0.155 + 0 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\
 &= 15,361.04 \text{ lb}_f \\
 W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\
 &= (0.5426 + 0 + 1.8762 + 0.155 + 0 + 0 + 2 * 0.274 * 0.4055 * 1) * 16,700 \\
 &= 46,693.63 \text{ lb}_f
 \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or $W_{1-1} = -14474.1 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = $41,839.29 + 21,263.08 = 63,102.37 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 1-1 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or $W_{2-2} = -14474.1 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) = $22,772.53 + 35,422.21 + 48,147.63 = 106,342.36 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 2-2 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or $W_{3-3} = -14474.1 \text{ lb}_f$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) = $41,839.29 + 35,422.21 = 77,261.5$ lb_f
Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Applied Loads

Radial load: $P_r = -967.83 \text{ lb}_f$
 Circumferential moment: $M_1 = 38,624.29 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Circumferential shear: $V_2 = 1,933.46 \text{ lb}_f$
 Longitudinal moment: $M_2 = 38,624.29 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Longitudinal shear: $V_1 = 1,933.46 \text{ lb}_f$
 Torsion moment: $M_t = 27,254 \text{ lb}_f\text{-in}$
 Internal pressure: $P = 53.976 \text{ psi}$
 Head yield stress: $S_y = 20,200 \text{ psi}$

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746 \text{ in}$

$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 0.982$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 1$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

Local pressure stress $= I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 2,893 \text{ psi}$

Maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = 34,960 \text{ psi}$

Allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q) = + - 3 * S = + - 50,100 \text{ psi}$

Note: The allowable combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress $(P_L + P_b + Q)$ is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = 7,747 \text{ psi}$

Allowable local primary membrane stress $(P_L) = + - 1.5 * S = + - 25,050 \text{ psi}$

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.068	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
SR-2	0.0363	1,282	-1,282	1,282	-1,282	1,282	-1,282	1,282	-1,282
SR-3*	0.0798	0	0	0	0	-4,454	-4,454	4,454	4,454
SR-3	0.0773	0	0	0	0	-25,887	25,887	25,887	-25,887
SR-3*	0.0798	-4,454	-4,454	4,454	4,454	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0773	-25,887	25,887	25,887	-25,887	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893
Total O _x stress		-25,766	23,444	34,916	-19,422	-25,766	23,444	34,916	-19,422
Membrane O _x stress*		-1,161	-1,161	7,747	7,747	-1,161	-1,161	7,747	7,747
SR-2*	0.0211	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124
SR-2	0.0109	385	-385	385	-385	385	-385	385	-385
SR-3*	0.024	0	0	0	0	-1,340	-1,340	1,340	1,340
SR-3	0.0233	0	0	0	0	-7,803	7,803	7,803	-7,803
SR-3*	0.024	-1,340	-1,340	1,340	1,340	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.0233	-7,803	7,803	7,803	-7,803	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893	2,893
Total O _y stress		-5,741	9,095	12,545	-3,831	-5,741	9,095	12,545	-3,831
Membrane O _y stress*		1,677	1,677	4,357	4,357	1,677	1,677	4,357	4,357
Shear from M _I		626	626	626	626	626	626	626	626
Shear from V _I		0	0	0	0	-367	-367	367	367
Shear from V ₂		367	367	-367	-367	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		993	993	259	259	259	259	993	993
Combined stress (P _L +P _b +Q)		-25,815	23,512	34,919	-19,426	-25,769	23,449	34,960	-19,485

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

Mean dish radius $R_m = 43.6746$ in

$U = r_o / \text{Sqr}(R_m * t) = 0.348$

Pressure stress intensity factor, $I = 0.31645$ (derived from PVP-Vol. 399, pages 77-82)

Local pressure stress = $I * P * R_i / (2 * t) = 916$ psi

Maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) = 18,463 psi

Allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) = $\pm 3 * S = \pm 50,100$ psi

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) = 2,165 psi

Allowable local primary membrane stress (P_L) = $\pm 1.5 * S = \pm 25,050$ psi

The local maximum primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107									
Figure	value	A _u	A _l	B _u	B _l	C _u	C _l	D _u	D _l
SR-2*	0.1737	184	184	184	184	184	184	184	184
SR-2	0.1208	766	-766	766	-766	766	-766	766	-766
SR-3*	0.1631	0	0	0	0	-1,065	-1,065	1,065	1,065
SR-3	0.3936	0	0	0	0	-15,418	15,418	15,418	-15,418
SR-3*	0.1631	-1,065	-1,065	1,065	1,065	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.3936	-15,418	15,418	15,418	-15,418	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		916	916	916	916	916	916	916	916
Total O _x stress		-14,617	14,687	18,349	-14,019	-14,617	14,687	18,349	-14,019
Membrane O _x stress*		35	35	2,165	2,165	35	35	2,165	2,165
SR-2*	0.0522	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
SR-2	0.0372	236	-236	236	-236	236	-236	236	-236
SR-3*	0.05	0	0	0	0	-326	-326	326	326
SR-3	0.1189	0	0	0	0	-4,658	4,658	4,658	-4,658
SR-3*	0.05	-326	-326	326	326	0	0	0	0
SR-3	0.1189	-4,658	4,658	4,658	-4,658	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*		916	916	916	916	916	916	916	916
Total O _y stress		-3,777	5,067	6,191	-3,597	-3,777	5,067	6,191	-3,597
Membrane O _y stress*		645	645	1,297	1,297	645	645	1,297	1,297
Shear from M _t		896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896
Shear from V ₁		0	0	0	0	-286	-286	286	286
Shear from V ₂		286	286	-286	-286	0	0	0	0
Total Shear stress		1,182	1,182	610	610	610	610	1,182	1,182
Combined stress (P _t +P _s +Q)		-14,744	14,830	18,380	-14,055	-14,651	14,726	18,463	-14,151

Notes: (1) * denotes primary stress.

(2) The nozzle is assumed to be a rigid (solid) attachment.

Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_n (P_m) &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 53.98 \cdot 1.976 / (2 \cdot 0.2319) - 967.83 / (\pi \cdot (2.25^2 - 1.976^2)) + 54,623 \cdot 2.25 / 8.1551 \\ &= 15,567 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P_m (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable ($i \leq S = 16,700$ psi)

Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (1,933.46^2 + 1,933.46^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 1.976 \cdot 0.274) \\ &= 1,608 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 27,254 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 1.976^2 \cdot 0.274) \\ &= 4,054 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 1,608 + 4,054 \\ &= 5,662 \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45(c): The total combined shear stress (5,662 psi) is below than the allowable ($0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 16,700 = 11,690$ psi)

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.2494	3.6389	1.1038	0.5039	--	1.8762	0.155	0.2766	0.2949

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.1918	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg ₄₂)	0.2027	0.2756	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	0.1918	0.5512	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(3.952, 1.976 + (0.337 - 0.063) + (0.4685 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 3.952 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.4685 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.337 - 0.063) + 0.5512) \\
 &= 1.0138 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0255 \text{ in}$ From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.1262 \text{ in}$

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700$, $S_p = 16,700 \text{ psi}$

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(3.952*0.1262*1 + 2*0.274*0.1262*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 0.2494 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 1.1038 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 3.952*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.274*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 1.1038 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4055 - 0.274)*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262) - 2*0.274*(1*0.4055 - 1*0.1262)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.3796 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

Λ_2 = smaller of the following = 0.5039 in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(0.274 - 0.0255)*1*0.4055 \\
&= 0.5039 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t_n - t_m)*(2.5*t_n + t_e)*f_{r2} \\
&= 2*(0.274 - 0.0255)*(2.5*0.274 + 0.5512)*1 \\
&= 0.6145 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_{41} &= L_e g^2 f_{r3} \\
&= 0.3937^2 * 1 \\
&= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_{42} &= L_e g^2 f_{r4} \\
&= 0^2 * 1 \\
&= 0 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda_5 &= (D_p - d - 2*t_n)*t_e*f_{r4} \\
&= (7.904 - 3.952 - 2*0.274)*0.5512*1 \\
&= 1.8762 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= \Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2 + \Lambda_{41} + \Lambda_{42} + \Lambda_5 \\
&= 1.1038 + 0.5039 + 0.155 + 0 + 1.8762 \\
&= 3.6389 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 0.274 \text{ in} \\
t_{e(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7*t_{\min} = 0.1918 \text{ in} \\
t_{e(\text{actual})} &= 0.7*L_e g = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_e \text{ or } t = 0.4055 \text{ in} \\
t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5*t_{\min} = 0.2028 \text{ in} \\
t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7*L_e g = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}
\end{aligned}$$

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Interpretation VIII-1-83-66 has been applied.

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-45(a): } t_{r1} = 0.2766 \text{ in (pressure plus external loads govern in longitudinal direction)}$$

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): } t_{r2} = 0.0845 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Wall thickness per UG-16(b): } t_{r3} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): } t_{r4} = 0.2704 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{The greater of } t_{r2} \text{ or } t_{r3}: t_{r5} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{The lesser of } t_{r4} \text{ or } t_{r5}: t_{r6} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Required per UG-45 is the larger of } t_{r1} \text{ or } t_{r6} = 0.2766 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Available nozzle wall thickness new, } t_n = 0.875*0.337 = 0.2949 \text{ in}$$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$\begin{aligned} L / D_o &= 17.5863 / 4.5 = 3.9081 \\ D_o / t &= 4.5 / 0.0255 = 176.5999 \\ \text{From table G: } A &= 0.000141 \\ \text{From table HA-3: } B &= 1,986.7726 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_a &= 4*B / (3*(D_o / t)) \\ &= 4*1,986.77 / (3*(4.5 / 0.0255)) \\ &= 15 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

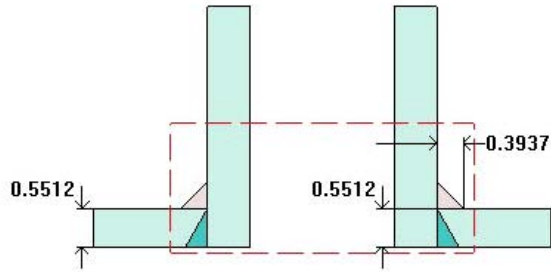
$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0255 + 0.063 = 0.0885''$$

2" (LB1A/B, LT3A/B, LT5A/B, LT7A/B)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Leg}_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	0 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-182 F304L <= 5 (II-D p. 82, ln. 34)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Flange description:	2 inch Class 300 LWN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 2 1/2 (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F	
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	0 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	482.5 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	600 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	925 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Nozzle orientation:	212°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	90 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	33.0709 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	2.0669 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.6201 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	7.6436 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	8.5236 in

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 50 psi @ 250 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.1582	2.419	0.9123	1.3517	--	--	0.155	0.1352	0.6201

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
The nozzle is exempt from weld strength calculations per UW-15(b)(1)

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 50 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.14781).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.6201 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.6201 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P \cdot R_n / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 50 \cdot 1.0965 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 50) \\
 &= 0.0033 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 50 \cdot 24.0591 / (16,700 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 50) \\
 &= 0.0722 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses: S_n = 16,700, S_v = 16,700 psi

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 2.1929 \cdot 0.0722 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 0.5571 \cdot 0.0722 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 1) \\
 &= 0.1582 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 0.9123 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2.1929*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0722) - 2*0.5571*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0722)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.9123 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
&= 2*(0.4882 + 0.5571)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0722) - 2*0.5571*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.0722)*(1 - 1) \\
&= 0.8697 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

A₂ = smaller of the following = 1.3517 in²

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
&= 5*(0.5571 - 0.0033)*1*0.4882 \\
&= 1.3517 \text{ in}^2 \\
&= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t_n \\
&= 5*(0.5571 - 0.0033)*1*0.5571 \\
&= 1.5425 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{41} &= Leg^2*f_{r2} \\
&= 0.3937^2*1 \\
&= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Area &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} \\
&= 0.9123 + 1.3517 + 0.155 \\
&= 2.419 \text{ in}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or $t = 0.4882$ in
 $t_{c(min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7*t_{min} = 0.25$ in
 $t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756$ in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.0663$ in ($E = 1$)
 Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): $t_{r2} = 0.1352$ in
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252$ in
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1352$ in
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1352$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1352$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.6201$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
0.2784	1.9895	0.5136	1.3209	--	--	0.155	0.1255	0.6201

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.6201 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_c) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.6201 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0159 \text{ in}$ From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254 \text{ in}$

Area required per UG-37(d)(1)

Allowable stresses: $S_n = 16,700$, $S_v = 16,700 \text{ psi}$

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1})) \\
 &= 0.5*(2.1929*0.254*1 + 2*0.5571*0.254*1*(1 - 1)) \\
 &= 0.2784 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = 0.5136 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 2.1929*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*0.5571*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 0.5136 \text{ in}^2 \\
 &= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1}) \\
 &= 2*(0.4882 + 0.5571)*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254) - 2*0.5571*(1*0.4882 - 1*0.254)*(1 - 1) \\
 &= 0.4897 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = 1.3209 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t \\
 &= 5*(0.5571 - 0.0159)*1*0.4882 \\
 &= 1.3209 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \\
 &= 5*(t_n - t_m)*f_{r2}*t_n \\
 &= 5*(0.5571 - 0.0159)*1*0.5571 \\
 &= 1.5074 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2*f_{r2} \\
 &= 0.3937^2*1 \\
 &= 0.155 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} \\
 &= 0.5136 + 1.3209 + 0.155 \\
 &= 1.9895 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: $t_{\min}$ = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or $t = 0.4882$ in
 $t_{c(\min)}$ = lesser of 0.25 or $0.7*t_{\min} = 0.25$ in
 $t_{c(\text{actual})} = 0.7*\text{Leg} = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756$ in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.0789$ in
 Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): $t_{r2} = 0.0846$ in
 Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in
 Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252$ in
 The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1255$ in
 The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1255$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1255$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.6201$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$L / D_o = 8.5794 / 3.3071 = 2.5942$
 $D_o / t = 3.3071 / 0.0159 = 207.7180$
 From table G: $A = 0.000165$
 From table HA-3: $B = 2,336.7605$ psi

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_a &= 4*B / (3*(D_o / t)) \\
 &= 4*2,336.76 / (3*(3.3071 / 0.0159)) \\
 &= 15 \text{ psi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15$ psi

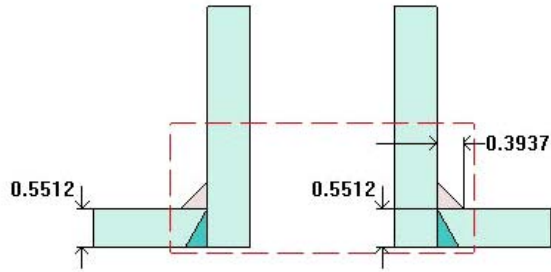
$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0159 + 0.063 = 0.0789''$$

2" (LT2A/B, LT4A/B, LT6A/B)

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$$t_{w(\text{lower})} = 0.5512 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Leg}_{41} = 0.3937 \text{ in}$$



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on:	SHELL
Liquid static head included:	2.7131 psi
Nozzle material specification:	SA-182 F304L <= 5 (II-D p. 82, ln. 34)
Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency:	1
Flange description:	2 inch Class 300 LWN A182 F304L
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 2 1/2 (II-D p. 348, ln. 33)
Flange rated MDMT:	-55°F
(Per UHA-51(d)(1)(a))	
(Flange rated MDMT = -320 °F	
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -55 °F)	
Liquid static head on flange:	2.6752 psi
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAWP:	482.5 psi @ 250°F
ASME B16.5 flange rating MAP:	600 psi @ 68°F
ASME B16.5 flange hydro test:	925 psi @ 68°F
Gasket Description:	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304L S.S.
PWHT performed:	No
Nozzle orientation:	290°
Local vessel minimum thickness:	0.5512 in
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	5.9843 in
End of nozzle to shell center:	33.0709 in
Nozzle inside diameter, new:	2.0669 in
Nozzle nominal wall thickness:	0.6201 in
Nozzle corrosion allowance:	0.063 in
Projection available outside vessel, Lpr:	7.6436 in
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf:	8.5236 in

Reinforcement Calculations for Internal Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For P = 52.71 psi @ 250 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.1391	0.6201

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
The nozzle is exempt from weld strength calculations per UW-15(b)(2)

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 52.71 psi @ 250 °F

Nozzle Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.15586).

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.6201 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.6201 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 52.7131 * 1.0965 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 52.7131) \\
 &= 0.0035 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Required thickness t_r from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 52.7131 * 24.0591 / (16,700 * 1 - 0.6 * 52.7131) \\
 &= 0.0761 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: t_{min} = lesser of 0.75 or t_n or t = 0.4882 in

t_{c(min)} = lesser of 0.25 or 0.7*t_{min} = 0.25 in

t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 in

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): t_{r1} = 0.0665 in (E = 1)

Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(1): t_{r2} = 0.1391 in

Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255$ in

Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252$ in

The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1391$ in

The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1391$ in

Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1391$ in

Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.6201$ in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (in ²) For Pe = 15 psi @ 115 °F							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (in) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₅	A welds	t _{req}	t _{min}
This nozzle is exempt from area calculations per UG-36(c)(3)(a)							0.1255	0.6201

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary
Weld strength calculations are not required for external pressure

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld throat size (in)	Actual weld throat size (in)	Status
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg ₄₁)	0.25	0.2756	weld size is adequate

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 115 °F

Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(2.1929, 1.0965 + (0.6201 - 0.063) + (0.5512 - 0.063)) \\
 &= 2.1929 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(0.5512 - 0.063), 2.5*(0.6201 - 0.063) + 0) \\
 &= 1.2205 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28 $t_{rn} = 0.0159 \text{ in}$ From UG-37(d)(1) required thickness $t_r = 0.254 \text{ in}$

This opening does not require reinforcement per UG-36(c)(3)(a)

UW-16(c) Weld Check

Fillet weld: $t_{min} = \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_n \text{ or } t = 0.4882 \text{ in}$ $t_{c(min)} = \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7*t_{min} = 0.25 \text{ in}$ $t_{c(actual)} = 0.7*Leg = 0.7*0.3937 = 0.2756 \text{ in}$

The fillet weld size is satisfactory.

Weld strength calculations are not required for this detail which conforms to Fig. UW-16.1, sketch (c-e).

UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

Wall thickness per UG-45(a): $t_{r1} = 0.0789 \text{ in}$ Wall thickness per UG-45(b)(2): $t_{r2} = 0.0846 \text{ in}$ Wall thickness per UG-16(b): $t_{r3} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$ Standard wall pipe per UG-45(b)(4): $t_{r4} = 0.252 \text{ in}$ The greater of t_{r2} or t_{r3} : $t_{r5} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$ The lesser of t_{r4} or t_{r5} : $t_{r6} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$ Required per UG-45 is the larger of t_{r1} or $t_{r6} = 0.1255 \text{ in}$ Available nozzle wall thickness new, $t_n = 0.6201 \text{ in}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

External Pressure, (Corroded & at 115 °F) UG-28(c)

$$L / D_o = 8.5794 / 3.3071 = 2.5942$$

$$D_o / t = 3.3071 / 0.0159 = 207.7180$$

$$\text{From table G: } A = 0.000165$$

$$\text{From table HA-3: } B = 2,336.7605 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_a = 4*B / (3*(D_o / t))$$

$$= 4*2,336.76 / (3*(3.3071 / 0.0159))$$

$$= 15 \text{ psi}$$

Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15 \text{ psi}$

$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 0.0159 + 0.063 = 0.0789''$$

CALCULATION OF BASEBLOCK UNDER LIFTING CONDITION

1. CALCULATION OF LIFTING FORCES

a) ERECTION WEIGHT	We =	9600	kg
b) DYNAMIC LOAD FACTOR	F =	1.5	--
c) LIFTING WEIGHT	W = We x F =	14400	kg
d) DIMENSIONS ;	X =	2959.0	mm
	Y =	4918.0	mm
	R =	780.0	mm

$$* LL = W \times (Y \times \cos \alpha + R \times \sin \alpha) / ((X + Y) \times \cos \alpha + R \times \sin \alpha)$$

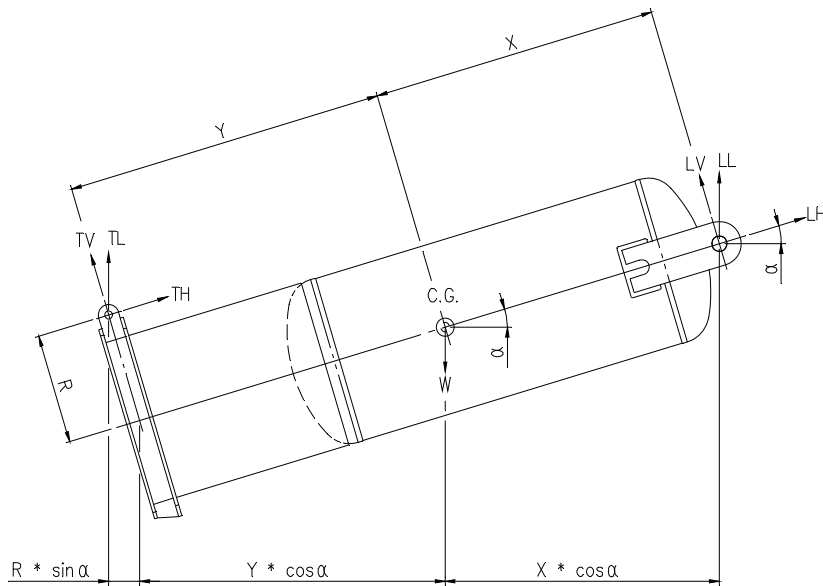
$$* TL = W \times (X \times \cos \alpha) / ((X + Y) \times \cos \alpha + R \times \sin \alpha)$$

$$* LV = LL \times \cos \alpha \quad LH = LL \times \sin \alpha$$

$$* TV = TL \times \cos \alpha \quad TH = TL \times \sin \alpha$$

2. SUMMARY OF LIFTING FORCES IN VARIOUS ANGLES OF LIFTING

Max. Loads ;	LL =	14400.0	kg	(at $\alpha =$	90.00	Deg.)
	LV =	9006.2	kg	(at $\alpha =$	3.00	Deg.)
	LH =	14400.0	kg	(at $\alpha =$	90.00	Deg.)
	TL =	5409.4	kg	(at $\alpha =$	0.00	Deg.)
	TV =	5409.4	kg	(at $\alpha =$	0.00	Deg.)
	TH =	4043.8	kg	(at $\alpha =$	65.00	Deg.)



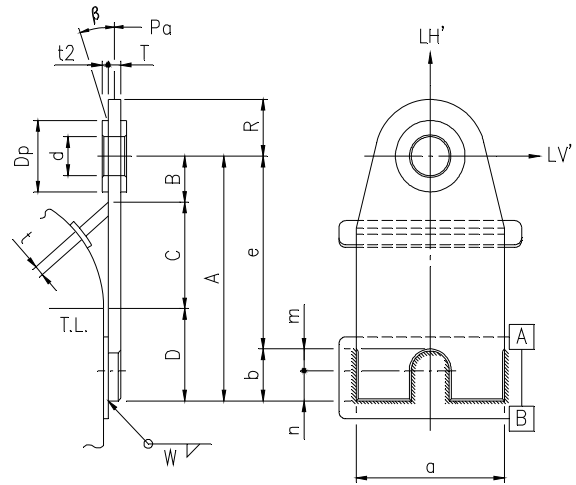
α	LL	TL	LV	LH	TV	TH
0.0	8990.6	5409.4	8990.6	0.0	5409.4	0.0
5.0	9037.1	5362.9	9002.7	787.6	5342.5	467.4
15.0	9130.4	5269.6	8819.3	2363.1	5090.0	1363.9
30.0	9283.2	5116.8	8039.5	4641.6	4431.3	2558.4
45.0	9478.0	4922.0	6702.0	6702.0	3480.4	3480.4
60.0	9782.6	4617.4	4891.3	8472.0	2308.7	3998.8
75.0	10450.3	3949.7	2704.7	10094.2	1022.3	3815.1
85.0	11862.6	2537.4	1033.9	11817.4	221.2	2527.8
90.0	14400.0	0.0	0.0	14400.0	0.0	0.0

3. STRENGTH OF LIFTING LUG

MATERIAL AT LUG		:	SA 516-70
ALLOWABLE STRESS IN TENSION	Sa	=	14.06 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
YIELD STRESS	Sy	=	26.72 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
Q'TY OF LIFTING LUG	N	=	2 ea
VERTICAL FORCE PER 1 LUG	LV'= LV / N	=	4503.10 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
HORIZONTAL FORCE PER 1 LUG	LH'= LH / N	=	7200 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
LIFTING HALF ANGLE	β	=	15 deg.
AXIAL FORCE PER 1 LUG	Pa = LH' * tan β	=	1929.23 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$

* DIMENSIONS

T =	20	mm	A =	415	mm
t =	10	mm	B =	80	mm
R =	80	mm	C =	110	mm
d =	27	mm	D =	225	mm
a =	210	mm	W =	10	mm
b =	125	mm	e =	290	mm
Dp =	0	mm	t2 =	0	mm



3-1. CHECK OF LUG

a) SHEAR STRESS DUE TO LH'

$$S1 = 2 * LH' / \{ (2 * R - d) * T + 1/2 * (Dp - d) * t2 * 2 \}$$

$$= 5.414 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < 0.4 * Sy = 10.688 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

b) TENSION DUE TO LH'

$$S2 = LH' / \{ (2 * R - d) * T + (Dp - d) * t2 * 2 \}$$

$$= 2.707 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < 0.6 * Sy = 16.032 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

c) SHEAR STRESS DUE TO LV'

$$S3 = 2 * LV' / \{ (2 * R - d) * T + 1/2 * (Dp - d) * t2 * 2 \}$$

$$= 3.386 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < 0.4 * Sy = 10.688 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

d) TENSION DUE TO LV'

$$S4 = LV' / \{ (2 * R - d) * T + (Dp - d) * t2 * 2 \}$$

$$= 1.693 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < 0.6 * Sy = 16.032 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

e) BENDING STRESS DUE TO LV'

$$S5 = 6 * LV' * B / [(2 * R)^2 * T]$$

$$= 4.222 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < 0.66 * Sy = 17.6352 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

3-2. STRESS OF GUIDE POINT

a) BENDING STRESS DUE TO Pa

$$S6 = 6 \cdot Pa \cdot B / (2 \cdot R \cdot T^2) = 6 \cdot 1929.23 \cdot 80 / (2 \cdot 80 \cdot 20^2)$$
$$= 14.469 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} < 0.66 \cdot Sy = 17.6352 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

b) TENSION DUE TO LH'

$$S7 = LH' / (2 \cdot R \cdot T) = 7200.00 / (2 \cdot 80 \cdot 20)$$
$$= 2.250 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} < 0.6 \cdot Sy = 16.032 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

c) COMBINED STRESS

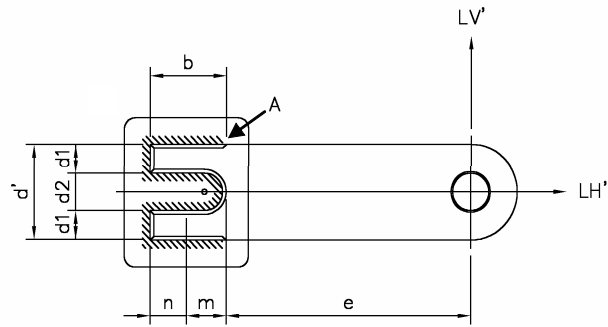
$$S8 = (S6 / 0.66 Sy) + (S7 / 0.6 Sy) < 1$$
$$= 0.961 < 1 \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

d) AXIAL STRESS DUE TO Pa

$$S9 = Pa / (2 \cdot R \cdot t)$$
$$= 1.206 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} < 0.6 \cdot Sy = 16.032 \text{ } \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}; \quad \text{O.K. !}$$

3-3. LIFTING LUG WELD CALCULATION - LUG TO PAD WELD

b =	125.00	mm
d1 =	105.00	mm
d2 =	0.00	mm
d' =	210.00	mm
e =	290.00	mm
LV' =	4503.1	kg
LH' =	7200	kg



(A) HORIZONTAL POSITION WITH LOAD LV'

1) Lug Weld Check Per Unit Width of Weld Throat

* Centroid , $n = 2b^2 / (4 * b + 2d1) = 44.014 \text{ mm}$
 $m = b - n = 80.986 \text{ mm}$

* Twisting Moment , $T = (b + e - n) * LV' = 1670586 \text{ kg-mm}$

* The polar moment of inertia of weld , J_w
 $J_w = 4 * [b^3 / 12 + b * (b/2 - n)^2] + 2 * d1 * n^2 + 2 * b * (d1 + d2/2)^2 + 2 * b * (d2/2)^2 + 2 * [d1^3 / 12 + d1 * (d1/2 + d2/2)^2]$
 $= 4595105 \text{ mm}^3$

* Distance from c.g to point being analyzed, $C = \sqrt{[m^2 + (0.5d')^2]} = 132.60 \text{ mm}$

Analyzed point is A

* Weld length, $L = 2 * b + d1 = 355.00 \text{ mm}$

a) Direct shear force, $f_s = LV' / L = 12.685 \text{ kg/mm}$

b) Max. Load from twisting, $f = T * C / J_w = 48.209 \text{ kg/mm}$

Vertical component , $f_v = m * f / C = 29.443 \text{ kg/mm}$

Horizontal component , $f_h = 0.5d' * f / C = 38.174 \text{ kg/mm}$

c) Combined load per mm , $F = \sqrt{[f_h^2 + (f_s + f_v)^2]} = 56.850 \text{ kg/mm}$

d) Weld size check

Allowable stress $S = 0.4 * Sy = 10.688 \text{ kg/§} \pm$

leg size, $W = F / 0.707S = 7.523 \text{ mm} < \text{Min. Size} = 10.00 \text{ mm} \quad \text{O.K !}$

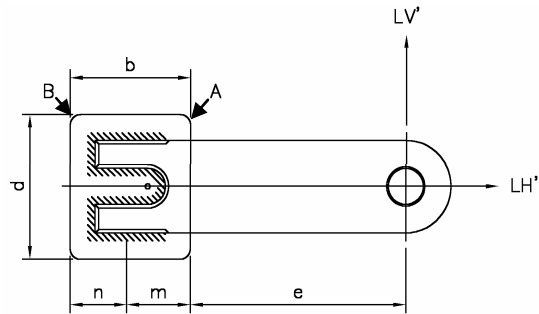
(B) VERTICAL POSITION WITH LOAD LH'

Weld area , $A = L * (0.707 * W) = 2509.85 \text{ §} \pm$

$f_s' = LH' / A = 2.869 \text{ kg/§} \pm < 0.4 * Sy = 10.688 \text{ kg/§} \pm \quad \text{O.K !}$

3-4. LIFTING LUG WELD CALCULATION - PAD TO SHELL WELD

MATERIAL AT PAD = SA 516-70
 YIELD STRESS = 26.72 kg/§ ±
 b = 150.00 mm
 d = 260.00 mm
 e = 290.00 mm
 LV' = 4503.1 kg
 LH' = 7200.0 kg



(A) HORIZONTAL POSITION WITH LOAD LV'

1) Lug Weld Check Per Unit Width of Weld Throat

* Centroid , $n = m = b / 2 =$ 75.000 mm

* Twisting Moment , $T = (b + e - n) * LV' =$ 1643631 kg-mm

* The polar moment of inertia of weld , $J_w = (b + d)^3 / 6 =$ 11486833 mm³

* Distance from c.g to point being analyzed, $C = \sqrt{[m^2 + (0.5d')^2]} =$ 150.08 mm

Analyzed point is A or B

* Weld length, $L = 2 * b + 2 * d =$ 820.00 mm

a) Direct shear force, $f_s = LV' / L =$ 5.492 kg/mm

b) Max. Load from twisting, $f = T * C / J_w =$ 21.475 kg/mm

Vertical component , $f_v = m * f / C =$ 10.732 kg/mm

Horizontal component , $f_h = 0.5d' * f / C =$ 18.601 kg/mm

c) Combined load per mm , $F = \sqrt{[f_h^2 + (f_s + f_v)^2]} =$ 24.682 kg/mm

d) Weld size check

Allowable stress $S = 0.4 * S_y =$ 10.688 kg/§ ±

leg size, $W = F / 0.707S =$ 3.266 mm < Min. Size = 10.00 mm O.K !

(B) VERTICAL POSITION WITH LOAD LH'

Weld area , $A = L * (0.707 * W) =$ 5797.4 § ±

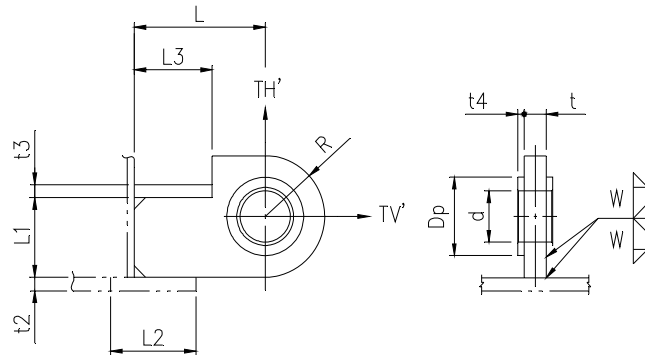
$f_s' = LH' / A =$ 1.242 kg/§ ± < $0.4 * S_y =$ 10.688 kg/§ ± O.K !

4. STRENGTH OF TAILING LUG

USED MATERIAL	=	SA 516-70
YIELD STRESS OF TAILING LUG	$S_y =$	26.72 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
ALLOWABLE SHEAR STRESS (0.4 * S_y)	$S_{sa} =$	10.688 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
ALLOWABLE BENDING STRESS (0.66 * S_y)	$S_{ba} =$	17.635 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
ALLOWABLE TENSILE STRESS (0.6 * S_y)	$S_{ta} =$	16.032 $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
TAILING LUG Q'TY.	$N =$	1 EA
LIFTING LOAD (MAX. AT HORIZONTAL COND.)	$TV =$	5409.37 kg
LIFTING LOAD PER TAILING LUG (VERTICAL FORCE)	$TV' = TV/N =$	5409.37 kg
LIFTING LOAD (MAX. AT VERTICAL COND.) AT 65.00 deg.	$TH =$	4043.83 kg
LIFTING LOAD PER TAILING LUG (HORIZONTAL FORCE)	$TH' = TH/N =$	4043.83 kg

* DIMENSIONS

$t =$	20.0	mm	$t_2 =$	26.00	mm
$L =$	164.0	mm	$t_3 =$	26.00	mm
$R =$	60.0	mm	$L_1 =$	151.00	mm
$d =$	27.0	mm	$L_2 =$	133.00	mm
$W =$	7.0	mm (WELD LEG)	$L_3 =$	89.00	mm
$D_p =$	0.0	mm	TOTAL WELD LENGTH $L_4 =$	298.00	mm
$t_4 =$	0.0	mm			



** STRENGTH CALCULATION **

4-1) SHEAR STRESS AT HORIZONTAL STATE

$$S1 = 2TV' / [(2R - d) * t + 1/2 * (Dp - d) * 2t_4] = 5.817 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$$

$$S1 = 5.817 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < S_{sa} = 10.69 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} \text{ O.K. !}$$

4-2) TENSION STRESS AT HORIZONTAL STATE

$$S2 = TV' / [(2R - d) * t + (Dp - d) * 2t_4] = 2.908 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$$

$$S2 = 2.908 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < S_{ta} = 16.032 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} \text{ O.K. !}$$

4-3) BENDING STRESS AT MAX. SLOPED LOAD STATE , AT 65.00 deg.

$$S3 = 6 * TH' * L / [(2 * R)^2 * t] = 13.816 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$$

$$S3 = 13.816 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} < S_{ba} = 17.635 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2} \text{ O.K. !}$$

4-4) TENSION STRESS AT MAX. SLOPED LOAD STATE , AT 65.00 deg.

$$S_4 = TH' / [(2 * R - d) * t] = 2.174 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm$$

$$i \quad S_4 = 2.174 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm < S_{ta} = 16.032 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm$$

O.K. !

4-5) COMBINE STRESS AT MAX. SLOPED STATE, AT 65.00 deg.

$$S_{comb} = S_3 / S_{ba} + S_4 / S_{ta} = 0.919 < 1.0$$

O.K. !

4-6) CHECK OF WELDMENT

$$S_w = TV' / (2 * L_4 * W) = 1.297 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm$$

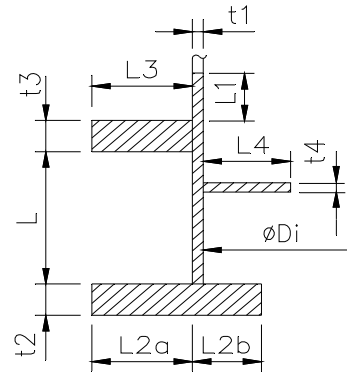
$$i \quad S_w = 1.297 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm < 0.49 * S_{ba} = 7.856 \text{ } \frac{\text{ksi}}{\text{in}} \pm$$

O.K. !

5. BASE BLOCK UNDER ERECTION CONDITION

5-1. SECTIONAL PROPERTIES OF BASE BLOCK

t1 =	10.00	mm
t2 =	26.00	mm
t3 =	26.00	mm
t4 =	0.00	mm
L2a =	89.00	mm
L2b =	44.00	mm
L3 =	89.00	mm
L4 =	0.00	mm
L =	151.00	mm
Di =	1212.00	mm



5-2. EFFECTIVE LENGTH OF SKIRT

$$R_m = (D_i + t_1) / 2 = 611.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_1 = \text{Min.}(0.78 * \sqrt{R_m * t_1}, 16 * t_1) = 60.97 \text{ mm}$$

5-3. SECTION AREA , A

$$A_1 = t_1 * (L + L_1 + t_3) = 2379.7 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_2 = t_2 * (L_{2a} + L_{2b}) = 3458.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_3 = t_3 * L_3 = 2314.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_4 = t_4 * L_4 = 0.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{TOTAL AREA, } A = 8151.7 \text{ mm}^2$$

5-4. CENTROID, C

$$h_1 = L_{2a} + t_1 / 2 = 94.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_2 = (L_{2a} + L_{2b}) / 2 = 66.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_3 = L_3 / 2 - (L_3 - L_{2a}) = 44.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_4 = L_{2a} + t_1 + L_4 / 2 = 99.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$C = [(A_1 * h_1) + (A_2 * h_2) + (A_3 * h_3) + (A_4 * h_4)] / A = 68.28 \text{ mm}$$

$$Y = (L_{2a} + L_{2b}) - C = 64.72 \text{ mm}$$

5-5. MOMENT OF INERTIA OF AREA, I (ABOUT NEUTRAL AXIS)

$$I_1 = (L + L_1 + t_3) * t_1^3 / 12 + A_1 * (h_1 - C)^2 = 1593690 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_2 = t_2 * (L_{2a} + L_{2b})^3 / 12 + A_2 * (h_2 - C)^2 = 5108372 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_3 = t_3 * L_3^3 / 12 + A_3 * (h_3 - C)^2 = 2836293 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_4 = t_4 * L_4^3 / 12 + A_4 * (h_4 - C)^2 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$\text{TOTAL } I = I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_4 = 9538355 \text{ mm}^4$$

5-6. MIN. SECTION MODULUS, Z

$$Z_1 = I / C = 139689 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$Z_2 = I / Y = 147385 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$Z = \text{Min.}(Z_1, Z_2) = 139689 \text{ mm}^3$$

5-7. STRESS IN BASE BLOCK DUE TO TV

TV = 5409,4 kg (Max. Force at Tailing Lug)
R = 636.72 mm (Radius to neutral axis)
Sy = 26.72 kg/§ ± (Yield Strength of Base)
Z = 139689 kg/mm^3 (Section Modulus of Base)
A = 8151.7 § ± (Section Area of Base)

a) BENDING MOMENT (Ma) & TANGENTIAL FORCE (Ta) AT BASE BLOCK

CASE ; NO BRACING : ROARK 4th ED. CASE 25

Ma = 0.2387 * TV * R = 822140 kg-mm
Ta = 0.2387 * TV = 1291.2 kg

¶ = Ma / Z + Ta / A = 6.044 kg/§ ± < 0.66Sy = 17.635 kg/§ ±

THEREFORE, BRACING IS NOT REQUIRED !!

6. LOCAL STRESS CALCULATION (LIFTING LUG)**Geometry**

Height(radial):	1.3386"	Pad Thickness:	0.5512"
Width (circumferential):	8.2677"	Pad Width:	10.2362"
Length	4.9213"	Pad Length:	5.9055"
Fillet Weld Size:	0.3937"	Pad Weld Size:	0.3937"
Location Angle:	45.00°		

Applied Loads

Radial load:	$P_r =$	0 lb _f
Circumferential moment:	$M_c =$	13,887.39 lb _f -in
Circumferential shear:	$V_c =$	9,942.86 lb _f
Longitudinal moment:	$M_L =$	21,699.04 lb _f -in
Longitudinal shear:	$V_L =$	15,873.3 lb _f
Torsion moment:	$M_t =$	0 lb _f -in
Internal pressure:	$P =$	0 psi
Mean shell radius:	$R_m =$	24.2717 in
Shell yield stress:	$S_y =$	25,000 psi

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the lug edge (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.2717 / 1.1024 = 22.0179$$

$$C_1 = 4.5276, C_2 = 2.8543 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = P \cdot R_i / t = 0 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t) = 0 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 2,645 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 \cdot S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = -502 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 \cdot S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the lug edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l
3C*	3.1393	0.1455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4C*	3.5843	0.1678	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1C	0.1013	0.1701	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2C-1	0.0679	0.1701	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3A*	0.7642	0.16	0	0	0	0	-149	-149	149	149
1A	0.0897	0.1875	0	0	0	0	-1,352	1,352	1,352	-1,352
3B*	2.2836	0.1372	-502	-502	502	502	0	0	0	0
1B-1	0.0449	0.1453	-1,364	1,364	1,364	-1,364	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total circumferential stress			-1,866	862	1,866	-862	-1,501	1,203	1,501	-1,203
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			-502	-502	502	502	-149	-149	149	149
3C*	2.8809	0.1678	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4C*	3.7332	0.1455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1C-1	0.1142	0.1539	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2C	0.0758	0.1539	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4A*	1.1601	0.16	0	0	0	0	-186	-186	186	186
2A	0.0512	0.1678	0	0	0	0	-862	862	862	-862
4B*	0.6622	0.1372	-132	-132	132	132	0	0	0	0
2B-1	0.0715	0.1438	-2,195	2,195	2,195	-2,195	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total longitudinal stress			-2,327	2,063	2,327	-2,063	-1,048	676	1,048	-676
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			-132	-132	132	132	-186	-186	186	186
Shear from M_l			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circ shear from V_c			498	498	-498	-498	0	0	0	0
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-1,261	-1,261	1,261	1,261
Total Shear stress			498	498	-498	-498	-1,261	-1,261	1,261	1,261
Combined stress (P_L+P_b+Q)			-2,645	2,243	2,645	-2,243	2,562	2,576	2,562	2,576

Note: * denotes primary stress.

Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$R_m / t = 24.2717 / 0.5512 = 44.0357$$

$$C_1 = 5.5118, C_2 = 3.3465 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = P \cdot R_i / t = 0 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t) = 0 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = -5,920 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 \cdot S = \pm 50,100 \text{ psi}$$

Note: The allowable combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is based on the strain hardening characteristics of this material.

The maximum combined stress ($P_L + P_b + Q$) is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = -1,816 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 \cdot S = \pm 25,050 \text{ psi}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress (P_L) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	β	A_u	A_l	B_u	B_l	C_u	C_l	D_u	D_l
3C*	4.5514	0.1735	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4C*	6.0293	0.2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1C	0.0658	0.206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2C-1	0.0322	0.206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3A*	1.8247	0.1923	0	0	0	0	-581	-581	581	581
1A	0.0717	0.2215	0	0	0	0	-3,657	3,657	3,657	-3,657
3B*	4.8245	0.1628	-1,816	-1,816	1,816	1,816	0	0	0	0
1B-1	0.0297	0.1721	-3,048	3,048	3,048	-3,048	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total circumferential stress			-4,864	1,232	4,864	-1,232	-4,238	3,076	4,238	-3,076
Primary membrane circumferential stress*			-1,816	-1,816	1,816	1,816	-581	-581	581	581
3C*	3.7865	0.2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4C*	6.4817	0.1735	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1C-1	0.0733	0.1846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2C	0.0422	0.1846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4A*	3.4946	0.1923	0	0	0	0	-909	-909	909	909
2A	0.0373	0.1974	0	0	0	0	-2,135	2,135	2,135	-2,135
4B*	1.7514	0.1628	-564	-564	564	564	0	0	0	0
2B-1	0.0453	0.1694	-4,722	4,722	4,722	-4,722	0	0	0	0
Pressure stress*			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total longitudinal stress			-5,286	4,158	5,286	-4,158	-3,044	1,226	3,044	-1,226
Primary membrane longitudinal stress*			-564	-564	564	564	-909	-909	909	909
Shear from M_t			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circ shear from V_c			818	818	-818	-818	0	0	0	0
Long shear from V_L			0	0	0	0	-2,151	-2,151	2,151	2,151
Total Shear stress			818	818	-818	-818	-2,151	-2,151	2,151	2,151
Combined stress (P_t+P_v+Q)			-5,920	4,371	5,920	-4,371	-5,873	4,683	5,873	4,683

Note: * denotes primary stress.